Soap and Detergent Association

Consumer Product Ingestion Study

Data Summary

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Consumer Product Ingestions and the Impact of These Exposures on the Patient Involving Soaps, Detergents, Other Fabric Care Products, Household Care Products and Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them for the Periods

July 15 - October 14, 1975, and February 1 - October 31, 1976

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Respectfully submitted,

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I. Statement of the Problem

Soaps, detergents, and other fabric care or household care products very frequently are involved in ingestion, skin or eye exposures. In fact, epidemiologic surveys would suggest that from 5 to 10% of reported toxic or potentially toxic exposures in children involve these products. Nonetheless, the degree of severity of the toxicity of these exposures has not been clearly elucidated. Thus, the purpose of this study was to assess the impact and outcome of ingestions involving certain soaps, detergents, other fabric care products and household care products, including ingestions of strong acids and bases for comparison.

From a toxicologic perspective, soaps, detergents, other fabric care products, and related household care products share some important characteristics in that: 1) they are high-use consumer products; 2) they are usually present in areas in the home where they are accessible to children; and 3) they may be irritating to human tissues. In addition, the majority of available information regarding the toxicity of these products is based upon animal data, which has yet to be compared to similar data for humans. It was in this context that it was felt that human experience data as reported to a poison control center could shed some light on the area of human toxicity.

The Intermountain Regional Poison Control Center (IRPCC) in Salt Lake City, Utah, was chosen as the site for the study because its case reporting system includes cases managed in the home as well as those seen in physician's offices and emergency facilities. Because the IRPCC has operated as a regional poisoning information resource for over six years, its involvement in the community makes it highly likely

that it will be consulted on a high proportion of cases. In fact, comparative data from various regional poison control centers indicate the IRPCC has the highest ratio of calls per 1000 population of such centers. In addition, telephone surveys of consumer awareness indicate a very high level of awareness of the IRPCC's services and a high level of utilization or probable utilization in cases of toxic exposures. This high utilization also is associated with a very high frequency of consultations from health care facilities in cases where serious toxicity occurs. Thus, it is felt that this type of reporting is representative of both the diversity of actual experience in the community and the severity of toxicity encountered in such exposures.

It is hoped that the data provided herein about exposures to soaps, detergents, fabric care products, and household care products thus can be compared to available animal data and will help identify the degree to which animal data can be related to human toxicity. Additionally, it is hoped the data will provide perspective to the toxicologic spectrum encountered in actual exposures to these products.

II. Methodology

A. Data Collection

At the time of initial contact, an Intermountain Regional Poison Control Center Report Form (Appendix A) is completed on all calls coming to the Center. A standardized format is used, following our Instructions for PCC Report Form (Appendix B). Cases for the study were selected from the calls coming to the IRPCC, using the following initial criteria:

- a. Exposure to any of the products designated by the SDA as study agents (Appendix C).
- b. Ingestion as the mode of exposure.
- c. Willingness to provide information necessary for completion of the IRPCC Report Form and the Soap and Detergent Association (SDA) Consumer Product Ingestion Follow-up Form. (Appendix D) Cases involving designated study agents were excluded from the study if:
- a. The patient was unwilling to provide appropriate epidemiological data.
- b. The patient could not be contacted to obtain epidemiological data within the outlined time constraints.
- c. The patient demanded monetary renumeration for furnishing any of the data.
- d. There was any other factor which resulted in an incomplete case file.

Every effort was made to complete each case. However, when this was not possible, an explanation for the exclusions were documented and included in the report.

At no time did participation or non-participation affect our standard approaches to case management. In all cases, such emergency medical care as was appropriate was advised for the patient on location. Emergency room or physician referral were made whenever the situation warranted. Specific recommendations to physicians or other health professional callers similarly were made.

As a rule the following items were undertaken at the time of the initial call:

- a. As accurate and complete a history of the exposure as could be determined was obtained.
- b. An assessment of the toxicity of the agent and the severity of the exposure was made.
- c. Therapeutic recommendations, both emergency care and anticipatory advice, were given.

Follow-up calls were made during the first 30-60 minutes, about 2-4 hours later, and 24 hours later. At the time of the initial two follow-up calls, information was obtained to verify the previously obtained history, to further assess the status of the patient, and to determine if the initial therapy was satisfactory.

At the time of the 24 hour follow-up call, which was made by the IRPCC follow-up staff, the data necessary for completion of the SDA Consumer Product Ingestion Follow-up Form was collected.

If the caller could not be reached at the time of the initial 24-hour follow-up, additional telephone contact was attempted three times a day for four days, with a call made in the morning, afternoon and evening. If telephone contact was not made after the first four days, further telephone contact was attempted one or two times daily for an additional eight days; if after 12 days telephone contact was not made the case was excluded from the study.

В. Data Tabulation and Reporting

The completed report forms were separated into individual case files, which then consisted of:

- A completed IRPCC Poisoning Report Form. a.
- A completed SDA Consumer Product Ingestion Follow-up b. Form.

The original case files remain at the IRPCC. Each of the individual case files was duplicated, with the patient's name deleted, and these copies were sent to the SDA for their review. At no time did the sponsor have any contact with the patients.

The data in the completed case files were tabulated monthly, with interim reports submitted for sponsor review and comments. Interim reports of the pilot and comprehensive studies were submitted for the periods:

Pilot Study

Comprehensive Study

- July 15 July 31, 1975
- a. February 1 April 30, 1976
- August 1 August 31, 1975 b. May 1 July 31, 1976 b.
- September 1 October 14, 1975 c. August 1 October 31, 1976 Reporting of the data includes tabular summaries and a written commentary explaining the data. The data are tabulated according to product category, summarized across product categories and divided into both pilot study and comprehensive study. Section A is a tabulation of data of all ingestion exposures from both the pilot and comprehensive studies across all study agents excluding strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. Section B is a tabulation of data of all ingestion exposures from both the pilot and comprehensive studies by individual product category, including the category "Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated

From Them". Section C is a tabular summary of all ingestion exposures from the pilot study across all study agents excluding strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. Section D is tabular summaries from the pilot study of all ingestion exposures by individual product category. Section E is a tabular summary of all ingestion exposures from the comprehensive study across all study agents excluding strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. Section F is tabular summaries from the comprehensive study of all ingestion exposures by individual product category. The written commentary which follows is a discussion of the data found in Section A plus the data found in the category "Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them" of Section B.

III. Results

The IRPCC received 20,494 calls during the period encompassed by both studies. One thousand three hundred fifty-eight (1358) cases involved exposures (all modes) to study agents, while 991 cases involved ingestion exposures to study products. Only 855 cases are reported herein. Of these 855 cases, 768 cases involved ingestion exposures to soaps, detergents, other fabric care products and household care products, while 87 cases involved ingestion exposures to strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. The frequency of calls to the IRPCC concerning ingestion exposures to study products compared to total calls to the Center is presented in the following table.

Breakdown of Calls to the IRPCC July 15 - October 14, 1975 and February 1 - October 31, 1976

Total Calls	20,494 (100%)
Total Calls Involving All Study Products Through All Modes of Exposure	1,358 (6.6%)
Total Calls Involving Ingestion Exposure to All Study Agents	991 (4.8%)
Total Ingestion Exposures Reported Herein	855 (4.2%)
Ingestion Exposures to Study Agents Excluding Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them	768 (3.7%)
Automatic Dishwashing Detergents 56 (7.3%) Bar Soaps 63 (8.2%) Bleaches 140 (18.2%) Dishwashing Liquids 49 (6.4%) Fabric Care Products 48 (6.3%) Granular Laundry Detergents 56 (7.3%) Household Care Products 256 (33.3%) Liquid Laundry Detergents 39 (5.1%) Rug & Upholstery Shampoos 22 (2.9%) Shampoos 39 (5.1%)	
Ingestion Exposures to Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them	87 (0.4%)

Only those ingestion cases for which we have completed report forms and follow-up forms were included in the report. Unforunately, some cases could not be followed due to circumstances beyond our control. Specifically, 136 cases would have qualified for the study but had to be excluded despite vigorous efforts to gather follow-up information. Circumstances interfering with follow-up are outlined below:

<u>Circumstances Resulting in Exclusion of Cases</u>

Telephone associated:	No. of Cases
No answer at number given Wrong number given to staff No personal telephone No longer at number given **	37* 20 22 1 21 101
Refusals:	
Hospital would not provide patient information Mother requested no follow-up at initial call Caller would not give follow-up information Caller would not give patient's telephone number Caller would not given any identifying information	9 1 1 1 1 13
Miscellaneous:	
Unable to obtain telephone number at initial contact Caller did not know patient's address or telephone number Hospital in-patient; no epidemiological follow-up possible Father not familiar with incident; mother unavailable Family spoke no English	17 1 2 1 1 22
Total	136

^{*} Note: At least two calls per day for 12 days were made before the case was excluded.

^{**} These 21 cases were from the pilot study and no specific reasons were provided other than "... and 21 cases involved either wrong phone numbers, disconnected phones or unavailable numbers."

A. <u>Discussion of Results Pertaining to Soaps, Detergents</u>, Other Fabric Care Products and Household Care Products

Cases were collected indivdiualy, summarized by specific product category, and then summarized across all product categories, excluding strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. The following is a discussion of the data summarized in Section A of the report.

Seven hundred sixty-eight (768) cases involved the ingestion of soaps, detergents, other fabric care products, and household care products wherein case files were complete. (See III above for explanation of those cases not included in this report.) Of these 768 cases, 14 (1.8%) were initiated through emergency rooms, 6 (0.8%) were initiated by physicians, 11 (1.4%) were initiated by paraprofessionals, and 737 (96.0%) were initiated by consumers. Four hundred twelve (53.6%) of these cases involved males, while 356 (46.4%) cases involved females. Six hundred ninety-three (90.2%) of these cases occurred in children under five years of age, 38 (5.0%) cases occurred in patients 5-17 years of age and 37 (4.8%) cases occurred in adults. Seven hundred fifty-seven (98.6%) cases were accidental and self-inflicted, while 11 (1.4%) cases involved an exposure inflicted by another person. In 689 (89.7%) cases it was estimated that less than one teaspoonful of product was ingested, in 65 (8.5%) cases it was estimated that 1-3 teaspoonsful of product was ingested, in 10 (1.3%) cases it was estimated that 1-3 tablespoonsful of product was ingested and in 4 (0.5%) cases it was estimated that 1/5-1/2 cupful of product was ingested.

Exposures involving these products were not evaluated as serious in most cases. In fact, in 555 (72.3%) cases patients were

reported to be normal while in only 213 (27.7%) cases patients were reported as abnormal at the time of the initial call to the Poison Control Center as observed by a medical doctor (8 cases), a para-professional (7 cases), or consumers (198 cases). It should be noted that under "effects of incident experienced by patient," data which are obtained during follow-up, a total of 287 (37.4%) cases reported symptoms. This is due to the fact that in 119 cases patients who initially reported no symptoms subsequently developed symptoms, while in 45 cases patients who initially reported symptoms failed to recall any symptoms either during or subsequent to the exposure when contacted during follow-up.

Management of most cases (720 cases, 93.8%) was provided at home, although 13 (1.7%) cases were already in an emergency room, 24 (3.1%) cases were referred by the Poison Control Center to emergency rooms, 5 (0.7%) cases were already in a phsyician's office, and 4 (0.5%) cases were referred by the Poison Control Center to personal physicians. In 2 (0.3%) cases the management is listed as other. In these cases the Poison Control Center recommended the patients be managed at home, but the patients sought physician evaluation on their own. In one case the patient (a child) was asymptomatic at the time of the initial call after ingesting less than a teaspoonful of disinfectant. Subsequently, the patient developed oral irritation and was taken to an emergency room. In the other case, the patient (a child) was initially observed by a paramedic to have vomited after ingesting a liquid bleach and home management was recommended by the Center, however, the patient's mother took the child to a personal physician.

Of the 720 cases managed at home, 52 (7.2%) cases did not require any treatment and were followed with observation only and

demulcents, dilution and irrigation. In 7 (1.0%) cases the administration of syrup of ipecac was recommended by the Poison Control Center staff. In these cases emesis was induced because of the potential toxicity of phenol and pine oil in a household care product (2 cases), borate toxicity (3 cases), ethylene glycol toxicity (1 case), and gamma benzene hexachloride (1 case). In all cases induction of emesis was successful and patient recovery uneventful. In 6 (0.8%) cases (listed as other) the callers were advised to bathe the patient (2 cases) and to contact their private physicians if symptoms should develop (4 cases). In all these latter cases the patients remained asymptomatic and in no case was a physician contacted.

Forty-eight (6.3%) cases were already in, referred, or self-referred to emergency rooms or physician's offices and 47 of these patients arrived. Of the 47 patients who were evaluated and managed in emergency rooms or physicians's offices, 29 (61.7%) cases were symptomatic upon arrival and 17 (36.2%) cases were asymptomatic upon arrival. In one (2.1%) case the patient's status was unknown. No treatment was administered by medical personnel in 10 (21.3%) cases, while one (2.1%) case therapy of an unknown type was provided by medical personnel. The remaining 36 (76.6%) cases received various therapies including gastric lavage (3 cases), induction of emesis (6 cases), demulcents (22 cases), catharsis (2 cases) and activated charcoal (1 case). In 10 (27.0%) cases therapies (listed as other) included the administration of steroids (1 case), fluids (3 cases), dilution (3 cases), sodium thiosulfate plus demulcents (1 case), acetaminophen (1 case), and irrigation of the eye (1 case).

Following emergency room or physician evaluation and treatment, 42 (89.2%) cases were sent home, 2 (4.3%) cases were admitted to the hospital, one (2.1%) case was referred to another hospital, one (2.1%) case (listed as other) was referred to an ophthalmologist, and in one (2.1%) case the disposition of the patient from the medical facility was unknown.

Telephone follow-up of all cases revealed that 481 (62.6%) cases remained asymptomatic following their exposure while 287 (37.4%) cases either had symptoms at the time of the initial call or subsequently developed symptoms related to the ingestion. Specifically, in 11 (1.4%) cases patients experienced nausea, in 19 (2.5%) cases patients experienced abdominal pain, in 114 (14.8%) cases patients experienced diarrhea, in 125 (16.3%) cases patients experienced emesis, and in 72 (9.4%) cases patients experienced mucosal irritation. Sixtyfour (51.2%) of cases reporting emesis experienced only one episode, 17 (13.6%) cases experienced two episodes, and 44 (35.2%) cases experienced three or more episodes of emesis. Of those cases experiencing mucosal irritation, oral or esophageal irritation was experienced in 56 (77.8%) cases as reported by consumers at followup, while oral ulcers were noted in 8 (11.1%) cases. In 15 (20.8%) cases (listed as other) patients reported oral discomfort without visible irritation (12 cases), a "burning feeling in the stomach" (1 case), and an ulcer on the tongue (1 case). In one additional case, the father of the patient (a child) reported the patient had white lips.

Of the 253 cases who were symptomatic and managed at home, follow-up revealed that in 112 (44.3%) of these cases symptoms subsided in less than one hour, in 25 (9.9%) cases symptoms subsided

in 1-4 hours, in 47 (18.6%) cases symptoms subsided in 4-12 hours, in 25 (10.3%) cases symptoms subsided in 12-24 hours, in 30 (11.9%) cases symptoms subsided in 24-96 hours, and in 13 (5.1%) cases greater than 96 hours were required for symptoms to subside.

Of the 34 cases who were symptomatic and managed in a health care facility, follow-up revealed that in 15 (44.1%) of these cases symptoms subsided in less than one hour, in 4 (11.8%) cases, symptoms subsided in 1-4 hours, in 3 (8.8%) cases symptoms subsided in 4-12 hours, in 3 (8.8%) cases symptoms subsided in 12-24 hours, in 8 (23.5%) cases symptoms subsided in 24-96 hours and in one (2.9%) case greater than 96 hours were required for symptoms to subside.

The majority of exposures occurred in the home. In fact, 732 (95.3%) of the exposures occurred in the home, while 25 (3.3%) exposures occurred outdoors, and 3 (0.4%) exposure occurred at a workplace. In 8 (1.0%) cases the place where the incident occurred was listed as other and included exposures which occurred in a store (2 cases), a laundromat (2 cases), a car (2 cases), a church (1 case), and in a nursing home (1 case). Of the 732 cases occurring in the home, exposure occured most often in the kitchen (307 case, 41.9%), bathroom (233 cases, 31.8%), and laundry room (114 cases, 15.6%), which accounted for 654 (89.3%) of the cases. Twenty-two (3.0%) cases occurred in the basement, 22 (3.0%) cases occurred in the bedroom, 19 (2.6%) cases occurred in the living room, 2 (0.3%) cases occurred in the dining room, and 2 (0.3%) cases occurred in the family room. In 4 (0.5%) cases the room where the incident occurred was unknown. In 7 (1.0%) other cases the room where the incident occurred was listed as other and included a hallway (5 cases), a hall closet (1 case) and a stairway (1 case).

Four hundred fifteen (54.0%) cases involved products in their original container while 353 (46.0%) cases involved products not in their original container. Five hundred fifty-seven (73.8%) cases involved products as purchased, while 192 (25.0%) cases involved products diluted or dissolved in water. Six (0.8%) cases (listed as other) involved a product that had been through the automatic clothes dryer cycle (2 cases), diluted with grape juice (1 case), a product mixed with water and formula (1 case), a product mixed with coffee (1 case), and a product on a popsicle (1 case). In 3 (0.4%) cases the condition of the product at the time of the incident was unknown.

The type of original container for products involved in most exposures was a pour-out bottle or can (430 cases, 55.8%) or a carton or box (124 cases, 16.1%), which accounted for 554 (72.0%) cases. Fifty-eight (7.5%) cases involved products in non-spray squeeze bottles, 56 (7.3%) cases involved products in pressurized aerosol spray bottles or cans, 50 (6.5%) cases involved products in paper wrappers, and 32 (4.2%) cases involved products in non-pressurized spray bottles or cans. Nineteen (2.5%) cases (listed as other) involved products which were in plastic containers (7 cases), a plastic bag (3 cases), a large mouth can (2 cases), squeeze tube (3 cases), a jar (1 case), a pry-off can (1 case), in a plastic sampler bag (1 case), and a tear-open sampler package (1 case). In one (0.1%) case the type of container was unknown.

Three hundred fifty-three (45.8%) cases involved an exposure to a product with a cautionary statement on the container label which was noted by the consumer at follow-up, 218 (28.3%) cases involved an exposure to a product which, according to the consumer, did not have a cautionary statement on the container label. In 149 (19.4%) cases the caller remembered looking at the product label at the time

of the incident but did not notice a cautionary statement on the container label and the container had been discarded prior to contact by our follow-up staff. In 42 (5.5%) cases the caller did not know whether the product had a cautionary statement and the container had been discarded prior to contact by our follow-up staff. In 8 (1.0%) cases (listed as other) the product container did not have a label of any sort.

When the label on a product container included a cautionary statement (353 cases) the consumer had read the statement prior to the exposure in 173 (49.0%) cases, while in 165 (46.7%) cases the consumer had not read the cautionary statement prior to the exposure. In 12 (3.4%) cases it was unknown whether the parent/patient had read the cautionary statement prior to the exposure and in 3 (0.8%) cases (listed as other) the consumer knew there was a warning, but could not remember what it said.

Of the 353 products that did have cautionary labels, 281 (79.6%) products bore a "keep out of the reach of children" warning, 267 (75.6%) products bore a warning regarding ocular exposure, 248 (70.3%) products bore an ingestion warning, 123 (34.8%) products carried a warning regarding cutaneous exposure, 65 (18.4%) products carried a "do not use with toilet bowl cleaners" warning, and 10 (2.8%) products carried a "do not breathe vapor" warning. In 5 (1.4%) cases the existence of a cautionary label on the product was known, however, the type of cautionary warning was unknown. In 7 (2.0%) cases (listed as other) the label carred a "may cause burns" caution (3 cases), a "do not induce vomiting" caution (2 cases), a "harmful or fatal if swallowed" caution (1 case), and directions for the induction of emesis, presumably as part of an ingestion warning in one case.

Five hundred fifty-five (72.3%) cases involved products in use at the time of the exposure, 194 (25.3%) cases involved products in storage, in 16 (2.1%) cases the status of the product was unknown at the time of the exposure, and in 3 (0.4%) cases (listed as other) the product was neither in storage or use. In two of these cases the product had been spilled on the floor inadvertently, while the other case involved a product which had just been purchased and was still in the grocery bag. In 555 exposures that occurred while products were in use, 182 (32.8%) cases occurred while the product was on a sink or counter top, 102 (18.4%) cases occurred while the product was on the floor, 78 (14.1%) cases occurred while the product was at tubside or in the shower, 56 (10.1%) cases occurred while the product was on a table, 40 (7.2%) cases occurred while the product was on or in an automatic dishwasher, 30 (5.4%) cases occurred while the product was on or in a clothes washer or dryer, and 13 (2.3%) cases occurred while the product was in the toilet bowl. In 2 (0.4%) cases the location of the product was unknown. Fifty-two (9.4%) cases (listed as other) involving products in use at the time of the exposure included products in the hand (11 cases), in a sink (8 cases), in a diaper pail (5 cases), on the back of the toilet (4 cases), on a chair (3 cases), in a tub (3 cases), on a car seat (2 cases), in a glass (2 cases), on a sofa (2 cases), in or on a clothes hamper (2 cases), on a stereo (1 case), on a bed (1 case), in a toy bubble pipe (1 case), in a water-fall (1 case), on a stove (1 case), on a piano (1 case), on a parent's lap (1 case), inside an emesis basin (1 case) on the ground (1 case) and on a low shelf (1 case). In 194 exposures that occurred with products in storage, 92 (47.4%) cases involved products stored under the sink, 39 (20.1%) cases involved products

stored on shelves higher than three feet, 21 (10.8%) cases involved products that had been placed in the garbage, 19 (9.8%) cases involved products stored on shelves lower than three feet, 3 (1.5%) cases involved products stored at tubside or in the shower, 2 (1.0%) cases involved products on a window sill, one (0.5%) case involved a product in the medicine chest, and one (0.5%) case involved a product on the closet floor. Sixteen (8.2%) cases (listed as other) involved products stored on the floor (12 cases), on a table (2 cases), in a refrigerator (1 case) and on top of a freezer (1 case).

B. <u>Discussion of Results Pertaining to Strong Acids</u>, Bases and Products Formulated From Them

The following is a discussion of the data summarized in Section B of the report. Eighty-seven cases involved the ingestion of strong acids, bases and products formulated from them. Of the 87 cases, 4 (4.6%) cases were initiated by emergency room personnel, one (1.1%) case was initiated by a physician, and 82 (94.3%) cases were initiated by consumers. Thirty-seven (42.5%) cases involved males while 50 (57.5%) cases involved females. Seventy-three (84.0%) cases involved children under seven years of age, 4 (4.6%) cases involved patients 7-17 years of age, and 10 (11.5%) cases involved adults. Eighty-six (98.9%) cases were accidental and self-inflicted while one (1.1%) case involved an exposure inflicted by another person. In 73 (83.9%) cases it was estimated that less than one teaspoonful of product was ingested, in 11 (12.6%) cases it was estimated that 1-3 teaspoonsful of product were ingested, in one (1.1%) case it was estimated that 1-3 tablespoonsful of product were ingested and in 2 (2.3%) cases it was estimated that 1/5 - 1/2cupful of product was ingested.

In spite of the nature of the substances involved, 55 (62.3%) cases involved patients who were asymptomatic at the time of the initial call to the Poison Control Center, while 32 (36.8%) cases involved patients symptomatic at the initial call. All symptom observations were made by consumers with the exception of one symptomatic case and 3 asymptomatic cases where the observations were made by a medical doctor. It should be noted that under "effects of incident experienced by patient", data for which are obtained during follow-up, a total of 30 (34.5%) cases reported symptoms. In 2 cases, patients who initially reported no symptoms, subsequently developed symptoms, and in 4 cases patients who initially reported symptoms failed to recall any symptoms either during or subsequent to the exposure when contacted during follow-up.

Management of most cases (65 cases, 74.7%) was provided at home although 4 (4.6%) cases were already in an emergency room, 13 (14.9%) cases were referred by the Poison Control Center to emergency rooms (all arrived), and 2 (2.3%) cases were referred by the Poison Control Center to personal physicians (all arrived). In 3 (3.4%) cases the managements are listed as other and included one case in which a three year old female who was suspected to have ingested less than a teaspoonful of a toilet bowl cleaner, was initially assessed as asymptomatic and managed at home. However, the parents decided to take the child to an emergency room where she remained asymptomatic and was sent home. The other case involved a 30 year old female who mistook a drain cleaner for a mouth wash. The patient was referred, by the Poison Control Center, to a private physician but was not seen by the physician. The patient subsequently went to a gastroenterologist approximately 18 hours after the exposure. This physician performed an esophagoscopy

which revealed no esophageal burns. The patient was subsequently managed as an out-patient by the gastroenterologist. The third case involved a 2 year old female whose parents called the Poison Control Center within minutes after the child had ingested an unknown (probably less than 5 ml,) amount of an unknown The child initially coughed but stopped shortly after the exposure and by the time the parents called the Center, the child was asymptomatic. The child was managed at home with dilution, demulcents and observation. However, approximately one hour after the exposure the child became nauseated and vomited some "coffee ground" material. The child was subsequently taken to a local emergency room. The emergency room personnel contacted the Center and the patient was then transferred to University of Utah Medical Center where she was admitted for 2 days. Following discharge to home the patient continued to experience intermittent episodes of emesis and 18 days after the exposure the child was readmitted to the hospital (PCH). The child had endoscopy performed the following day and scar tissue was found in the pre-pyloric region. patient underwent corrective surgery the following day. The child has subsequently recovered and is doing well. The first two cases are tabulated as unknown in the "emergency room and physician management" part of Section B.

Of the 65 cases managed at home, 9 (13.8%) did not require any treatment and were followed with observation only, while 53 (60.9%) were managed at home with palliative therapies including demulcents, dilution and irrigation. In 3 (4.6%) cases at home therapies (listed as other) included washing hands (1 case), and consulting medical personnel if symptoms developed (2 cases). The remaining 22 cases were evaluated and managed by a medical

practitioner. Of these 22 cases, initial patient status, treatment and disposition data were obtained in 20 cases. Patients were initially noted to be asymptomatic in 5 (22.7%) cases and symptomatic in 15 (68.2%) cases. In two (18.2%) cases the data are recorded as unknown. (See p.p. 18-19 for a description of these cases.) No treatment was given by the medical personnel in 3 (13.6%) cases. In 10 (45.5%) cases demulcents were given while 8 (36.4%) cases received treatments not specifically listed but which included dilution or irrigation (5 cases), administration of fluids (1 case), irrigation followed by esophagoscopy (3 cases), and referral for esophagoscopy (3 cases). In 3 (13.6%) cases the type of therapy provided was unknown. In 12 (54.5%) cases patients were sent home following initial evaluation and treatment, while in 8 (36.4%) cases patients were subsequently admitted to a hospital as inpatients. In 2 (9.1%) cases, the patients disposition was unknown.

Telephone follow-up of all cases revealed that in 57 (65.5%) cases consumers reported developing no symptoms following their exposure while in 30 (34.5%) cases patients reported symptoms which they related to the exposure. Specifically, in 5 (5.7%) cases the patients experienced emesis, in 2 (2.3%) cases the patients experienced diarrhea, and in 28 (32.2%) cases patients experienced mucosal irritation. Of those patients experiencing emesis, 2 cases reported experiencing one episode, 2 cases reported experiencing 2 episodes, and one case reported experiencing 3 or more episodes. Of those patients experiencing mucosal effects, oral or esophageal irritation was experienced in 14 (50.0%) cases, while oral ulcers were noted in 12 (42.9%) cases as reported by consumers at follow-up. Four (14.3%) cases (listed as other) reported oral discomfort without visible irritation (2 cases), a "sore throat" (1 case) and an oral "burn" (1 case).

In 14 (16.1%) cases patients reported symptoms and were managed at home. In these cases symptoms subsided in less than one hour in one (7.2%) case, 1-4 hours in one (7.2%) case, 4-12 hours in 5 (35.7%) cases, 12-24 hours in one (7.2%) case, and 24-96 hours in 4 (28.6%) cases. In 2 (14.3%) cases greater than 96 hours were required for symptoms to subside. Of the 16 (18.4%) symptomatic cases seen in an emergency room or physician's office, symptoms subsided in less than one hour in one (6.3%) case, in 4-12 hours in one (6.3%) case, in 12-24 hours in two (12.5%) cases, and in 24-96 hours in two (12.5%) cases. In 10 (62.5%) cases symptoms required greater than 96 hours to subside.

Seventy-three (83.9%) cases occurred within the home, 12 (13.8%) cases occurred outdoors, one (1.1%) case occurred in a work-place, and one (1.1%) case (listed as other) occurred outdoors by a swimming pool. Of the cases occurring within the home, 37 (50.7%) cases occurred in the kitchen, 27 (37.0%) cases occurred in the bathroom, 3 (4.1%) cases occurred in the basement, one (1.4%) case occurred in the living room, and one (1.4%) case occurred in the laundry room. In 2 (2.7%) cases the room where the incident occurred was unknown, and in 2 (2.7%) cases (listed as other) the incident occurred in a hallway (1 case) and in a "spare" room (1 case).

Thirty-seven (42.5%) cases involved products in their original containers while 50 (57.5%) cases involved products not in their original containers. Fifty-five (63.2%) cases involved products diluted or dissolved in water, and one (1.1%) case (listed as other) involved an exposure to a product placed on ice cream. In one (1.1%) case the condition of the product was unknown.

Forty-one (47.1%) cases involved products originally packaged in pour-out bottles or cans, 13 (14.9%) cases involved

products in aerosol spray bottles or cans, 10 (11.5%) cases involved products in non-spray squeeze bottles, 10 (11.5%) cases involved products in cartons or boxes, and 9 (10.3%) cases (listed as other) involved products in a glass ampule (3 cases), a plastic bag (3 cases), a paper bag (2 cases), and attached to a paper card (1 case). In 4 (4.6%) cases the type of container used to store the product was unknown.

Sixty-eight (78.2%) cases involved an exposure to a product with a cautionary statement on the container label which was noted by the consumer at follow-up and one (1.1%) case involved an exposure to a product, which according to the consumer, did not have a cautionary statement on the container label. In 7 (8.0%) cases the caller remembered looking at the product label at the time of the incident but did not notice a cautionary statement on the container label and the container had been discarded prior to contact by our follow-up staff. In 11 (12.6%) cases the caller did not know whether the product container had a cautionary statement and the container had been discarded prior to contact by our follow-up staff.

When a product container had a cautionary statement affixed to the label (68 cases) the consumer had read the statement prior to the exposure in 32 (47.1%) cases, while in 32 (47.1%) cases the consumer had not read the cautionary statement prior to the exposure. In 4 (5.9%) cases (listed as other) the consumer "knew the product was dangerous" (3 cases) and a response was not recorded (1 case). Of the 68 products that did have a cautionary label affixed to the container, 59 (86.8%) products contained an ingestion warning, 56 (82.4%) products contained a warning regarding ocular exposure, 43 (63.2%) products contained a warning regarding cutaneous exposure,

38 (55.9%) products contained a "keep out of the reach of children" warning, 9 (13.2%) products contained a "do not use with bleach" warning, and 7 (10.3%) products contained a "do not breathe vapor" warning. In 3 (4.4%) cases, the existence of a cautionary label on the product was known, but the type of warning was unknown.

Sixty-two (71.3%) cases involved products in use at the time of the exposure while 23 (26.4%) cases involved products in storage at the time. In one (1.1%) case the status of the product was unknown at the time of the exposure, and in one (1.1%) case (listed as other) the product was in the car presumably in transport to the consumer's home. Of the 62 exposures that occurred while the product was in use, 18 (29.0%) cases occurred while the product was on a sink or countertop, 13 (21.0%) cases occurred while the product was in the toilet bowl, 6 (9.7%) cases occurred while the product was in an oven, 6 (9.7%) cases occurred while the product was on a table, 5 (8.1%) cases occurred while the product was on the floor, and in one (1.6%) case the incident occurred while the product was at tubside or in the shower. Thirteen (21.0%) cases (listed as other) involving products in use at the time of the exposure include products on the back of the toilet (3 cases), in the sink (2 cases), in the bed of a truck (2 cases), on the porch (1 case), at poolside (1 case), on a desk (1 case), on a work bench (1 case), in the trunk of a car (1 case), and on ice cream (1 case). Of the 23 exposures that occurred with products in storage, 7 (30.4%) cases involved products that had been placed in the garbage, 5 (21.7%) cases involved products stored under the sink, 2 (8.7%) cases involved products stored on a shelf lower than three feet,

2 (8.7%) cases involved products stored on a shelf higher than three feet, and 2 (8.7%) cases involved a product stored in a medicine chest. Five (21.7%) cases (listed as other) involving products in storage at the time of the exposure include products in the garage (1 case), under a carseat (1 case), in a coffee pot (1 case), on a patio (1 case), and on a shelf in a grocery store (1 case).

V. Summary

During the study period, July 15, 1975 through October 14, 1975 and February 1, 1976 through October 31, 1976, the Intermountain Regional Poison Control Center received 20,494 calls of which 991 cases (4.8% of all calls) involved an ingestion exposure to a soap, detergent, other fabric care product, household care product, and a strong acid, base or product formulated from them. Attempts were made to follow these cases to collect information on patient variables, medical management, patient outcome and certain epidemiological data related to the circumstances surrounding the exposure. Enough data for complete case files were obtained in 855 (86.3%) of these cases. The data obtained from those cases were tabulated and reported herein. To allow more reasonable comparison of the results, data pertaining to 87 cases involving the ingestion of strong acids, bases and products formulated from them have been tabulated, reported and discussed separately. It is felt that the use of these data from a regional poison control program, with a high level of utilization by consumers and health professionals, is representative of both the actual experience in the community as well as the severity of toxicity encountered.

Review of the 768 cases involving ingestions of soaps, detergents, other fabric care products, and household care products indicates that these products do not possess a high degree of potential for causing serious personal injury when involved in exposures comparable to the cases reported herein. In the majority of cases (62.6%) patients reported no effects subsequent to their exposure, while the effects were minimal in the vast majority (88.9%) of the symptomatic cases. Specifically, 255 of the 287 patients who experienced adverse effects subsequent to their ingestions reported that the symptoms subsided within one day. Furthermore, in the vast majority of exposures (93.8%)

we were able to manage the case at home with prompt, simple firstaid measures. However, 52 cases did involve patients who experienced adverse effects that required greater than 24 hours to subside and as such need to be reviewed carefully.

Review of the cases involving strong acids, bases and products formulated from them suggests that these products possess a higher degree of potential for causing serious personal injury than soaps, detergents, other fabric care products and household care products when involved in exposures comparable to the cases reported herein. While the majority of cases (65.5%) reported no effects subsequent to their exposure, those patients that did experience symptoms had greater morbidity in terms of degree of damage and duration of symptoms. Specifically, of the 30 patients who experienced adverse effects subsequent to their ingestion, 40.0% required greater than 96 hours for symptoms to subside while only 40.0% of the patients noted that the symptoms subsided within 24 hours.

SECTION A

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures to All Study Agents Except Caustics

Total Number of Calls Received by IRPCC for the Periods July 15 -	
October 14, 1975 and February 1 - October 31, 1976	20,494
00000	20,494
T. J. Number of Collections for the Co. L. D. L. J.	
Total Number of Calls Involving Exposures to Study Products	
(Ingestion, Inhalation, Percutaneous, Ocular, Other) for the	
Periods July 15 - October 14, 1975 and February 1 - October 31,	
<u>1976</u>	1,358
Total Number of Calls Involving Ingestion Exposures to Study	
Products and Included in the Soap and Detergent Association	
Project for the Periods July 15 - October 14, 1975 and	
February 1 - October 31, 1976	768*
	700

Calls by Source:	768	100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital Not recorded	14 6 11 737 0 0	1.8% 0.8% 1.4% 96.0%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	54	177	108	30	1 1	11	3	3	15	0	412	53.6
Female	45	152	85	27	4	7	2	12	22	0	356	46.4
Sex N/R Total												
By Age	99	329	193	57	15	18	5	15	37	0	768	
% of Total	12.9	42.8	25.1	7.4	2.0	2.3	0.7	2.0	4.8	0		100.0

^{*} These data are a summary of all ingestion exposures to study agents except caustics.

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	4 .	7	544	555	72.3
Abnorma1	8	7	198	213	27.7
Unknown		25			·
Total by Observer	12	14	742	Total =	769
% of Total	1.6	1.8	96.6	.5001	700

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	720	93.89 52 7.29 7 1.09 487 67.69 276 38.39 44 6.19 6 0.89
Already in emergency room:	13	1.7%
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	24	3.19 17 70.89 24 100.09 0 7 29.29 0 7 100.09 0 0
Already in physician's office:	5	0.7%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	4	0.5% 1 25.0% 3 75.0% 1 25.0% 4 100.0% 1 25.0% 1 25.0% 2 50.0%
Other	2*	0.3%

^{*} In both these cases patients were self referred to a health care facility after home management and are included in the tabulation on the following page.

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	(4)	47*	17 29 1 0	100.0% 6.3% 61.7% 2.1%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	TO THE STATE OF TH	47	10 22 3 6 1 2 0 10	100.0% 21.3% 46.8% 6.4% 12.8% 2.1% 4.3% 21.3% 2.1%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other		47	42 2 1 0 1	100.0% 89.4% 4.3% 2.1% 2.1%

^{*} One patient was referred to a health care facility and failed to arrive, thus only 47 patients were evaluated and initially managed in a health care facility.

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	732 25 0 3 0		95.3% 3.3% 0.4% 1.0%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage		307 2 19 233 22 2 114 22 0	41.9% 0.3% 2.6% 31.8% 3.0% 0.3% 15.6% 3.0%
Unknown Other		4 7	0.5%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	38 730		4.9% 95.1%
Type of Container:*			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	430 58 32 56 124 50 1		55.8% 7.5% 4.2% 7.3% 16.1% 6.5% 0.1% 2.5%
Product in Original Container:			5
Yes No	415 353		54.0% 46.0%
Condition of Product:		22	
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	567 192 6 3		73.8% 25.0% 0.8% 0.4%

^{*} Data from 2 exposures involving mixed products are tabulated here; therefore, n = 770, rather than 768.

Yes Type of warning:	353		45.8%
Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach	94 <u>C</u>	248 267 123 281 65 10	70.3% 75.6% 34.8% 79.6% 18.4% 2.8%
Did not notice Unknown Other		0 5 7	1.4%
Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:			
Yes No Other Unknown No Did not notice Unknown Other	218 149 42 8	173 165 3 12	49.0% 46.7% 0.3% 3.4% 28.3% 19.4% 5.5% 1.0%
Product Status at Time of Incident:			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other Unknown In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other	194	102 182 56 30 78 0 40 13 52 2 19 39 1 1 92 2 3	72.3% 18.4% 32.8% 10.1% 5.4% 14.1% 7.2% 2.3% 9.4% 0.4% 25.3% 9.8% 20.1% 0.5% 0.5% 47.4% 1.0% 1.5% 10.8% 8.2%
Unknown	16	±*.	2.1%
Other	3		0.4%

^{*} Data from 2 exposures involving mixed products are tabulated here, therefore N=770, rather than 768.

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	2 10 0 0	16.7% 83.3%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	689 65 10 4 0	89.7% 8.5% 1.3% 0.5%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	757 11	98.6% 1.4%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	28 723 .7 .7 .7 .31	3.6% 94.1% 0.9% 0.9% 4.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment-Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	18 62 524 13 303 4 4	2.3% 8.1% 68.2% 1.7% 39.5% 0.5% 0.5% 0.9%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None		481		62.6% 1.4%
Nausea Abdominal pain		. 19 125		2.5% 16.3%
Emesis Number of episodes:		125		10.3%
· 1			64	51.2%
2			17	13.6%
3 or more			44	35.2%
Diarrhea		114		14.8%
Mucosal effects:	×	· 72		9.4%

		Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
	Mouth	44	8	0	13
To:	Esophagus	12	0	0	0
l Wil	Stomach	0	0	0	1
Calle	Other (Specify)	0	1	0	0

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	253 112 25 47 26 30 13	32.9% 44.3% 9.9% 18.6% 10.3% 11.9% 5.1%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:	34 15 4 3 3 8 1	4.4% 44.1% 11.8% 8.8% 8.8% 23.5% 2.9%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports GRANULES, 06600000, for	in the	e Catego	ory, A	UTOMATIC	DISHWASHING	i and
February 1 - October 31			<u> </u>		701 11, 1570	56
Calls by Source:			56			100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer		e ⁶⁸) <u>2</u>	0 0 0 56	100.0%
Hospital Not recorded					0	100.0%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	8	11	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	,	26	46.4
Female	6	14	5	2	0	0	0	0	3		30	53.6
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	14	25	8	4	0	2	0	0	3		56	,
% of Total	25.0	44.6	14.3	7.1	0	3.6	0	0	5.4			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	1.		42	42	75.0
Abnormal			14	14	25.0
Unknown		,			
Total by Observer			56	Total =	56
% of Total		-	100.0		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac		49	1	87.5% 2.0%
Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other			35 24 6 1	71.4% 49.0% 12.2% 2.0%
Already in emergency room:		0	e ^{se}	
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		6	5 6 0 1 0 0 1	10.7% 83.3% 100.0% 16.7% 100.0% 100.0%
Already in physician's office:		0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	-87"	1	0 0 1 1 0 0	1.8% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%
Other		0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply			6	2 4 0 0	10.7% 33.3% 66.7%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage		* o	6	2 3 0	10.7% 33.3% 50.0%
Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	** ** #			0 0 0 1 0	16.7%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	47		_ 6	4 1 1 0 0	10.7% 66.7% 16.7% 16.7%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

[1000					
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	-	56 0 0 0 0	a a	ě	100.0%
If in Home, Room:			83		
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom	A.\			54 0 0 0	96.4%
Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other				0 2 0 0 0	3.6%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:					
Yes No		6 50			10.7% 89.3%
Type of Container:					
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)		1 0 0 0			1.8%
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper		53	€		94.6%
Unknow n Other		0 2			3.6%
Product in Original Container:					
Yes No		13 43			23.2% 76.8%
Condition of Product:					
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown		29 27 0 0			51.8% 48.2%

Warning Label On Product:

	Yes	43		76.8%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown Other Had patient/parent read warning		41 38 21 31 0 0 0 0	95.3% 88.4% 48.8% 72.1%
	prior to accident: Yes No Other Unknown		24 19 0	55.8% 44.2%
	No Did not notice Unknown Other	3 7 3 0		5.4% 12.5% 5.4%
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven	45	3 2 0 0 0	80.4% 6.7% 4.4%
	Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other Unknown		38 0 1	84.4% 2.2% 2.2%
	<pre>In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest</pre>	11	0 5 0 0	19.6%
	Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other		5 0 0 1 0	45.5% 9.1%
	Unknown	0		
	Other	0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		a. a a a.
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 1 0 0	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	54 2 0 0 0 0	96.4% 3.6%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	56 0	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 56 0 0 2	100.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 17 20 0 27 0 1	30.4% 35.7% 48.2% 1.8%
o chet	•	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	5 11	G.	40 0		71.4%
Abdominal pain			Ω		
Emesis			7		12.5%
Number of episodes:					
1				2	40 00
1				3	42.9%
2				3	42.9%
3 or more				ĩ	14.3%
Diarrhea			_	•	
			5		8.9%
Mucosal effects:		8'	5		8.9%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other	(Specify)
Mouth	4	2			
Esophagus			-		
Stomach					
Other (Specify)					-

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	. 11		19.6%
<1 hour		6	54.5%
1-4 hours		1	9.1%
4-12 hours		0	
12-24 hours		1	9.1%
24-96 hours		2	18.2%
> 96 hours		1	9.1%
		•	3.170
If seen in emergency room or			
physician's office:	5		8.9%
< li>d hour − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − −		1	20.0%
1-4 hours		0	
4-12 hours		0 "	
12-24 hours		i	20.0%
24-96 hours	Sec.	3	60.0%
>96 hours		ñ	20.0%
- 30 110410		•	

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the	Category, BAR SOAPS, 0600000, fo	r the
Periods July 15 - October 14, 1976	1975 and February 1 - October 31	63
Calls by Source:	63	100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer	0 0 1 62	1.6% 98.4%
Hospital Not recorded	0 0	99.4%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	15	17	3	1	1	1	0	0	7		39.	61.9
Female	7	12	2	2	0	7	0	0	0		24	38.1
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	22	29	5	3	7	2	0	0	1		63	
% of Total	34.9	46.0	7.9	4.8	1.6	3.2	0	0	1.6			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			53	53	84.1
Abnorma1	·		10	10	15.9
Unknown	·	·			
Total by Observer			63	Total =	63
% of Total		22	100.0		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	•	62	6 1 41 19 1 0	98.4% 9.7% 1.6% 66.1% 30.6% 1.6%
Already in emergency room:	39	0		
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		1	1 0 0 1 0 0	1.6% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%
Already in physician's office:		0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other		0		
Other		0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	2	1	1 0 0 0	1.6%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1.6% 100.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other		1 < *	1 0 0 0 0	1.6% 100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors	61 1		96.8% 1.6%
School Workplace	0 1	-	1.6%
Unknown	0		1.0%
Other	0		
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen	`	1	1.6%
Dining room		0	
Living room Bathroom		0 59	96.7%
Bedroom		1	1.6%
Family room		0	
Laundry room .		0	
Basement Garage		0	6
Unknown		0	
Other		0	
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes	1		1.6%
No No	62		98.4%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can	5		7.9%
Squeeze bottle (non-spray)	0		
Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	0 0 3		
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box	3		4.8%
Paper wrapper	49		77.8%
Unknown]		1.6%
Other	5		7.9%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes	14		22.2%
No e	49		77.8%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased	62		98.4%
Diluted/dissolved in water	1		1.6%
Other Unknown	0		į.
OUKHOWN	0		

Garbage

Other

Unknown

Other

0

0

0

0

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

IT More than one it odder involved, were ric	Juuc (S:	
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><l 1-3="" pre="" tablespoonsful<="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful=""></l></pre>	58 4 0	92.1% 6.3%
1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown	1 0 0	1.6%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	62	98.4% 1.6%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Expos	ure:	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	3 55 1 1 3	4.8% 87.3% 1.6% 1.6% 4.8%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label	1 0	1.6%
Advice from poison control center Advice from physician	39 0 *	61.9%
Person judgement Advice from non-professional	23 0	36.5%
Unknown Other	1	1.6% 1.6%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None , Nausea	9	41				65.1%
Abdominal pain		2		(+)		3.2%
Emesis		7				11.1%
Number of episodes:						
1				4		57.1%
2				1		14.3%
3 or more			40	2		28.6%
Diarrhea		14			9	22.2%
Mucosal effects:		.4				6.3%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	4			
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				"

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	21		33.3%
<1 hour		7	33.3%
1-4 hours		. 1	4.8%
4-12 hours		5	23.8%
12-24 hours		4	19.0%
24-96 hours		2	9.5%
>96 hours		2	9.5%
If seen in emergency room or			
physician's office:	1 -		1.6%
< hour		0	
1-4 hours		0	
4-12 hours		0	
12-24 hours		1	100.0%
24-96 hours		0	
>96 hours		0	

SECTION B
Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in	the Category BLEACHES	, 0450000	O, for	
the Periods July 15 - Octob	er 14, 1975 and Febru	ary 1 - 0	ctober 31, 1976	63
Calls by Source:	140		100.0%	
Emergency room		7	5.0%	
Physician		2	1.4%	
Paraprofessional	12	1	0.7%	
Consumer		130	92.9%	
Hospital		· 0		
Not recorded		0		

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	5	25	27	5	2	6	1	1	6		78	55.7
Female	4	22	14	7	1	2	1	4	7		62	44.3
Sex N/R					. 14							
Total By Age	9	47	41	12	3	8	2	5	13		140	
% of Total	6.4	33.6	29.3	8.6	2.1	5.7	1.4	3.6	9.3			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal] .	2	70	73	52.1
Abnorma1	3		60	67	47.9
Unknown					
Total by Observer	5	5	130	Total =	140
% of Total	3.6	3.6	92.9		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	127	8 0 90 47 5 3	90.7% 6.3% 70.9% 37.0% 3.9% 2.4%
Already in emergency room:	6		4.3%
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	4	3 4 0 2 1 1 0 0	2.9% 75.0% 100.0% 50.0% 50.0%
Already in physician's office:	<u>.</u> 1		0.7%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	1	1 1 0 1 0 1 1	0.7% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%
Other	l*		

^{*} In this case the patient was self referred to a health care facility after home management and is included in the tabulation on the following page.

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	. 13	6 7 0	9.3% 46.2% 53.8%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes	* 13 *** ***	2 9 0 1 0 0	9.3% 15.4% 69.2% 7.7%
Other Unknown		7	7.7% 7.7%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	13	13 0 0 0 0	9.3%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other If in Home, Room:	129 ° 0 1 0 1		92.1% 6.4% 0.7%
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room		58 1 24 1 0 36	45.0% 0.8% 0.8% 18.6% 0.8%
Basement Garage Unknown Other		8 0 0 0	6.2%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	10 130		7.1% 92.9%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized)	133 0 0 0		95.0%
Carton/box Paper wrapper	6		4.3%
Unknown Other	1		0.7%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes No	58 82		41.4% 58.6%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other	94 ~ 45 0		67.1% 32.1%
Unknown	1.		0.7%

Warning Label On Product:

nui			
	Yes	95	67.9%
	Type of warning:	#	91 95.8%
	Ingestion	9	90 94.7%
	Eye		78 82.1%
	Skin		89 93.7%
	Keep out of reach of children		72 75.8%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cl	eaners	0
	Do not breathe vapor		0 =
	Do not use with bleach		0
	Did not notice	`	2 2.1%
	Unknown		1 1.1%
	Other		1 • 1 /0
	Had patient/parent read warning	_	
	prior to accident:		40 45 00
	Yes		43 45.3%
	No		46 48.4%
	Other		2 2.1% 4 4.2%
	Unknown	Lý.	4.2% 0.7%
	No	22	23.6%
	Did not notice	33	5.0%
	Unknown	7 4	2.9%
10	Other	4	2.9%
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:		
	In use:	113	80.7%
	On floor		25 22.1%
	On sink/counter top		46 40.7%
	On table		11 9.7%
	On washer/dryer		14 12.4%
	Tubside/shower		1 0.9%
	Oven ::		0
	Dishwasher		0
	Toilet bowl		1 0.9%
	Other		15 13.3%
	Unknown		0
	In storage:	25	17.9%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		4 16.0%
	On high shelves (>3' high)		3 12.0% 0
	Medicine chest		0
	Closet floor		1 4.0%
	Under sink		8 32.0%
	On window sill		0
	Tubside/shower		0
	Garbage		5 20.0%
	Other		4 16.0%
		2	1.4%
	Unknown	۷	, a -T /U
	Other	0	

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: 0 Separate 100.0% 1 Mixed 0 Unknown 0 Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: 80.7% 113 teaspoonful 15.7% 22 1-3 teaspoonsful 2.1% **\3** 1-3 tablespoonsful 2 1.4% 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown Type of Incident: 99.3% . 139 Accidental 0.7% Inflicted by another person Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: 2.8% None 97.9% 137 Gave water or milk 0.7% 1 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 3.6% 5 Other home treatment or first-aid Basis for Initial Treatment Given: 1.4% 2 None (no specific reason) 18.6% 26 Information on product label 47.1% 66 Advice from poison control center 2.1% 3 Advice from physician 36.4% 51 Person judgement 0 Advice from non-professional 0.7% 1 Unknown 0.7%

Other |

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain Emesis		67 2 4 47		47.9% 1.4% 2.9% 33.6%
Number of episodes:				
1			25	53.2%
2	55		7	14.9%
3 or more			15	31.9%
Diarrhea	V	10		7.1%
Mucosal effects:		25		17.9%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other	(Specify)
Mouth	14				8
Esophagus	7				
Stomach				·	1
Other (Specify)					

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours > 96 hours	65	39 5 8 3 9	46.4% 60.0% 7.7% 12.3% 4.6% 13.8% 1.5%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:	8	4	5.7% 50.0%
1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours		0 2 1	25.0% 12.5%
24-96 hours >96 hours		1	12.5%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

49

Total Number of Reports in the	Category DISHWASHING LIQUIDS,
06700000, for the Periods July	15 - October 14, 1975 and
February 1 - October 31, 1976	

Calls by Source: 49 100.0%

Emergency room 0
Physician 0

Physician
Paraprofessional
Consumer
Hospital
Not recorded

0
4.1%
47
95.9%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	12	7	5	0	0	0	0	4		31	63.3
Female	2	7	3	2	0	0	0	2	2		18	36.7
Sex N/R					·				·	·		
Total By Age	5	19	10	7	0	0	0	2	6		49	
% of Total	10.2	38.8	20.3	14.3	0	0	0	4.1	12.2		·	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	0	2	34	36	73.5
Abnormal	0	0	13	13	26.5
Unknown		le .			
Total by Observer	·	2	47	Total =	49
% of Total		4.1	95.9		

Management:

Ip De Di Ir	: servation only ecac mulcents lution rigation her	49	5 0 28 19 1	100.0% 10.2% 57.1% 38.8% 2.0%
Already	in emergency room:	0		
No: Pa: Pa:	d to emergency room: tified ER tient arrived tient did not arrive me care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	0		
Already	in physician's office:	0		
Not Pat Pa	personal physician: tified physician tient arrived tient did not arrive me care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0		
Other		0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: 0 Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply 0 Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown Disposition: 0 Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown 0ther

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	44 5 0 0 0		89.8% 10.2%
If in Home, Room:	25		
Kitchen Dining room Living room		37 0 0	84.1%
Bathroom Bedroom Family room		5 1 0	11.4% 2.3%
Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown		0 1 0 0	2.3%
Other		ŏ	
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:	*		
Yes No	0 49		100.0%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	10 39 0 0 0 0		20.4% 79.6%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes No	19 30		38.8% 61.2%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	32 17 0 0		65.3% 34.7%

Warning Label On Product:

Yes	5		10.2%
Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin		0 2 0	40.0%
Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown Other Had patient/parent read warning		5 0 0 0 0	100.0%
prior to accident: Yes No Other Unknown		3 2 0 0	60.0% 40.0%
No Did not notice Unknown Other	30 8 5 1	*	61.2% 16.3% 10.2% 2.0%
Product Status at Time of Incident:			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher	34	3 26 1 0 0	69.4% 8.8% 76.5% 2.9%
Toilet bowl Other Unknown		0 3 1	8.8% 2.9%
In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor	13	0 0 0 0	26.5%
Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other		13 0 0 0 0	100.0%
Unknown	2		4.1%
Other	0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

If More than one Product Involved, Were Prod	ucts:	#g
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 1 0 0	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	40 7 2 0 0	81.6% 14.3% 4.1%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	49 0	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposur	<u>'e:</u>	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	3 44 0 0 2	6.1% 89.8% 4.1%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason)]	2.0%
Information on product label Advice from poison control center	0 26	53.1%
Advice from physician Person judgement	0 19	38.8%
Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 2 1	4.1% 2.0%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	27 0		55.1%
Nausea Abdominal pain	ıı 2 ≥		4.1%
Emesis	8		16.3%
Number of episodes:		120	
1		6	75.0%
2		0	
3 or more		2	25.0%
Diarrhea	12		24.5%
Mucosal effects:	2		4.1%

* 5	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				
Esophagus	2			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

>96 hours

If managed at home:	22		44.9%
<1 hour		9	40.9%
1-4 hours		7	4.5%
4-12 hours		2	9.1%
12-24 hours		6	27.3%
24-96 hours		3	13.6%
>96 hours		- 1	4.5%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category	
06300000, for the Periods July 15 - October 31, 1976	48
Calls by Source: 48	100.0%
Emergency room Physician	1 2.1%
Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital Not recorded	4.2% 45 93.8% 0

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	13	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	·	29	60.4
Female	2	9	4	2	0	1	0	0	1 .		19	39.6
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	5	22	13	5	1	1	0	0	1		48	
% of Total	10.4	45.8	27.1	10.4	2.1	2.1	0	0	2.1			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	1	Fi	40	41	85.4
Abnorma1			7	7	14.6
Unknown	·		\		
Total by Observer	1		47	Total =	48
% of Total	2.1	:	97.9	10001	10

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	45	4 0 33 10 7 0	93.8% 8.9% 73.3% 22.2% 15.6%
Already in emergency room:	1		2.1%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	1	0 1 0 0	2.1%
Already in physician's office:	0		ď
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	1	1 0 1 0 1 0 0	2.1% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		3	3 0 0 0	6.3% 100.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		3	1 0 1 0 0 0	6.3% 33.3% 33.3%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another h Agency referral Unknown Other	ospital	3	3 0 0 0 0	6.3% 100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	48 0 0 0 0	54 54	100.0%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other		10 1 2 3 3 1 24 3 0	20.8% 2.1% 4.2% 6.3% 6.3% 2.1% 50.0% 6.3%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	1 47	H 45	2.1% 97.9%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	11 2 0 31 3 0 0		22.9% 4.2% 64.6% 6.3%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes No	41 7	g g	85.4% 14.6%
Condition of Product:	ė		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	43 1 4 0		89.6% 2.1% 8.3%

Warning Label on Product:

				52
	Yes	31		64.6%
	Type of warning: Ingestion		23	74.2%
	Eye Skin		24	77.4%
	Keep out of reach of children		29 0	93.5%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor		4	12.9%
	Do not use with bleach	× .	0 0	
	Did not notice Unknown		0	
	Other		0	
	Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:			
	Yes		15	48.4%
	No Other		12 0	38.7%
	Unknown		· 4	12.9%
	No Did not notice	10 7		20.8% 14.6%
	Unknown	0		1
	Other	0 - 1		* ,
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use:	34	2	70.8%
	On floor On sink/counter top		6 6	17.6% 17.6%
	On table	*1	8	23.5%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower		8 0	23.5%
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher Toilet bowl	iii (17)	0 0	
	Other		6	17.6%
	Unknown		0	
	In storage:	13	150	27.1%
	On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high)		4 5	30.8% 38.5%
	Medicine chest		0	0010,0
	Closet floor Under sink		0 2	7.7%
	On window sill		0	
	Tubside/shower Garbage		0 1	7.7%
	Other		2	15.4%
	Unknown	1		2.1%
	Other	0		

		5	6:
If M	dore Than One Product Involved, Were	Products:	
	Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0	
Esti	mate of Amount of Material Ingested:	3 0	
	<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	46 2 0 0 0	95.8% 4.2%
Туре	of Incident:	8	
	Accidental Inflicted by another person	46 2	95.8% 4.2%
Туре	of Initial Treatment Given After Ex	kposure:	20
	None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 47 1 0 0	97.9% 2.1%
Basi	s for Initial Treatment Given:		
	None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 33 2 20 0 0	68.8% 4.2% 41.7%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None		41		85.4%
Nausea		1	2	2.1%
Abdominal pain		0		
		Ā		8.3%
Emesis		4		0.070
Number of episodes:			•	FO 0%
1		10°	2	50.0%
2	196		0	
3 or more			2	50.0%
		2 \		4.2%
Diarrhea		2 \		T + €= /0
Mucosal effects:		0		

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				·
Esophagus			_	
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				
				<u> </u>

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	5	2 1 1 1 0 0	40.0% 40.0% 20.0% 20.0% 20.0%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	2	2 0 0 0 0	4.2% 100.0%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

56

Total Number of Reports in the		
06500000, for the Periods July	15 - October 14, 1975 and	February 1 -
October 31, 1976	• #1	

1s by Source:	56	100.0%
Emergency room	0	
Physician	ì	1.8%
Paraprofessional	0	
Consumer	55	98.2%
Hospital	0	
Not recorded	0	9

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	4	19	7	3	0	0	1	0	0	·	34	60.7
Female	3	10	7	1	0	0	0	0	1		22	39.3
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	7	29	14	4	0	0	1	0	1		56	
% of Total	12.5	51.8	25.0	7.1	0	0	1.8	0-	1.8		·	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			45	45	80.4
Abnormal	1		10	11	19.6
Unknown					
Total by Observer	1		55	Total =	56
% of Total	1.8	,	98.2		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	52	2 2 36 21 4 0	92.9% 3.8% 3.8% 69.2% 40.4% 7.7%
Already in emergency room:	0		
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	3	2 3 0 1 0 0 0	5.4% 66.7% 100.0% 33.3%
	1		1.8%
Already in physician's office:	'		1.0%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0		
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic		4	0	7.1%
Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply			4 0 0	100.0%
Treatment: None		4	1	7.1% 25.0%
Demulcents Lavage		`	0	0F 0%
Emesis Activated charcoal			0	25.0% 25.0%
Cathartics Antidotes Other	<i>1</i>		0	25.0%
Unknown		2	Ö	20.0%
Disposition: Sent home		4	4	7.1% 100.0%
Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital			0	100.0%
Agency referral Unknown			0	
Other			0	

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace	55 0 0 0	98.2%
Unknown Other	0	1.8%
If in Home, Room:	9	
Kitchen Dining room	\	9 16.4% 0
Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room	,	9 16.4% 2 3.6% 0
Laundry room Basement	~	30 54.5% 4 7.3% 0
Garage Unknown Other		1 1.8%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		
Yes No	- - 3 - 53	5.4% 94.6%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	2 0 0 0	3.6%
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper	51 0 0	91.1%
Unknown Other	3	5.4%
Product in Original Container:		1
Yes No	35 21	62.6% 37.5%
Condition of Product:	*	
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	46 9 1 0	82.1% 16.1% 1.8%

Warning Label On Product:

Wat				
	Yes	13		23.2%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye	-	10	76.9% 69.2%
	Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown Other	*	0 10 0 0 0 0 0	76.9%
	Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes		5 7	38.5% 53.8%
	No Other Unknown	27	0 1	7.7% 48.2%
	No Did not notice Unknown Other	12 4 0		21.4% 7.1%
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:			
Ben	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher	36	20 10 1 2 0 0	64.3% 55.6% 27.8% 2.8% 5.6%
	Toilet bowl Other Unknown		0 3 0	8.3%
	In storage:	19	0	33.9%
	On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high)		4	21.1%
	Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower	e a	0 2 3 0 0	10.5% 15.8%
	Garbage Other		10	52.6%
	Unknown	1		1.8%
	Other	=:0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Pr	oducts:		
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	· 0 0 0 0	ŭ .	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	50 6 0 0		89.3% 10.7%
Type of Incident:	• • •		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	55 1	is in	98.2% 1.8%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Expos	sure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 54 1 0 1		1.8% 96.4% 1.8%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	4 3 32 1 26 1 0	क ख स	7.1% 5.4% 57.1% 1.8% 46.4% 1.8%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	75	31		55.4%
Nausea Abdominal pain		0		
		0		06.0%
Emesis		15		26.8%
Number of episodes:				740
1		ž(7	46.7%
2			1	6.7%
3 or more			7	46.7%
Diarrhea		12		21.4%
Mucosal effects:		2、		3.6%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	1	1		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)		1		·

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	21		37.5%
<1 hour	2.	q	42.9%
1-4 hours		จั	14.3%
4-12 hours		1	19.0%
		1	
12-24 hours			4.8%
24-96 hours		1	4.8%
>96 hours	fa	3	14.3%
If seen in emergency room	m or		
physician's office:	4		7.1%
<pre></pre>		1	25.0%
1-4 hours		2	50.0%
4-12 hours		1	25.0%
12-24 hours		O N	
		ñ	
24-96 hours		Ô	
>96 hours		U	
,			

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in 06200000 for the Periods Ju October 31, 1976	the Category HOU ly 15 - October	ISEHOLD CARE PROD 14, 1975 and Feb	DUCTS, bruary 1 - 256
Calls by Source:	256		100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional		4 3 4	1.6% 1.2% 1.6%

245

0

0

95.7%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Consumer

Hospital

Not recorded

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	13	56	42	10	5	2	1	1	3	·	133	52.0
Female	13	48	38	10	3.	3	1	2	5		123	48.0
Sex N/R			·									
Total By Age	26	104	80	20	8 ·	5	2	3	8		256	
% of Total	10.2	40.6	31.3	7.8	3.1	2.0	0:8	1.2	3.1			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	2	2,	191	195	76.2
Abnormal	3	2	56	61	23.8
Unknown		·			·
Total by Observer	5	4	247	Total = 256	
% of Total	2.0	1.6	96.5		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other		240	19 3 151 106 16	93.8% 7.9% 1.3% 62.9% 44.2% 6.7% 0.4%
Already in emergency room:		4		1.6%
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	\$0 44.	7	4 7 0 1 3 0	2.7% 57.1% 100.0% 14.3% 42.9%
Already in physician's office:		3		1.2%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other		• · · · · ·	0 1 0 0	0.4%
Other		1*		0.4%

^{*} The patient was self-referred to a health care facility after home management and is included in the tabulation on the following page.

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	16	4 11 1 0	SZ	6.3% 25.0% 68.8% 6.3%
Treatment:	16	0		6.3%
Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics		8 3 2 0 0		50.0% 18.8% 12.5%
Antidotes Other Unknown		0 6 1	si G	37.5% 6.3%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral	16	14 0 0	XI.	6.3% 87.5%
Unknown Other		1		6.3% 6.3%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home	240		93.8%
Outdoors School	9 0		3.5%
Workplace	° 1		0.4%
Unknown Other	0 6		2.3%
If in Home, Room:	oc .	240	
Kitchen Dining room	× **	106	44.2%
Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement		0 9 94 10 1 9	3.8% 39.2% 4.2% 0.4% 3.8% 1.7%
Garage Unknown Other		0 2 5	0.8%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	12 244		4.7% 95.3%
Type of Container:			= 12
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	191* 7 31 17 8* 0 0		74.3% 2.7% 12.1% 6.6% 3.1%
Product in Original Container:	- <u>-</u> 9		
Yes No	166 90		64.8% 35.2%
Condition of Product:	(4)		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other	184 71 0		71.9% 27.7%
Unknown	ĭ		0.4%

^{*} Two products(mixed)were involved in one exposure.

Warning Label On Product:

	Yes	107*		41.6%
	Type of warning: Ingestion		62	57.9%
	Eye		81	75.7%
	Skin		19	17.8%
	Keep out of reach of children		75	70.1%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		0	
	Do not breathe vapor		5	4.7%
	Do not use with bleach		0	
	Did not notice	X	0 2 9	1.9%
	Unknown		9	8.4%
	Other Had patient/parent read warning		2	U. T/0
	prior to accident:		8	
	Yes		57	53.3%
	No	€	48	44.9%
	Other		0	
	Unknown		3	2.8%
	No 8	67		26.1%
	Did not notice	64	Y@Y	24.9%
	Unknown	17 2		6.6%
	Other a	۷		0.8%
rodi	uct Status at Time of Incident:			
out	200 Oddud do Find OF Indiacing.		돧	
	In use:	167		65.2%
	On floor		31	18.6%
	On sink/counter top		61	36.5%
	On table		27	16.2%
	On washer/dryer		4	2.4%
	Tubside/shower		18	10.8%
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher Toilet bowl		0	C 00/
	Other		10 16	6.0% 9.6%
	Unknown	+)	0	9.0%
	In storage:	83	Ü	32.4%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		²³ 7	8.4%
	On high shelves (>3' high)		14	16.9%
	Medicine chest		0	
	Closet floor		0	
	Under sink		50	60.2%
	On window sill		0	
	Tubside/shower	*	0 11	13.3%
	Garbage Othor		1	13.3%
	Other		•	1 • 6 /0
	Unknown	6		2.3%
	2	J		L.J/0
	Other	0		

^{*} Two products (mixed) were involved in one exposure.

If N	More Than One Product Involved, Were Pr	oducts:		
	Separate Mixed Unknown Other	2 6 0	a •	0.8% 2.3%
Esti	mate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
X.	<pre><l 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" l="" l-3="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	236 14 5 1 0		92.2% 5.5% 2.0% 0.4%
Туре	of Incident:			
	Accidental Inflicted by another person	250 6	а	97.7% 2.3%
Туре	of Initial Treatment Given After Expo	sure:		
	None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	12 236 4 1 15		4.7% 92.2% 1.6% 0.4% 5.9%
Basi	s for Initial Treatment Given:	æ		
	None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	10 11 148 4 104 0 2	s	3.9% 4.3% 57.8% 1.6% 40.6% 0.8% 1.2%
	to to		32	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None			178		69.5%
Nausea			7	15	2.7%
Abdominal pain	(X)		4		1.6%
Emesis Emesis			19		7.4%
Number of episodes:					
1				9	47.4%
2				2	10.5%
3 or more		0,5		. 8	42.1%
Diarrhea			34		13.3%
Mucosal effects:			32、		12.5%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	20	5		4
Esophagus	3		-	
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours > 96 hours</pre>	66	21 9 18 6 9	25.8% 31.8% 13.6% 27.3% 9.1% 13.6% 4.5%
> 50 110d1 5			4.570
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <pre></pre>	12	5 2	4.7% 41.7% 16.7%
4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours		0 0 5 0	41.7%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the 06400000, for the Period July	e Category LIQUID	LAUNDR	Y DETERGE	NTS,
October 31, 1976	10 0000001 1119	1575 4		39
Calls by Source:	39		·	100.0%
Emergency room Physician		1	.~	2.6%
Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital Not recorded		0 38 0		97.4%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	0	9	4	1	2	0	0	1	0		17	43.6
Female	3	10	6	1	0	0	0	1	1		22	56.4
Sex N/R									·			
Total By Age	3	19	10	2	2	0	0	2	1		39	
% of Total	7.7	48.7	25.6	5.1	5.1			5.1	2.6			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total	
Normal	·		29	29	74.4	
Abnormal		<u></u>	9	10	25.6	
Unknown		7				
Total by Observer		1	38	Total =	39	
% of Total		2.6	97.4		33	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	38 0 31 11 2 0	97.4% 2.6% 81.6% 28.9% 5.3%
Already in emergency room:	1	2.6%
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	0	
Already in physician's office:	0	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	O	
Other	0	

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	1	0 1 0 0	2.6%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.6% 100.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	1	0 1 0 0 0	2.6%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

1100		
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	38 1 0 0 0 0	97.4% 2.6%
If in Home, Room:		8
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown	() ()	2.6% 7.9% 2.6% 2 31.6% 2 5.3%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		
Yes	1 38	2.6% 97.4%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper	28 9 1 0 0 0	71.8% 23.1% 2.6%
Unknow n Other	1	2.6%
Product in Original Container:	Ø.	
Yes No	26 13	66.7% 33.3%
Condition of Product:	۰	÷
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	33 5 1 0	84.6% 12.8% 2.6%

Warning Label On Product:

	Yes	24	61.5%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye	5.	7 29.2% 15 62.5%
	Skin Keep out of reach of childre Do not use with toilet bowl		0 17 70.8%
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice		0 0 0
	Unknown Other Had patient/parent read warning	, w ·	0 1 4.2%
	prior to accident:		9
	Yes		10 41.7%
	No Other Unknown	*	14 58.3% 0 0
	No	9	23.1%
	Did not notice Unknown	5 1	12.8% 2.6%
	Other	Ö	-
Produ	uct Status at Time of Incident:	ar	e e
	In use:	21	53.8%
	On floor		3 14.3% 8 38.1%
	On sink/counter top On table		5 23.8%
	On washer/dryer		1 4.8% 1 4.8%
	Tubside/shower Oven		0 4.0%
	Dishwasher		1 4.8%
	Toilet bowl		0 2 9.5%
	Other Unknown		0
	In storage:	15	38.5%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		2 13.3% 4 26.7%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest		0
	Closet floor		0
	Under sink On window sill		5 33.3% 0
	Tubside/shower	€	0
	Garbage Other		4 26.7% 0
	Unknown	3	7.7%
		0	
	Other	U	

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

11 11		-		
	Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0		
Estin	mate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
	<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	36 2 1 0 0		92.3% 5.1% 2.6%
Туре	of Incident:		ω	
	Accidental Inflicted by another person	39 0		100.0%
Туре	of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:	s		
	None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 38 0 0	3)) ×	2.6% 97.4% 2.6%
Basis	s for Initial Treatment Given:			
	None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	1 5 21 3 10 0		2.6% 12.8% 53.8% 7.7% 25.6%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	2	25	w ₩1.	64.1%
Abdominal pain		2		5.1%
Emesis		9		23.1%
Number of episodes:				
1			4	44.4%
2			2	22.2%
3 or more			3	33.3%
Diarrhea		9		23.1%
Mucosal effects:		1		2.6%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				1
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

>96 hours

If managed at home:			14		35.9%
∻l hour				9	64.3%
1-4 hours	11			0	
4-12 hours		9		3	21.4%
12-24 hours				2	14.3%
24-96 hours	34			0	
> 96 .hours				0	

0 .

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in 06800000, for the Period J October 31, 1976	the Category uly 15 - Octob	RUG & UPHOLSTERY Sper 14, 1975 and Fe	ebruary 1 -
<u>october</u> 31, 1970		7.5	22
Calls by Source:	- 22		100.0%
Emergency room		1	4.5%
Physician Paraprofessional		= 0	
Consumer		21	95.5%
Hospital		0	
Not recorded		0	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	. 1		9	40.9
Female	1	5	3	1	0	0	0	2	1		13	59.1
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	1	11	5	ן	0	0	0	2	2		22	
% of Total	4.5	50.0	22.7	4.5				9.1	9.1			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			1	14	15	68.2
Abnormal			1	6	7	31.8
Unknown		-			·	
Total by Observer	·		2	20	Total =	22
% of Total			9.1	89.9		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	19	2 0 15 4 0	the state of the s
Already in emergency room:	1		4.5%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	2	2 2 0 1 0 1 0 0	100.0%
Already in physician's office:	0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0	*	
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	*	3	# 전	2 1 0 0		13.6% 66.7% 33.3%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	e «	3		2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0		13.6% 66.7% 33.3%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other		3	5.	3 0 0 0 0	£	13.6% 100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	22 0 0 0 0 0	100.0%
If in Home, Room:		
Kitchen	11	50.0%
Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom	0 5 2 2 0	22.7% 9.1% 9.1%
Family room Laundry room	1	4.5%
Basement Garage Unknown Other	0 1 0	4.5%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		
Yes No	3 19	13.6% 86.4%
Type of Container:	* e	
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown	14 0 0 8 0 0	63.6%
Other •	0	
Product in Original Container:		16
Yes No	8 14	36.4% 63.6%
Condition of Product:	026	
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other	10 11 0	45.5% 50.0%
Unknown	1	4.5%

Warning Label on Product:

141					
	Yes	14			63.6%
4	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye			1	7.1% 28.6%
	Skin Keep out of reach of children			0 11	78.6%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach			0 1 0 0	7.1%
	Did not notice Unknown Other			1 0	7.1%
	Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes No			9 5 0	64.3% 35.7%
	Other Unknown			0	
	No Did not notice Unknown Other	5 2 1 0			22.7% 9.1% 4.5%
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:			10 20	
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl	18	i a i	6 6 2 0 0 0 0	81.8% 33.3% 33.3% 11.1%
8	Unknown	2		0	9.1%
	<pre>In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest</pre>	2		0 1 0 0	50.0%
	Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other		1925	1 0 0 0 0	50.0%
	Unknown	1			4.5%
	0ther	1.			4.5%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Pro	ducts:	
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	20 2 0 0 0	90.9% 9.1%
		9 B
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	22 0	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Expos	sure:	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 21 0 0 0	4.5% 95.5%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 14 2 6 0 1	63.6% 9.1% 27.3% 4.5%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	10		45.5%
Nausea	1		4.5%
Abdominal pain	2		9.1%
Emesis	4		18.2%
Number of episodes:			
1		0	
2		1	25.0%
3 or more		3	75.0%
Diarrhea	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18.2%
Mucosal effects:	1		4.5%

*	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	1	4		·
Esophagus			·	
Stomach				-
Other (Specify)		·		

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	10		45.5%
<pre><1 hour</pre>		7	70.0%
1-4 hours		7	10.0%
4-12 hours		0	
12-24 hours		0	
24-96 hours		2	20.0%
>96 hours	189	0	
If seen in emergency room or			
physician's office:	2		9.1%
<1 hour		1 =	50.0%
1-4 hours		0	
4-12 hours	7)	0	
12-24 hours		1	50.0%
24-96 hours		0	
>96 hours		0	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain	10 1 2	- #h	, s	45.5% 4.5% 9.1%
Emesis	4			18.2%
Number of episodes:		_		
1		C)	
2		1		25.0%
3 or more		3	}	75.0%
Diarrhea	4	•	25/1.20	18.2%
Mucosal effects:	1			4.5%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	1	1		
Esophagus				
Stomach	i.			
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours</pre>	10		7 1 0 0 2 0	45.5% 70.0% 10.0%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	2	© 180	1 0 0 1 0	9.1% 50.0% 50.0%

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Categor	y SHAMPOOS,	0610000	0	¥
for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1	975 and Feb	ruary 1 -		39
October 31, 1976	1	•	***	39
Alian III		• ;	2 ² 25	• 20
Calls by Source:	39	Š.	4	100.0%
Carrs by Source.	3,	*	56 76	100.0%
Emergency room		0	9.6	24
Physician Physician	F (%)	0		
Paraprofessional	60 60	0	8	
Consumer		39 😘		100.0%
Hospital		0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Not recorded		. 0	4	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	9	4								16	41.0
Female	4	14	3					1	1	·	23	59.0
Sex N/R								·				
Total By Age	7	23	7				·	1	1		39	
% of Total	18.0	59.0	18.0					2.6	2.6			100.0

100.0% 5.1% 2.6% 69.2% 35.9% 10.3%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			26	26	66.7
Abnorma1	Ш	-	\13	13 :	33.3
Unknown		0.8			
Total by Observer			39	Total =	= 39
% of Total	41		100.0	98	(Œ

Manag

Other

gement:		in "		
At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	20 8 8	39	2 1 27 14 4 0	791
Already in emergency room:	27	0		
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		0	¥	
Already in physician's office:		0	••	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other		0	,	

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Pati	ent status: Asymptomatic				0
	Symptomatic Unknown				
	Does not apply			.,7	
Trea	tment:	53		20	n
	None				
4	Demulcents				
	Lavage				
	Emesis		•		
	Activated charcoal				
	Cathartics			120	
	Antidotes				
	Other				
	Unknown		120		
20	a) 80	= 1-1			
Disp	osition:				O
	Sent home .				_
	Admitted to hospital				
	Referred to another ho	spital			
	Agency referral				
	Unknown	<u> </u>			
	Othon -				

place Where Incident Occurred:

Place mis	21010010	- *			
Ou Sc Wo Un	ome utdoors chool orkplace nknown cher		39 0 0 0 0		100.0%
If	f in Home, Room:	6			ä.
	Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other		* T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	2 0 1 35 0 0 0 0	5.1% 2.6% 89.7%
Patient S	Seen in Emergency Room	<u>m:</u> * = = =	n 19 70 W		
. Ye		*	0 39		100.0%
Type of C	Container:				
Sq Sp Ae Ca Pa	our-out bottle/can queeze bottle (non-spi eray bottle/can (non- erosol spray bottle/can erton/box aper wrapper	pressurized)	35* 1 0 0 0 1*	5 see	87.5% 2.5% 2.5%
	her		3		7.5%
Product i	n Original Container				
Ye No			35 4	E.	89.7% 10.3%
Condition	of Product:		*		
Di Ot	purchased luted/dissolved in wa her known	ater	34 5 0 0		87.2% 12.8%

^{*} Two products (mixed) were involved in a single exposure.

(A.		Shampe	oo Comb
Warning Label on Product:		Snampo	os - Cont.
Yes	13		- 32.5%
Type of warning:			
Ingestion		9	69.2%
Eye 🐰	÷ "	2	15.4%
Skin		0	101,75
Keep out of reach of children		8	61.5%
Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		Ô	01.5%
Do not breathe vapor		0	
Do not use with bleach			
	96	0	
Did not notice		0	
. Unknown	Ø	0	
Other .		0	
Had patient/parent read warning			
prior to accident:	¥8		
Yes		7	53.9%
No No		6	46.2%
Other		Ŏ	101270
		0	
Unknown	23	, 0	E7 F0/
No			57.5%
Did not notice	1		2.5%
Unknown	2		5.0%
Other .	a 1		2.5%
	0		
Product Status at Time of Incident:	8		
			*>
In use:	31 "		79.5%
	31	2	
On floor		+ 3 2	9.7%
On sink/counter top		2	6.5%
On table		2	3.2%
On washer/dryer		0	
Tubside/shower		22	71.0%
Oven		0	
Dishwasher		0	
Toilet bowl		Ō	
Other	2 %	0 0 3	9.7%
- Other	•	•	
K *			•
In storage:	.6	2:	15.4%
On low shelves (<3' high)	•	0	74
On high shelves (>3' high)		1	16.7%
Medicine chest		1	16.7%
Closet floor		Ö	17
Under sink		·i	16.7%
On window sill		i	16.7%
Tubside/shower	8.00	1 2	33.3%
		0	33.3%
Garbage	Set.		
Other		0	
		.5	
Unknown	0		
Other	2		5.1%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

If More than one rioduct involved, were rioducts.	54 0
Separate Mixed Unknown Other 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:	
<pre><1 teaspoonful 36 1-3 teaspoonsful 2 1-3 tablespoonsful 1 1/5-1/2 cupful 0 >1 cupful 0 Unknown 0</pre>	92.3% 5.1% 2.6%
Type of Incident:	***
Accidental 39 Inflicted by another person 0	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:	
None 3 Gave water or milk 36 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 0 Other home treatment or first-aid 1	7.7% 92.3% 2.6%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:	\$ 2 8
None (no specific reason) 2 Information on product label 0	5.1%
Information on product label 0 Advice from poison control center 25 Advice from physician 0	64.1%
Personal judgement 16	41.0%
Advice from non-professional 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	2 3	21			53.9%
Nausea Abdominal pain		3	3	30	7.7%
Emesis	 •	5			12.8%
Number of episodes:				4	80.0%
9				Ó .	00.070
3 or more		60		1	20.0%
Diarrhea	120	12			30.8%
Mucosal effects:		, 0			

Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
-		·	
	·		-
	Irritation	Irritation Ulceration	Irritation Ulceration Sloughing

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home	a		18			46.2%
<1 hour		00			4	22.2%
1-4 hours		, 8t			3	16.7%
4-12 hours			<u>5)</u>	10	7	38.9%
12-24 hours	•				0	
24-96 hours					2	11.1%
>96 hours	(91)		74		2	11.1%

If seen in emergency room or
physician's office:
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours
12-24 hours
24-96 hours
>96 hours

SECTION B

Pilot and Comprehensive Studies

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the PRODUCTS FORMULATED FROM THEM,				
October 14, 1975 and February		ious outy	. 13 -	87
000000				2
		•		
Calls by Source:	87			100.0%
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Emergency room		4	2	4.6%
Physician		ĺ		1.1%
Paraprofessional		0		, .
Consumer		82		94.3%
Hospital		0		
Not recorded		0		

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	2	11	7	7	2	1	1	2	4		37	42.5
Female	1	16	13	6	0	4	2	2	6	·	50	57.5
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	3	27	20	13	2	5	3	4	10		87	
% of Total	3.4	31.0	23.0	14.9	2.3	5.7	3.4	4.6	11.5			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Norma 1	1		54	55	63.2
Abnormal	3		29	32	36.8
Unknown					
Total by Observer	4		83	Total =	87
% of Total	4.6	ii 18	95.4	-	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	65	9 0 36 34 10 3	74.7% 13.8% 55.4% 52.3% 15.4% 4.6%
Already in emergency room:	4		4.6%
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	13	13 13 0 9 0 6 6	14.9% 100.0% 100.0% 69.2% 66.7% 66.7% 11.1%
Already in physician's office:	0	(4)	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	2	1 2 0 1 1 0 0 0	2.3% 50.0% 100.0% 50.0% 100.0%
Other .	3		3.4%

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	\$ 	22	5 15 2 0	25.3% 22.7% 68.2% 9.1%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		22	3 10 0 0 0 0 0 0	25.3% 13.6% 45.5% 36.4% 13.6%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	5	22	12 4 4 0 2	25.3% 54.5% 18.2% 18.2% 9.1%

place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	73 12 0 1 0		83.9% 13.8% 1.1%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown		37 0 1 27 0 0 1 3 0 2	50.7% 1.4% 37.0% 1.4% 4.1% 2.7% 2.7%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	20 67		23.0% 77.0%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressur Aerosol spray bottle/can (pre Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	41 10 0 13 10 0 4 9		47.1% 11.5% 14.9% 11.5% 4.6% 10.3%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes No	37 50		42.5% 57.5%
Condition of Product:	96		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	55 30 1 1		63.2% 34.5% 1.1% 1.1%

Warning Label On Product:

	Yes	68		78.2%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown		59 56 43 38 0 7 9	86.8% 82.4% 63.2% 55.9% 10.3% 13.2%
	Other Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:		0	
	Yes No Other Unknown		32 32 4 0	47.1% 47.1% 5.9%
	No Did not notice Unknown Other	1 7 11 0	Ü	1.1% 8.0% 12.6%
Prod	luct Status at Time of Incident:		92	
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other Unknown In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill	23	5 18 6 0 1 6 0 13 13 0 2 2 2 0 5 0 0 7	71.3% 8.1% 29.0% 9.7% 1.6% 9.7% 21.0% 26.4% 8.7% 8.7% 8.7%
	Tubside/shower Garbage Other	_	0 7 5	30.4% 21.7%
	Unknown	1		1.1%
	Other	1		1.1%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

Separate	0		
Mixed Unknown	0		
Other	Ō		
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	73 11 2 0 0		83.9% 12.6% 1.1% 2.3%
Type of Incident:			#/
Accidental Inflicted by another person	86 1		98.9% 1.1%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:	22		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic	3 79 0		3.4% 90.8%
Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 13	•	14.9%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	2 19 38 1 36 0 0		 2.3% 21.8% 43.7% 1.1% 41.4%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain	57 0		65.5%
	Ō		181
Emesis	5		5.7%
Number of episodes:			
1		2	40.0%
		4	
2		2	40.0%
3 or more		1	20.0%
Diarrhea	. 2		2.3%
Mucosal effects:	28		32.2%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify
Mouth	11	12		3
Esophagus	3			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)			:	1

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	14		16.1%
<1 hour		= 1 =	7.2%
1-4 hours		1	7.2%
4-12 hours		5	35.7%
12-24 hours		1	7.2%
24-96 hours		4	28.6%
> 96 hours		2	14.3%
			- P
If seen in emergency room or		70	
physician's office:	16		18.4%
< hour		1	6.3%
1-4 hours		0	
4-12 hours		7	6.3%
12-24 hours		2	12.5%
24-96 hours		2	12.5%
>96 hours		10	62.5%
730 HOULS			

Section C

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures to All Study Agents Except Caustics

Total Number of Calls Received by IRPCC for the Period July 15 -	
October 14, 1975	5097
Total Number of Calls Involving Exposures to Study Products (Ingestion, Inhalation, Percutaneous, Ocular, Other) for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975	387
Total Number of Calls Involing Ingestion Exposures to Study Products and Included in the Soap and Detergent Association Project for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975	223*
Calls by Source: 223	100.0%
Emergency room 2 Physician 1 Paraprofessional 0	0.9% 0.45%
Consumer 220 Hospital 0 Not recorded 0	98.7%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	16	50	26	11	1	2	1	1	4		112	50.2
Female	12	49	28	6	1	4		4	7	<u>,</u>	. 111	49.8
Sex N/R			·									
Total By Age	28	99	54	17	2	6	1	5	11		223	
% of Total	12.6	44.4	24.2	7.6	0.9	2.7	0.45	2.2	4.9		·	100.0

^{*} This data is a summary of all ingestion exposures to study agents excluding caustics.

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal		1	154	155	69.5
Abnorma1	. 1	2	65	68	30.5
Unknown					
Total by Observer	1 .	3	219	Total =	= 223
% of Total	0.45	1.4	98.2	10 tu	

Management:

Other

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	213	10 1 165 70 18 0	95.5% 4.7% 0.47% 77.5% 32.9% 8.5%
Already in emergency room:	2		0.9%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	6	6 0 3 0 3 0	2.7% 100.0% 100.0% 50.0%
Already in physician's office:	1 **	•	0.45%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	1	1 0 1 0 1 1	0.45% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	=	10		5 5 0	100.0% 50.0% 50.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		10		4 5 0 1 0 0 0 0	100.0% 40.0% 50.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other		10	2	9 1 0 0 0	100.0% 90.0% 10.0%

place Where Incident Occurred:	214		96.0% 2.2%
Home Outdoors	5 0		0.9%
School Workplace	5 0 2 0 2		
Unknown Other	2	¥8	0.9%
If in Home, Room:		66	30.8%
Kitchen		0 6	2.8%
Dining room Living room		95	44.4%
Bathroom		7	3.3%
Bedroom		1	0.5% 15.0%
Family room		32 4	1.9%
Laundry room		0	
Basement	25	Ö	
Garage Unknown		3	1.4%
Other	= <		
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:	_ 50		2 6%
	8		3.6% 96.4%
Yes No	215		30:470
Type of Container: *	132		58.7%
Pour-out bottle/can	16		7.1%
a bottle (non-Suray)	7		3.1% 6.7%
L-110/000 (NON-111P)	15		14.7%
Aerosol spray bottle/call (pressur 1200)	33		5.3%
Carton/box	12		
Paper wrapper Unknown	0 * 10	(4)	4.4%
Other	10		
Product in Original Container:			
	129		57.9%
Yes	94	520	42.2%
No			

165

57 0

1

74.0%

25.6%

0.45%

Condition of Product:

Other

Unknown

As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water

^{*} Data from 2 exposures involving mixed products are tabulated here; therefore, N = 225, rather than 223.

Warning Label on Product: *

1101						
	Yes Type of warning:	108		40		48.0%
Ball	Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners			63 65 23 81 19		58.3% 60.2% 21.3% 75.0% 17.6%
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown			4 0 0 1	*	3.7% 0.9%
la.	Other Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:			6		5.6%
	Yes No Other Unknown	,	*	57 49 . 1 1		52.8% 45.4% 0.9% 0.9%
	No Did not notice Unknown Other	78 22 16			ž .	34.7% 9.8% 7.1% 0.4%
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:					
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven	158		23 47 15 5 38 0		70.9% 14.6% 29.8% 9.5% 3.2% 24.1%
	Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other			7 3 18 2		4.4% 1.9% 11.4% 1.3%
	<pre>In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink</pre>	60 ·	w ±	7 10 1 1 20		26.9% 11.7% 16.7% 1.7% 1.7% 33.3%
	On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other	*		1 2 6 12		1.7% 3.3% 10.0% 20.0%
	Unknown	2				0.9%
	Other	3				1.4%

 $^{^*}$ Data from 2 exposures involving mixed products are tabulated here; therefore, N = 225, rather than 223.

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: Separate Mixed 2 100.0% Unknown 0 Other 0 Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: teaspoonful 201 90.1% 1-3 teaspoonsful 18 8.1% 1-3 tablespoonsful 2 0.9% 2 1/5-1/2 cupful 0.9% >1 cupful 0 0 Unknown Type of Incident: 221 99.1% **Accidental** 0.9% 2 Inflicted by another person Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: 10 None 212 Gave water or milk Gave an emetic 0 0 Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid 6 Basis for Initial Treatment Given: 6 2.7% None (no specific reason) Information on product label 14 6.3% 136 Advice from poison control center 61.0% Advice from physician 0 71 31.8% Personal judgement Advice from non-professional 0

3

2

1.4%

0.9%

Unknown

Other

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	140		62.8%
	3		1.4%
Abdominal pain	11		4.9%
Emesis	34		15.3%
Number of episodes:			
1		21	61.8%
2		4	11.8%
3 or more		9	26.5%
Diarrhea	41		18.4%
Mucosal effects:	9		4.0%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	7	1		1
Esophagus	1			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)		1		

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre> <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours</pre>	8 - 4 0-	78	38 7 15 8 5	34.9% 48.7% 9.0% 19.2% 10.3% 6.4%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:		5	1 1 2 0 0	2.2% 20.0% 20.0% 20.0% 40.0%

Distribution of Calls by Day and Time Block For the Pilot Study

, 9, O.F.	Total	6.0		18.4	26.5	31.4	22.9		
Mosn hv	time*	0.3		5.9	8.4	10.0	7.3		
To+01	time	2	0	41	29	70	51		
	SAT			7	9	14	10		المراجع والمجاورة
	FRI	-			7	12	5		
	THURS			7	10	8		one (
	WED			4	6	8	6		
DAY OF THE WEEK	TUES			12	. 13	10	6		
DAY	MON			9	6	10	6		
	SUN			4	5	8	2		
	TIME	0001-0400	0401-0800	0801-1200	1201-1600	1601-2000	2001-2359	N/R	

2.9	17.0	
2.0	11.7	
2.5	14.4	
2.3	13.5	
3.2	19.7	
2.6	15.3	
1.5	8.5	
Mean by Day**	% of Total	

223

TOTAL

38

56

32

30

44

34

19

Total by Day

^{*} Calculated by dividing the total number of cases per time block by the number of days per week.

^{**} Calculated by dividing the total number of cases per individual day by the number of individual days per reporting period.

TABLE C-2

Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block at Which Symptoms Subsided for the Pilot Study

		<i>S</i> 1	SYMPTOMS SI	SUBSIDED AT	(HOURS)				
	INITIAL	· - v	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96<	TOTAL FREQUENCY	% SUBSTANCE
6600000 06600300 06600300 06600400 06600500 06600500 06000300 06000300 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500 06000500				**************************************	*			20 20 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5.8 AUTOMATIC DISHWASHING GRANUL 0.5 Calgonite Cascade Dishwasher All Finish 0.9 Electrosol Other Electric Dishwashin Detergents Without Bleacl Other Electric Lishwashin Detergents Without Bleacl Other Electric Dishwashin Detergents Without Bleacl Camay Caress Dove 0.5 Life Buoy Lux Palmolive 0.5 Safeguard Woodbury 0.5 Safeguard Woodbury 2.2 Liquid Hand Soaps 0.5 Borax Powdered Hand Soap
	04					10	•	22	-

Case managed in emergency room or physician's office. More than one product involved in exposure.

		SYMPTOMS	OMS SUBSIDED	NED AT (HOURS	IRS)					
	INITIAL	V	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96 <	FREQUENCY .	3 6	SUBSTANCE
000000	ראבר							37	16.5 BL	BLEACHES Granular Containing Na20;
04500100	:					C.		:	0.5	
04500200			14					2	6.0	Containing
04500300	· _					E (17)	e a	100 -		Hypochlorite Other
04500400						26		R M		ntaining Na
04500500		•				•		ě		Containing
04500600	Ç	*		*		,		9(2.7	
04200700	V				0	•	•			Liquid Containing Other
04500300			e K				خسمي	V 11		Commercial Bleaches
04500900	٠.		•							Bleaches Mixed Mich Come Cleaning Agents
00010010										Beads '0' Bleach
04500001	÷	(-	20	*	_		26	11.6	Clorox
04500002	10,3*	ר י	9.		- ` -		,	2	o. 0	Purex
,	-		·	•				W.		2 2 A
						,		•	ACC MAG	preminental troitos
טטטטטטאט		٠				(2)	Y2	6		
06700100	_		•				E 10		0	A & P
06700200			i si	*) %		÷	2. J. S. Marie	- !	L	Chiffon
06/00300		· ·						- 0	n o	Dawn Tvorv Liouid
06700500	_				-		*	- ·	0.0	
00900290			_		-))	Lux
06700700			-	•						Palmolive
06700800	•		-	•	در المراجع الم					Thwill
06701000							~~~	a		Trend
06701100		×2	8			o esper				•
06701200	,			,				2	0.9	Other Dishwashing Liqui
06/01300		3		•			,	-	===	24
			ē	•	187 es		1 (9) (9) (5) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	* (2	w w	
2.					1.6		25	+1	0%	

	1	SYM	SYMPTOMS SUBSIDED	AT	(HOURS)					
	CALL	- >	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96 <	TOTAL	26	SUBSTANCE
06300000								1	4.9	FABRIC CARE PRODUCTS Bounce
06300200	2						10 11	. 2	0.0	Downy Nu-Soft
06300400			U.S.			11 23 27		8	0.0	-
00900890				×	*				0.2	Other Fabric Whiteners
06300700			3							Shoe Polish Bluing Powder
06303000	4-		s .			II.		4 0	1.8	Other Hydrocarb/Det/Prew Other Detergent Prewashe
06500000	2						**	17 3	r.	GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENT
06500100	Chances		•					:		Ajax
06500300 06500400					*		0			. Amway Arm & Hammer
06500500		•	# 17	•		a ¹¹				Axion Biz
06500700					51			56 53	i.	Bold
06500500				:	·	5.				Breeze
06501000			\$	35	ii			ii i	0 .5	Cold Power
06501200 06501300			•					(*1 1	3	Dash Dreft
06501400 06501500	•		1					16		>
06501600				•		Y.				Duz Soap Fab
06501800	2							2	6.0	Gain Ivory Flakes
06502000			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9					: Ivory Snow Miracle White
06502200 06502300										Oxydol
06502400								•		Salvo
		OI CI	8 P B			121	·			2

		SYME	SYMPTOMS SUBS	SUBSIDED AT (H	(HOURS)					
	INITIAL	< 1	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96 <	FREQUENCY	≫	SUBSTANCE
06502600 06502700 06502800		2						m	· m	
06503100 06503100 06503100 06503200 06503400		·	* 85		* <u>-</u>			. 44	0.0 0.0 0.0	Sall Enzyme Laur ents with E Anionic Det Low Phospha Detergents
00203200										Other Detergents with Ble and/or Bacteriocidal Pro
06200000	2			:	`·*		r	52 3.	23.1	HOUSEHOLD CARE PRODUCTS Ajax Cleaner Ajax With Ammonia
06200200 06200300 06200400	ഹ	. 5							3.5	Comet Handy Andy
06200500	<u> </u>		-				3 1 V 1	- 5.	0.0	neı
06200800	+ +		•		•			- 20	6.0	Mr. Clean Spic & Span Ton-Joh
06201000 06201100 06201200	5 + 1 - 2							ယက 	2.7	Window Cleaners Ammonia Cleaner
06201300	t.	-	7		-		8 1 1 9 2	L 4 E	0.5 1.8 1.3	Other Liquid Floor/Wall (Other Cleansers with Blee
06201600	2 4				•		•	4		Pine-Sol Copper Cleaners
06201800					•			3 557 25 763		Apex
				-					20	

06201900	the same of the sa		-			
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	7	24-96	96.<	TOTAL FREQUENCY	%	SUBSTANCE
0000 0000					0.5	Tide Bowl 409 Cleaner
0000 00000		Many conference	a sire and		0.5	Blue Boy Sani-Blue
88888				Lī	0.5	Sno Bowl Other Tub & Tile Cleaners Other Toilet Bowl Cleaners Other Anionic Detergents
				14	6.2	LIQUID LAUNDRY DETERGENTS Cold Water All
06400500				9	2.7	Era Dynamo Sears
06400600 1,1*	p-mi			m r	<u>ب</u> د	
06400800 3				- ო	1.3	Grease Kellet Other Non-Ionic Detergents
06800000 6,1* 5		_		13	5.8	RUG AND UPHOLSTERY SHAMPOOS
06100000		510		36	17.4	SHAMPOOS Alberto VO-5
06100300 6 3 06100400 6 1		_		- 0[0.4 5.5	Breck Head and Shoulders
е <u>–</u>		-		- LO F-	0.00 0.00 0.00	nerbal Essence Johnson and Johnson Prell
06100700 06100800 06100800		t e		•		Protein 21 Selsun Blue
06101000 10 3 5,1+	5,1+		2	2.1	9.3	White Rain Other Shampoos
					-	3.24
						4

Summary: Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block at Which Symptoms Subsided for the Pilot Study

		SY	MPTOMS SI	SYMPTOMS SUBSIDED AT (HOURS)	(HOURS)					
7 1000	INITIAL	-	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96 <	TOTAL FREQUENCY	96	SUBSTANCE
CODE	רטרוי	,								
00000330	-	2						23	5.8%	Automatic Dishwashing Det.
0000000				+	*			20	8.0%	Bar Soaps
00000000	† L) F	r	*	*	2	i i	37	16.5%	Bleaches
04500000	15,3%	60		, ,	, ,			e Sy	4.0%	Dishwashing Liquids
00000290	က	m		7	 1			-	4,9%	Fabric Care Products
000000590	6		lit.	ſŝ				- !		John Dot
06500000	6	4	*					-11	%9./	Granular Lauliuly Dec.
	30,24	m	က	-	2		2	52	23.1%	Household Care Products
00500000		, ,		^				14	6.2%	Liquid Laundry Det.
0640000		ი		1				en en	5.8%	Rug & Upholstery Shampoos
00000890	*[,9	ഹ	Ų.) (90 7.1	Chamble
00000190	21	4	က	+1,9		2	N	33	%C./	
	•	-								25

^{*} Case managed in emergency room or physician's office.

⁺ More than one product involved in exposure.

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports	in the Category	AUTOMATIC D	ISHWASHING GRANULES,
06600000, for the Period	d July 15 - Octobe	er 14, 1975	* ii

13

Calls by Source:	13	100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional	100 gr	0
Consumer Hospital Not recorded	2 I	3 100.0% 0 0

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+.	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		2	1								3	23.1
Female	1	4	2	2					1		10	76.9
Sex N/R							l .	·				·
Total By Age	1	6	3	2					1		13	
% of Total	7.7	46.2	23.1	15.4					7.7		-	100.0

100.0%

100.0% 23.1% 7.7%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal .			9	9	69.2
Abnormal -			4	4	30.8
Unknown	=		·		
Total by Observer			13	Total =	. 12
% of Total			100.0	iocai	13

Management:

Other

	At home: Observation only Ipecac	13	0	10 38
	Demulcents Dilution Irrigation	= **	13 3 1	
	Other		Ö	
	Already in emergency room:	0 -		
	Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R.	· 0		
	Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to reterral: Ipecac			
60	Demulcent Irrigation Other	2		153
	Already in physician's office:	0		
	Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents	0		
	Irrigation Other			

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: 0 Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply Treatment: 0 None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes **Other** Unknown Disposition: 0 Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown **Other**

Place Where Incident Occurred:

lace	Wilere Incident occurred.			
	Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	13 0 0 0 0	20	100.0%
	If in Home, Room:			
	Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom		11 0 0 0 0	84.6%
<i>*</i>	Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other	a .	0 2 0 0 0	15.4%
Patier	t Seen in Emergency Room:			
Coopela	Yes No	0 13		100.0%
Type o	of Container:			
	Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	0 0 0 0 13 0		100.0%
Produ	ct in Original Container:			
	Yes No	6 7	9	46.2% 53.8%
Condi	tion of Product:	0		
	As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	7 6 0		53.8% 46.2%

Warning Label on Product:

Yes	- 11		84.6%
Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown Other		11 9 1 6 0 0 0 0	100.0% 81.8% 9.1% 54.6%
Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes No Other		7 4 0 0	63.6% 36.4%
Unknown No Did not notice Unknown Other	1 1 0 .~ 0	9 8 11	7.7% 7.7%
Product Status at Time of Incident:			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other Unknown	9	1 0 0 0 0 5 0	69.2% 11.1% 11.1%
In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other	4	0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0	30.8% 50.0% 50.0%
Unknown	0		
Other	0		

1

7.7%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: 0. Separate 0 Mixed 0 Unknown 0 Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: 100.0% <l teaspoonful</pre> 13 0 1-3 teaspoonsful 0 1-3 tablespoonsful 0 1/5-1/2 cupful 0 >1 cupful Unknown Type of Incident: 100.0% 13 Accidental 0 Inflicted by another person Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: None 13 100.0% Gave water or milk 0 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 7.7% Other home treatment or first-aid Basis for Initial Treatment Given: None (no specific reason) 38.5% Information on product label 69.2% Advice from poison control center Advice from physician

Personal judgement

Unknown Other

Advice from non-professional

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	11	¥ = 1	84.6%
Nausea	0		
Abdominal pain	0		
Emesis	2		15.4%
Number of episodes:	188		
1		1	50.0%
2		1	50.0%
3 or more		0	
Diarrhea	0		
Mucosal effects:	0		

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	2	15.4%
1 hour		2 100.0%
1-4 hours	9 8)
4-12 hours	()
12-24 hours	()
24-96 hours	. ()
>96 hours	()

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Repor	rts in the	Category BAR	SOAPS, C	0600000,
for the Period July	15 - Octob	er 14, 1975		

19

Calls by Source:	19	100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital	0 0 0 19 0	100.0%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	5	6	1	1							13	68.4
Female	1	3	1	1				·			6	31.6
Sex N/R						·						
Total By Age	6	9	2	2							19	
% of Total	31.6	47.4	10.5	10.5								100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			:	16	16	84.2
Abnormal			·	3	3	15.8
Unknown						
Total by Observer			·	-19	Total =	1 9
% of Total				100.0	1000	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	18 94.7% 1 5.6% 0 13 72.2% 5 27.8% 0
Already in emergency room:	0
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Pagorm arrived Pacrenic did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	1 5.3% 1 100.0% 1 100.0% 0 1 100.0% 0 1 100.0% 0 0 0
Already in physician's office:	0
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0
Other	0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	1	1 0 0 0	5.3% 100.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	1	0 0 0 0 0 0	5.3% 100.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	" 1	1 0 0 0 0	5.3% 100.0%

19

0

0

100.0%

Condition of Product:

Other

Unknown

As purchased

Diluted/dissolved in water

Warning Label on Product:

	8			07 60
	Yes	6		31.6%
	Type of warning: Ingestion		2	33.3%
	Eye		2	33.3%
	Skin		0 5	84.3%
	Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cle		0	04.3%
	Do not breathe vapor	aners	0	
	Do not use with bleach		0	
	Did not notice		0 0	
	Unknown Other		. 0	
	Had patient/parent read warning			
	prior to accident:		_	~
	Yes		Ţ	16.7% 84.3%
	No Other	9	5 0	04.3%
	Unknown		ő	
	No .	12		63.2%
	Did not notice	9 O		5.3%
	Unknown Other	0		3.3%
	o one i			
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use:	14		73.7%
	On floor	14	1	7.1%
	On sink/counter top		3	21.4%
	On table		0 ×	
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower		10	71.4%
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher		0	
	Toilet bowl		0	
	Other	- 12	0	
	In storage:	5		26.3%
	On low shelves (<3' high)]	20.0%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest		0	20.0%
	Closet floor		Ö	
	Under sink		3	60.0%
	On window sill		0	
	Tubside/shower Garbage		0	
	Other		0	
	Unknown	0		
	Other	0		
	40161			

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: Separate 100.0% 1 Mixed 0 Unknown 0 Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: 89.5% 17 teaspoonful 2 10.5% 1-3 teaspoonsful 0 1-3 tablespoonsful 0 1/5-1/2 cupful 0 >1 cupful 0 Unknown Type of Incident: 19 100.0% Accidental Inflicted by another person 0 Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: 10.5% 2 84.2% 16 Gave water or milk 0 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 5.3% Other home treatment or first-aid Basis for Initial Treatment Given: 5.3% 1 None (no specific reason) 0 Information on product label 63.2% 12 Advice from poison control center 0 Advice from physician 26.3% 5 Personal judgement 0 Advice from non-professional 5.3% 1 Unknown

0

Other

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None		14		73.7%
Nausea	4.5	0		5.3%
Abdominal pain Emesis		2		10.5%
Number of episodes:			2	100.0%
2			0	
3 or more		3	0	15.8%
Diarrhea Mucosal effects:	`	2		10.5%

Į	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	2	ŕ		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	s	4	3 0 0 1 0	21.1% 75.0% 25.0%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:		1	0 0 0 1 0	5.3%

Section D Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category BLEACHES, 04500000 for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975 37 Calls by Source: 37 100.0% Emergency room 2.7% Physician 1 2.7% Paraprofessional 0 Consumer 35 94.6% Hospital 0 0 Not recorded

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	2.	7	4	2		2		1	1		19	51.4
Female		5	7			2		1	3		18	48.7
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	2	12	11	2		4		2	4		37	
% of Total	5.4	32.4	29.7	5.4		10.8		5.4	10.8		-	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	·	1	16	17	46.0
Abnormal	1	1	18	20	54.1
Unknown	·				
Total by Observer	1	2	34	Total =	■ 37
% of Total	2.7	5.4	91.9	J1971	

Management:

Other

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	41 42 43 43 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	31	2 0 26 9 2	83.8% 6.5% 83.9% 29.0% 6.5%
Already in emergency room:		1		2.7%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		3	3 3 0 1 0 1 0	8.1% 100.0% 100.0% 33.3% 100.0%
Already in physician's office:	6.	1	•	2.7%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other		1	1 0 1 0 1 1 0	2.7% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%
Other		0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	-	6		3 3 0 0	16.2% 50.0% 50.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	3	6	*)	1 5 0 0 0 0 0	16.2% 16.7% 83.3%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	<i>a</i>	6	ě	6 0 0 0 0	16.2% 100.0%

24

13

0

0

64.9%

35.1%

Condition of Product:

Other

Unknown

As purchased

Diluted/dissolved in water

Warning Label on Product:

·		27		73.0%
Yes Type	Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown		25 24 21 26 19 0 0 0	92.6% 88.9% 77.8% 96.3% 70.4%
Had	Other patient/parent read warning		a s	3.176
p	rior to accident: Yes No Other Unknown	*	11 14 1	40.7% 51.9% 3.7% 3.7%
	not notice nown	5 5 . 0		13.5% 13.5%
Product St	atus at Time of Incident:		18	19
In	use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other	29	5 11 3 3 1 0 1	78.4% 17.2% 37.9% 10.3% 10.3% 3.5% 3.5% 3.5% 13.7%
In	storage:	8	n e o	21.6%
3	On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest		0 2 0	25.0%
	Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other	n Ša	3 0 0 0 3	37.5% 37.5%
Un	known	0		
0t	her	0	a	(*)

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful</pre>	29 7	78.4% 18.9%
1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown	0 1 0 0	2.7%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	36 1	97.3% 2.7%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Untrown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 37 0 0	100.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 7 19 0 13 0 0	18.9% 51.4% 35.1%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

		18		48.7%
		ì	.9	2.7%
	6	i		2.7%
×		12		32.4%
			7	58.3%
			2	16.7%
			3	25.0%
		4		10.8%
		4		10.8%
	N H		4	1 1 12 7 2 3

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	3			1
Esophagus	1			
Stomach ·				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	16		43.2%
<1 hour		10	62.5%
1-4 hours		1	6.3%
4-12 hours		2	12.5%
12-24 hours		ī	6.3%
24-96 hours		2	12.5%
>96 hours		Ō	.21070
If seen in emergency room or			
physician's office:	3 14		8.1%
<1 hour		1	33.3%
1-4 hours		0	
4-12 hours		7	33.3%
12-24 hours		7	33.3%
24-96 hours		0	
>96 hours	,	0	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain Emesis	*	ų.	18 1 1 12	×	48.7% 2.7% 2.7% 32.4%
Number of episodes:					7_1.7
*				7	58.3%
2				2	. 16.7%
3 or more				3 💩	25.0%
Diarrhea			4		10.8%
Mucosal effects:			4		10.8%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	3			1
Esophagus	1			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	16	10 1 2 1 2 0	43.2% 62.5% 6.3% 12.5% 6.3% 12.5%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:	3		8.1%
<1 hours	Ü	1 0	33.3%
4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	4	1 1 0 0	33.3% 33.3%

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category DISHWASHING LIQUIDS, 06700000, for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

q

Calls by Source:	9	100.0%
Emergency room Physician	0 0	St. _{st}
Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital		100.0%
Not recorded	0	V

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	1		1	1					2		5	55.6
Female		1	2					1			4.	44.4
Sex N/R				·								
Total By Age	1	1	3	1				7	2		9	
% of Total	11.1	11.1	33.3	11.1		·		11.1	22.2			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal		<u>.</u>	- 7	7	77.8
Abnorma1		10	2	2	22.2
Unknown	·				
Total by Observer			-9	Total =	: 9
% of Total			100.0	90 %	

Management:

_	4 Circle 6 -				
	At home: Observation only		9	0	100.0%
	Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other			0 7 3 0 0	77.8% 33.3%
	Already in emergency room:		0		
	Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R.	>==	0		
	Patient arrived Patient did not arrive	£			
	Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation	н			
	Other				
	Already in physician's office:		0	8	
	Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did nat arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac		0	ũ	
	Demulcents Irrigation Other				8
	Other		0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: 0 Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply Treatment: 0 None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown Disposition: 0 Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown **Other**

		Dish	nwashing	Liquid	s - Cont.
Place Where Incident Occurred:					
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other		8 1 0 0 0			88.9% 11.1%
If in Home, Room:					
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other	O N			7 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	87.5%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		9.			
Yes No		0 9			100.0%
Type of Container:					P.1
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	;(5) N	0 9 0 0 0 0			100.0%
Product in Original Container:					
Yes No		4 5		e.	44.4% 55.6%
Condition of Product:		();			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown		6 3 0 0		×	66.7% 33.3%

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	· 0		
	Type of warning:		5 E	
	Ingestion			
	Eye	24		
	Skin	P.		9 6
	Keep out of reach of children			
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners			
	Do not breathe vapor			
	Do not use with bleach			3.5
	Did not notice	50		
	Unknown Other			
	Had patient/parent read warning			
	prior to accident:	0		
	Yes	Ü		
	No			
	Other			
	Unknown			
	No	9		100.0%
	Did not notice	0		1001070
	Unknown	0 =		
	0ther	- 0		
roduc	t Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use.	7		77 00
	In use: On floor	7	1	77.8% 14.3%
	On sink/counter top		5	71.4%
	On table		ő	7 1 . 47/0
	On washer/dryer		Ö	
3	Tubside/shower		0	
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher	160	0	
	Toilet bowl		0	
	Other	79	Ō	7.4.00
	Unknown	22	1	14.3%
	In storage:	2	_	22.2%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		0	
	On high shelves (>3' high)		0	
	Medicine chest Closet floor		0	
	Under sink		0 0 2 0	100.0%
	On window sill		ņ	100.0%
	Tubside/shower	3	ŏ	
	Garbage		Ö	
	Other		Ō	
	. (2)			
	Unknown	0		
	Othor			
	Other	0		

	- 51				
If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:					
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0				а
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:					
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	6 3 0 0 0	g:		: :	66.7% 33.3%
Type of Incident:					
Accidental Inflicted by another person	9	Ø.			100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:			-		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 8 0 0	ø			11.1% 88.9%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			C		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 5 0 2 0 1	æ			55.6% 22.2% 11.1% 11.1%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea			•	3		33.3%
Abdominal pain				1		11.1%
Emesis]		11.1%
Number of episodes:						
1 "					0	
ż					Õ	
3 or more		84			1	100.0%
Diarrhea				4		44.4%
Mucosal effects:	798		`	0		

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth		·		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	6	66.7%
1 hour		3 50.0%
1-4 hours		0
4-12 hours		2 33.3%
12-24 hours		1 16.7%
24-96 hours		0
>96 hours		0

If	seen in emergency room or physician's office:	()
	<1 hour		
	1-4 hours		
	4-12 hours		
	12-24 hours		
	24-96 hours		
	>96 hours		

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category, FABRIC CARE PRODUCTS, 06300000, for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

11

Calls by Source:	11	19	3	100.0%
Emergency room Physician		0	*. *.	
Paraprofessional Consumer		0 11		100.0%
Hospital Not recorded		0 0		

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		5	1	2							8	72.7
Female	1	1	1								3	27.3
Sex N/R Total By Age												
	1	6	2	2							11 -	
% of Total	9.1	54.5	18.2	18.2								100.0

100.0%

100.0% 9.1% 36.4%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal				9	9	81.8
Abnormal				2	2	18.2
Unknown			·			
Total by Observer)		11	Total = 11	
% of Total			127	100.0		

Management:

Other

igement:	
At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	11 0 0 11 1 4 0
Already in emergency room:	0
Referred to emergency room: Notified ER Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	
Already in physician's office:	0
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	

0

0

0

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status:
Asymptomatic
Symptomatic
Unknown

Does not apply

Treatment:

None Demulcents Lavage Emesis

Activated charcoal

Cathartics
Antidotes
Other
Unknown

Disposition:

Sent home

Admitted to hospital

Referred to another hospital

Agency referral

Unknown Other

155

Place Where Incident Occurred:

	Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	11 0 0 0 0		100.0%
	Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other		1 0 1 1 1 0 7 0 0 0	9.1% 9.1% 9.1% 9.1% 63.6%
Pati	ent Seen in Emergency Room:	E .		
	Yes No of Container:	o 0 11	26.	100.0%
Турс	Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	3 1 0 7 0 0 0		27.3% 9.1% 63.6%
Prod	uct in Original Container:	PAG	6 0	
	Yes	10 1	ar : = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	90.9% 9.1%
Cond	ition of Product:	*		
	As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	10 1 0 0		90.9% 9.1%

Warning Label On Product:

	Yes		7		63.6%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye	3	54	4 6	0
	Skin			0	
	Keep out of reach of children			5 0	
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners			3	
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach			Ö	
	Did not notice			0	
	Unknown	`		0	2 7
	Other	27	62	0 =	- N
	Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:				<u>~</u>
	Yes	- A1 - E1		2	28.6%
	No	ß	A	2 5 0	71.4%
	Other				
	Unknown		3	0	27.3%
	No Did not notice		ĭ		9.1%
	Unknown		0		
	Other		0	-	
Prod	uct Status at Time of Incident:		i i		
	In use:		8	3460	72.7%
	On floor			2 2	25.0%
	On sink/counter top			3	25.0%
	On table On washer/dryer			3	37.5% 12.5%
	Tubside/shower			Ò	12.0%
	Oven			0	
	Dishwasher			0	
	Toilet bowl		•	. 0	
	Other				
	In storage:		3		27.3%
	On low shelves (<3' high)	3		2	66.7%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest	= 1		Û	33.3%
	Closet floor			ŏ	
	Under sink			0	
	On window sill		2.7	0	2.00
	Tubside/shower Garbage			- 0	
	Other			0	T _K
			_	T I	
	Unknown		0		
	Other		0		
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T				

A		
If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		-1
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0	ē
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	11 0 0 0 0 0	100.0%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	11 0	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 11 0 0 0	- 100.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Person judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown	0 0 8 0 3 % 0	72.7% 27.3%
0ther	U	

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	9 0	81.8% 9.1%
Abdominal pain	ò	9.1%
Emesis	a 1	9.1%
Number of episodes:		
~ 1	1	100.0%
2	0	22
3 or more	. 0	
Diarrhea	0	
Mucosal effects:	, 0	

350	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth			·	
Esophagus			-	
Stomach				
Other (Specify)			^.	

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	,			2		18.2%
<1 hour					7	50.0%
1-4 hours	12		(8)		0	18
4-12 hours					0	
12-24 hours					1	50.0%
24-96 hours		84			0	
> 96 hours			1 2		0	

Section D

Prlot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENTS, 06500000, for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

17

Calls by Source:	17	100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital Not recorded	0 0 0 17 0	100 . 0%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	5	2	1		,					11	64.7
Female	1	2	3	·							6	35.3
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	4	7	5	7					-		17	
% of Total	23.5	41.2	29.4	5.9							-	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal				16	16	94.1
Abnormal				1	1	5.9
Unknown						
Total by Observer				17	Total =	= 17
% of Total				100.0	2.2	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	16	1 0 10 8 0	94.1% 6.3% 62.5% 50.0%
Already in emergency room:	0		
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	1	1 1 0 0	5.9% 100.0% 100.0%
Already in physician's office:	0	12.1	6
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0		
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	æ	1	0 1 0 0	5.9% 100.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		1	0 0 0 1 0 0 0	5.9%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other		1	1 0 0 0 0 0	5.9% 100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Place where incident occurred.			
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	17 0 0 0 0	- s a	100.0%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen Dining room		1	5.9%
Living room Bathroom Bedroom		0 3 2 0	17.7% 11.8%
Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other	0 2	0 8 3 0 0	47.1% 17.7%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	1 16	S.	5.9% 94.1%
Type of Container:		8	
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	0 0 0 0 15 0 2	.es	88.2%
Product in Original Container:	8		
Yes No	10 7		58.8% 41.2%
Condition of Product:	541		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	13 4 0 0		76.5% 23.5%

Warning Label on Product:

Wallit					
	Yes	3			17.7%
	Type of warning:	<		1	33.3%
	Ingestion			2	66.7%
	Eye Skin			0	
	Keep out of reach of children			2	66.7%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners			0	35
	Do not breathe vapor			0	
et.	Do not use with bleach			0	
	Did not notice	`		Ö	
	Unknown	(40)		0	
	Other Had patient/parent read warning	60			
	prior to accident:				
	Yes	2		1	33.3%
	No			2	66.7%
	Other			0	
	Unknown	٥		U	52.9%
	No Did not notice	9 2 3			11.8%
	Did not notice Unknown	3			17.7%
	Other	n O			
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:				
	In use:	5	5 "		29.4%
	On floor	J		2	40.0%
	On sink/counter top			2	40.0%
	On table				
· · · · · · · · ·	On washer/dryer			0	
40	Tubside/shower			0	
	Oven Dishwasher			0	
	Toilet bowl			Ŏ	
	Other			1	20.0%
+ 1	In storage:	11			64.7%
	On low shelves (<3' high)			0	9.1%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest	84		Ö	
	Closet floor			1	9.1%
	Under sink			0	
	On window sill	49		0	
	Tubside/shower			0	
	Garbage			0 0 0 9	81.8%
	Other			,	
	Unknown	1	S		5.9%
		0			
	Other .	U			

If More	Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		
	Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	8
Estimat	ce of Amount of Material Ingested:		
	<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	15 2 0 0 0	88.2% 11.8%
Type o	f Incident:	12.7	
/2	Accidental Inflicted by another person	17 0	100.0%
Type	of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		
	None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 17 0 0	100.0%
Basis	for Initial Treatment Given:		
	None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 10 0 8 0 0	58.8% 47.1%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	8 1	9		52.9%
Nausea Abdominal pain		0		
Emesis		3		17.7%
Number of episodes:			2	100.0%
1			0	100.0%
3 or more		_	0	00 4%
Diarrhea		5		29.4% 5.9%
Mucosal effects:			9	3.5%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth		1		·
Esophagus		·		
Stomach				
Other (Specify)		1		

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours</pre>	7	41.2% 4 57.1% 0
4-12 hours		1 14.3%
12-24 hours		1 14.3%
24-96 hours		0
>96 hours		1 14.3%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	5.9%
<pre><1 hour</pre>	184	1 100.0%
1-4 hours		1 100.0%
4-12 hours		0
12-24 hours		0
24-96 hours		Ŏ
>96 hours		8

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category HOUSEHOLD CARE PRODUCTS, 06200000 for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

51

Calls by Source:	51	- 6	100.0%
Emergency room	57	0	
Physician	M	0	 *
Paraprofessional	*	0	
Consumer		51	100.0%
Hospital		0	
Not recorded		0 %	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	2	11	8	4	1		1 .				27	52.9
Female	2	11	5	2	1	2		1			24	47.1
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	4	22	13	6	2	2	1	1	·		51	·
% of Total	7.8	43.1	25.5	11.8	3.9	3.9	2.0	2.0			-	100.0

100.0%

72.6% 39.2% 11.8%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

	1					
Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal				37	37	72.6
Abnormal	· <u>=</u>			14	14	27.5
Unknown	٠.		. 511			
Total by Observer				-51	Total = 51	
% of Total				100.0		

Management:

Other

nagement:				
At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other		51	3 0 37 20 6 0	v E
Already in emergency room:	18	0,		10
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	18	0		\$ W
Already in physician's office:		0	•	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	in the second se	0		

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: 0 Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply 0 Treatment: None **Demulcents** Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown Disposition: 0 Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown **Other**

place Where Incident Occurred:

Place	Miles & Islandaria occurry Car			
	Home Outdoors School	47 1 0		92.2%
	Workplace	1		2.0%
	Unknown Other	0 2	9	3.9%
	Other	۷		3.3%
	If in Home, Room:			1 5
	Kitchen	`	11	23.4%
	Dining room	`	0	
	Living room		1	2.1%
	Bathroom		27	57.5%
	Bedroom		2 1	4.3% 2.1%
	Family room	-	2	4.3%
	Laundry room	a u	1	2.1%
	Basement		Ö	2.170
	Garage Unknown		ő	
	Other		2	4.3%
	Other			
Patier	t Seen in Emergency Room:			
U	Yes	0		
	No	51		100.0%
		-		
Type o	f Container:			
	Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper	37* 2 6 3 2* 0		71.2% 3.9% 11.5% 5.8% 3.9%
	Unknown Other	- 0 2		3.9%
Produc	t in Original Container:	2 * 2		3.9%
	Yes	30		58.8%
	No	21		41.2%
	110		-	
Condit	ion of Product:	N)		
	As purchased	34		66.7%
	Diluted/dissolved in water	16		31.4%
	Other	0		31.70
	Unknown	ĭ		2.0%

^{*} Two products (mixed) were involved in one exposure.

Warning Label on Product:

-					
	Yes	26*			50.0%
	Type of warning:			8	30.8%
	Ingestion			13	50.0%
	Eye Skin			0	00.070
	Keep out of reach of children			16	61.5%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners			0	
	Do not breathe vapor			0 .	
	Do not use with bleach			0	
	Did not notice			0 1	3.9%
	Unknown		90	1 5	19.2%
	Other			3	13.2%
	Had patient/parent read warning				
	prior to accident:			17	65.4%
	Yes			9	34.6%
	No			0	37.0%
	Other Unknown			0	
	No	14		11.	26.9%
	Did not notice	8			15.4%
	Unknown	4		Y)	7.7%
	Other	= 0			
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:	25			× 60-64
	In use:	35		E	63.6% 14.7%
	On floor			5 14	41.2%
	On sink/counter top On table			3 -	8.8%
	On washer/dryer			1	2.9%
	Tubside/shower			5	14.7%
	Oven			0	
	Dishwasher			0	
	Toilet bowl			3	8.6%
	Other		*	4	11.8%
		15			20 49
	In storage:	15	1	4	29.4% 25.0%
	On low shelves (<3' high)			1	6.3%
	On high shelves (>3' high)			ò	0.0%
	Medicine chest Closet floor		(5)	Ŏ	
	Under sink			-6	37.5%
	On window sill			0	
	Tubside/shower			0	
	Garbage			4	25.0%
	Other			0	
	Unknown	1			2.0%
	Ohlon	^			
	Other	0			

^{*} Two products (mixed) were involved in one exposure.

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

					
	Separate		0.		- 11 - 1
14	Mixed Unknown		1 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	9	100.0%
	Other		0		.11
	" "		0		
Estima	te of Amount of Material Ingested:		140		
×	<pre><l pre="" teaspoonful<=""></l></pre>		48		94.1%
	1-3 teaspoonsful				3.9%
	1-3 tablespoonsful	,	2		
	1/5-1/2 cupful		1	•	2.0%
	>1 cupful	#	0		
	Unknown		U		
Type o	f Incident:	- =			
12	Accidental		50	34	98.0%
	Inflicted by another person		1		2.0%
	X				
Type o	f Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		.0		
,	Nene				÷ 00
Tan F	None Gave water or milk		3 # 15		5.9%
	Gave an emetic		48 0		94.1%
	Unknown		0		
	Other home treatment or first-aid		1 "		2.0%
Basis 1	for Initial Treatment Given:				
	None (no specific reason)		3 = =		5.9%
24	Information on product label		0		
	Advice from poison control center		33		64.7%
	Advice from physician		0 15 ™		29.4%
	Personal judgement		0 **		29.4%
	Advice from non-professional Unknown		Ö		
	Other		0	65	W.

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

	40		78.4%
None Nausea Abdominal pain	2 0 2 2	20	3.9% 3.9%
Emesis Number of episodes:	= = = =	1	50.0%
1 2 3 or more	7	0 1	50.0% 13.7%
Diarrhea Mucosal effects:	, 2		3.9%

Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
2	,		
	·	·	·
·			
	2	2	2

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

		11		21.6%
If mar	naged at home:	11	3	27.3%
	Nour		3 ×	27.3%
	1-4 hours	14	= 1 = 2	9.1%
	4-12 hours		2	18.2%
	12-24 hours		0	
2	24-96 hours	90	2	18.2%
	>96 hours			

If seen in emergency room or
physician's office:
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours
12-24 hours
24-96 hours
>96 hours

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category LIQUID LAUNDRY DETERGENTS, 06400000, for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

14

Calls by Source:	14		100.0%
Emergency room Physician		1,	7.1%
Paraprofessional		_0 _	
Consumer Hospital		13 0	92.9%
Not recorded		0	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		3	2								5	35.7
Female	1	5	2						1		9	64.3
Sex N/R		·										
Total By Age	1	8	4				·		1		14	
% of Total	7.1	57.]	28.6						7.1			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			ė)	9	9	64.3
Abnorma1			1	4	5	35.7
Unknown			F1 C			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total by Observer			1	13	Total =	: 14
% of Total			7.1	92.9	10 00	

Management:

Other

gement:		
At home: Observation only Ipecac	13	92.9% 0
Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	,	84.6% 4 30.8% 1 7.7%
Already in emergency room:	1	7.1%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	0	
Already in physician's office:	0	-
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0	
OCHE		

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	1	0 1 0	7.1%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	1	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7.1% 100.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	100.0%

place Where Incident Occurred:

Place	micre Indiacire occurred.			
	Home Outdoors	13		92.9% 7.1%
	School	0		7 . 1 /0
40	Workplace	Ö		
	Unknown	Ö		
	Other	Ö		
	y una	•		
	If in Home, Room:			
	Kitchen		8 0	61.5%
	Dining room	`		
	Living room		0	
	Bathroom		2	15.4%
	Bedroom		· 0	
	Family room		0	_
	Laundry room		3	23.1%
	Basement		0	
	Garage		0	
	Unknown		0 "	
	Other		0	2
Patien	t Seen in Emergency Room:			
	Yes	1		7.1%
March 1	No	₈ 13		92.9%
Type o	f Container:			
	Pour-out bottle/can	10		71.4%
	Squeeze bottle (non-spray)	3		21.4%
	Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	1		7.1%
	Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized)	0		
	Carton/box	0		
	Paper wrapper	0		
	Unknown	0		
100	Other	0		
roduc	t in Original Container:			
	Vaa	0		57.1%
	Yes 8	8		
	No	6		42.9%
ondi+	ion of Product:		==	
J. I. DILOK	Toll of Product:			
	As purchased	11		78.6%
	Diluted/dissolved in water	3	4	21.4%
	Other	0		□ 1 • ⊤ /0
	Unknown	0		
	UNKNOWII	U		

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes Tuno of waynings		8	(é		57.1%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin		27		2 5 0	25.0% 62.5%
	Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice		* *		6 0 0 0	75.0%
	Unknown Other Had patient/parent read warning				0	
	prior to accident: Yes No Other				6 2 0	75.0% 25.0%
	Unknown No Did not notice Unknown Other	4	3 2 1 0		0	21.4% 14.3% 7.1%
roduc	t Status at Time of Incident:				φ	
	In use: On floor		9		0	64.3%
Barr	On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower				3 3 0 0	33.3% 33.3%
	Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl		z		0 1 0	11.1%
	Other		s e		2	22.2%
	<pre>In storage: On low shelves (<3' high)</pre>		5		0	35.7%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest				1 0	20.0%
	Closet floor Under sink On window sill	9			0 -2 0 0 2	40.0%
	Tubside/shower Garbage Other				0 2 0	40.0%
	Unknown		0			
	Other		0			

7.1%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: Separate 0 Mixed 0 Unknown 0 0 Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: <l teaspoonful</pre> 13 92.9% 1-3 teaspoonsful 0 1-3 tablespoonsful 1 7.1% 1/5-1/2 cupful 0 >1 cupful 0 Unknown 0 Type of Incident: Accidental 14 100.0% Inflicted by another person Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: 0 None 100.0% 14 Gave water or milk 0 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 1 7.1% Other home treatment or first-aid Basis for Initial Treatment Given: None (no specific reason) 14.3% 2 Information on product label Advice from poison control center 6 42.9% Advice from physician 0 6 42.9% Personal judgement 0 Advice from non-professional 0 Unknown

Other

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	26			8			57.1%
Abdominal pain				ĭ		02	7.1%
Emesis				4	29		28.6%
Number of episodes:							
1						2	50.0%
2		- X				0	
3 or more						2	50.0%
Diarrhea				5			35.7%
Mucosal effects:	2		`	0			

**	Irritation	·Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth		Í		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If	managed at home:		6			42.9%
	1 hour				3	50.0%
	1-4 hours				0	
	4-12 hours			0	2	33.3%
	12-24 hours			5	7	16.7%
	24-96 hours		9	12	0	
	>96 hours				0	

If seen in emergency room or physician's office: 0
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours

4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category RUG & UPHOLSTERY SHAMPOOS, 06800000, for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

13

Calls by Source:	13			100.0%
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer	58 ·	0 0 0 13	er er er	100.0%
Hospital Not recorded		0		

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		2	2						1		5	38.5
Female	1	3	. 2	1					1		8	61.5
Sex N/R								·				
Total By Age	1	5	4	1.					2		13	
% of Total	7.7	38.5	30.8	7.7					15.4			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			•	9	9	69.2
Abnormal	·			4	4	30.8
Unknown	*		1			
Total by Observer	·			.13	Total =	= 13
% of Total				100.0		

Management:

Other

	N	
At home: Observation only	12	92.3% 1 8.3%
Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	y 2 4 1	-
Already in emergency room:	0	
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	35	7.7% 1 100.0% 1 100.0% 0 1 100.0% 0 1 100.0%
Already in physician's office:	0	•
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0	
	0	

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		1 0 0 0	7.7% 100.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		1 0 0 0 0 0	7.7% 100.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	1	0 0 0	7.7% 100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Place W	Here Therache occur. Co.				
	Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other		13 0 0 0 0		100.0%
C.	If in Home, Room:			7	53.8%
	Kitchen	×			33.0%
	Dining room			0 3 1	23.1%
	Living room			ĭ	7.7%
	Bathroom			2	15.4%
	Bedroom			<u> </u>	¥.
	Family room	_		0	
	Laundry room			Ō	
	Basement			Ō	e
	Garage			0	
	Unknown			0	
	Other			0.56	
Patien	t Seen in Emergency Room:			6	
			1		7.7%
	Yes No		12	8	92.3%
Type o	f Container:				
			8		61.5%
	Pour-out bottle/can		0)
	Squeeze bottle (non-spray)		Ö		
	Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)		5		38.5%
	Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized)		5 0		
	Carton/box		Ö		
	Paper wrapper		Ō		
	Unknown		0		
	0ther				
Produc	t in Original Container:				29
	Vac		5		38.5%
	Yes		5 8		61.5%
	No			-	
Condi	tion of Product:				
			7	9	53.8%
	As purchased		6		46.2%
	Diluted/dissolved in water	ï	Ö		
	Other		0		
	Unknown				

Warning Label on Product:

Yes		7			53.8%
Type of warning: Ingestion Eye	5			1 2	14.3% 28.6%
Skin Keep out of reach of children			ω	0 7	100.0%
Do not use with toilet bowl cleaner Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice Unknown Other	`s			0 1 0 0 0	14.3%
Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes No	V			5 2 0	71.4% 28.6%
Other Unknown No		4		0	30.8% 15.4%
Did not notice Unknown Other	19	2 0 0	(a)		13.4%
Product Status at Time of Incident:		94			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl		11	4	3 4 2 0 0 0 0	84.6% 27.3% 36.4% 18.2%
Other				2	18.2%
In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor		7		0 0 0	7.7%
Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other				1 0 0 0 0	100.0%
Unknown		0			
Other		1			7.7%

0

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products: 0 Separate 0 Mixed 0 Unknown 0 Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested: 13 100.0% 1-3 teaspoonsful 0 0 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful 0 0 >1 cupful 0 Unknown Type of Incident: 100.0% 1.3 Accidental 0 Inflicted by another person Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure: 7.7% 12 92.3% Gave water or milk 0 Gave an emetic 0 Unknown 0 Other home trealment or first-aid Basis for Initial Treatment Given: 0 None (no specific reason) Information on product label 0 69.2% 9 Advice from poison control center 0 Advice from physician 3 23.1% Personal judgement 0 Advice from non-professional 7.7% 1 Unknown

Other

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain Emesis	*		7 1 2		53.8% 7.7% 15.4% 15.4%
Number of episodes:			2		15.4%
1				0	
2				1	50.0%
3 or more		Ψ.		1	50.0%
Diarrhea			1		7.7%
Mucosal effects:			0		

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)			·	

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:		6		46.2%
<pre><1 hour</pre>	,9		5	83.3%
1-4 hours			0	
4-12 hours			0	
12-24 hours			0	
24-96 hours			1	16.7%
>96 hours			0	

0 ...

If seen in emergency room or physician's office:
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours

12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours

Section D

Pilot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category SHAMPOOS, 06100000 for the Period July 15 - October 14, 1975

39

Ca	11s	by	Source:	

39

100.0%

100.0%

Emergency room	2K =-	0	
Physician	9	0	
Paraprofessional	± 19	0	
Consumer	22	39	
Hospital		0	
Not recorded		0	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	9	4								16	41.0
Female	4	14	3					1	1		23	59.0
Sex N/R		·						·		-		
Total By Age	7	23	7					1	1		39	
% of Total	18.0	59.0	18.0		·			2.6	2.6		·	100.0

100.0% 5.1% 2.6% 69.2%

35.9% 10.3%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal				26	26	66.7
Abnorma1				13	13	33.3
Unknown						
Total by Observer				- 39	Total =	39
% of Total				100.0	I I I I I	39

Management:

Other

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	39	2 1 27 14 4
Already in emergency room:	i 0	
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	O	
Already in physician's office:	0	€600
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0	20

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		0
Treatment:		C
None		
Demulcents		
Lavage	10	(4)
Emesis		
Activated charcoal		
Cathartics		
Antidotes		
Other		
Unknown	5	
Disposition:		(
Sent home ·		
Admitted to hospital		
Referred to another hospital		
Agency referral		
Unknown		
Other		

place Where Incident Occurred:

place where incluent occurred:		
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	39 0 0 0 0 0	100.0%
If in Home, Room:		
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown		2 5.1% 0 2.6% 35 89.7% 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2.6%
		2
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		
Yes No	0 39	100.0%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box	35* 1 0 0 0	87.5% 2.5%
Paper wrapper]*	2.5%
Unknown Other	0 3	7.5%
Product in Original Container:		
N N	0.5	00.74
Yes No	35 4	89.7% 10.3%
Condition of Product:		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	34 5 0 0	87.2% 12.8%

^{*} Two products (mixed) were involved in a single exposure.

.6

0

2

0

1

1

0

1

1

2

0

0

16.7%

16.7%

16.7%

16.7%

33.3%

5.1%

In storage:

On low shelves (<3' high)

On high shelves (>3' high)

Medicine chest

On window sill

Tubside/shower

Closet floor

Under sink

Garbage

Other

Unknown

Other

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

Separate Mixed Unknown Other Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:	0 1 0 0		100.0%
	26		00 2%
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful</pre>	36 2		92.3% 5.1%
1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful	0		2.6%
>1 cupful	0		. EC
Unknown ·	5	*	
Type of Incident:	* 9		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	39 0	9.	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:			
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic	3 36 0		7.7% 92.3%
Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	. 0	a a	2.6%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			·
None (no specific reason)	2 %		5.1%
Information on product label Advice from poison control center	0 25		64.1%
Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown	0 * 16 * 0 0		41.0%
Other	0		8

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	8.5 ₉₈	21		53.9%
Nausea Abdominal pain		5 0 3 =		7.7%
Emesis •		5		12.8%
Number of episodes:			4	80.0%
2			0	00.0%
3 or more		12	l	20.0% 30.8%
Diarrhea Mucosal effects:		, '0		00,0%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:			18		46.2%
<pre></pre>		24		4	22.2%
1-4 hours				3	16.7%
4-12 hours	19			7	38.9%
12-24 hours	5.50			0	
24-96 hours				2	11.1%
		*		2	11.1%
>96 hours	22				

If seen in emergency room or
physician's office:
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours
12-24 hours
24-96 hours
>96 hours

Section D

P*lot Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the	Category STRONG ACIDS	, BASES AND	
PRODUCTS FORMULATED FROM THEM,	00100000 for the Peri	<u>od July 15 -</u>	22
October 14, 1975		Ta 60	32
	•		
Calls by Source:	32		100.0%
Emergency room Physician	8 x x x	2 1	6.3% 3.1%
Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital	a 8 x =	0 29 0	90.6%
Not recorded		U	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		1	4	5	2			1	1		14	43.8
Female	1	4	5	2		4	1	·	1		18	56.3
Sex N/R										·		
Total By Age	1	5	9	7	2	4	1	1	2		32	
% of Total	3.1	15.6	28.1	21.9	6.3	12.5	3.1	3.1	6.3			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal.	1			15	16	50.0
Abnormal	2		·	14	16	50.0
Unknown			,		·	
Total by Observer	3			· 29	Total =	
% of Total	9.4		·	90.6	10041	32

Management:

Other

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	21	2 0 13 13 3 3	65.6% 9.5% 61.9% 61.9% 14.3% 14.3%
Already in emergency room:	2		6.3%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	8	8	25.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 62.5% 62.5%
Already in physician's office:	0	* <u>-</u>	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0		

1

3.1%

Emergency Room and Physician Management: *

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	11	1 10 0 0	34.4% 9.1% 90.9%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal	11	2 5 0 0	34.4% 18.2% 45.5%
Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		0 0 3 1	27.3% 9.1%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other]] <u> </u>	5 2 4 0 0	34.4% 45.5% 18.2% 36.4%

^{*} These data include one case where the patient self-referred to an emergency room after contacting the Poison Control Center.

Place Where Incident Occurred:

	Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	22 9 0 1 0	2 2 2 0	68.8% 28.1% 3.1%
	If in Home, Room:			
	Kitchen Dining room		11 0	50.0%
	Living room Bathroom Bedroom		0 6 0	27.3%
	Family room Laundry room Basement Garage		0 1 2 0 0 2	4.6% 9.1%
	Unknown Other		- 0 2	9.1%
Patien	t Seen in Emergency Room:			
	Yes No	11 21		34.4% 65.6%
Type o	of Container:		\$	
a Bi BiS	Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	15 2 0 1 3 0 3	(4)	46.9% 6.3% 3.1% 9.4% 9.4% 25.0%
Produc	t in Original Container:			9
	Yes No	17 15		53.1% 46.9%
<u>Condit</u>	ion of Product:			
	As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	23 9 0 0		71.9% 28.1%

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	23	2	71.9%
	Type of warning: Ingestion Eye Skin	, g	18 15 10	78.3% 65.2% 43.5%
	Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		12	52.2%
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach		3	13.0% 13.0%
	Did not notice Unknown	\ =	0	4.4%
	Other Had patient/parent read warning		0	
	prior to accident: Yes No	8	7 12 4	30.4% 52.2% 17.4%
	Other Unknown No	0	0	17.4%
	Did not notice Unknown Other	4 5 0		12.5% 15.6%
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:			
) 29 	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer	15	1 1 4 0	46.9% 6.7% 6.7% 26.7%
	Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher		.0 1 0	6.7%
	Toilet bowl Other		4 4	26.7% 26.7%
	<pre>In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor</pre>	16	2 1 1 0	50.0% 12.5% 6.3% 6.3%
	Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower	W	0 0	12.5%
	Garbage Other		5	31.3% 31.3%
	Unknown	0	*	
	Other	1		3.1%

Formulated From Them - Cont.

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

Separate Mixed Unknown Other	- 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 .		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	26 3 1 2 0 0	3 (4) (4)	81.3% 9.4% 3.1% 6.3%
Type of Incident:	*		
Accidental Inflicted by another person	32 0		100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Expo	osure:		
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	2 29 0 0 5		6.3% 90.6% 15.6%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			2
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	2 5 13 0 15 0 0		6.3% 15.6% 40.6% 46.9%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	18		56.3%
Nausea	0	9	1
Abdominal pain	Ö		TI.
Emesis	4		12.5%
Number of episodes:			
1		. 7	25.0%
2		2	50.0%
3 or more		1	25.0%
Diarrhea	2		6.3%
Mucosal effects:	13		40.6%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	7	4		1
Esophagus	2			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <1 hour 1-4 hours	5	15.6%
4-12 hours 12-24 hours		2 40.0%
24-96 hours >96 hours		2 40.0% 1 20.0%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours	9*	28.1% 1 11.1% 0
4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours		2 22.2% 1 11.1% 5 55.6%

^{*} These data include one case where the patient self-referred to an emergency room after contacting the Poison Control Center.

TABLE D-1

Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block At Which Symptoms Subided Pilot Study

Symptoms Subsided at (Hours)

Code	Initial Call	<]	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	>96	Total Frequency	%	Substance
00000								32		Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them
0100200 0100300 0100400	1 1*,2	1*			ן*	1		2 5		Hydrochloric Acid Phosphoric Acid Other Mineral Acids
1100400	6			1]*		6 2		Vanish Dip It
00800	1*,2 1				ן*		2* 1*	6 1		Sodium Hydroxide Drano Easy Off Oven Cleaner Lewis Lye
00900	1			1				2	ž	Sodium Carbonate
701000]*	1		Trisodium Phosphate
101100	3							3		Lime
01200	2					1	1*,1	3		Ammonia Ampule

Cases seen in emergency rooms or physician's offices.

Section E

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures to All Study Agents Excluding Caustics

Total Number of Calls Received by IRPCC for the Period February 1 -	<u> </u>
October 31, 1976	15,397
Total Number of Calls Involving Exposures to Study Products (Ingestio Inhalation, Percutaneous, Ocular, Other) for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976	<u>n</u> , 971
Total Number of Calls Involving Ingestion Exposures to Study Products Included in the Soap and Detergent Association Project for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976	and 545*
Calls by Source:	
Emergency room 12 Physician 5 Paraprofessional 11 Consumer 517 Hospital 0 Not recorded 0	2.2% 1.0% 2.0% 94.9%

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	38	127	82	19	10	9	2	2	11	0	300	55.0
Female	33	103	57	21	3	3	2	8	15	0	245	45.0
Sex N/R												
Total By Age	. 71	230	139	40	13	12	4	10	26	0	545	
% of Total	13.0	42.2	25.5	7.3	2.4	2.2	0.7	1.8	4.8			100.0

^{*} This data is a summary of all ingestion exposures to study agents excluding caustics.

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	4	6 390		400	73.4
Abnormal	7 :	5 133		145	26.6
Unknown	0	0	0	0	
Total by Observer	11	11	523	Total =	= 545
% of Total	2.0	2.0	96.0	F , 44.	

Management:

7 Like 1 27

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	50:7	42 6 322 206 26 6	93.0% 8.3% 1.2% 63.4% 40.6% 5.1% 1.2%
Already in emergency room:	11		2.0%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	18	11 18 0 4 0 4 3	3.3% 61.1% 100.0% 22.2% 22.2% 16.7%
Already in physician's office:	4		0.7%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	3	0 2 1 3 1 0 1	0.5% 66.7% 33.2% 100.0% 33.3% 33.3%
Other	2*		0.3%

^{*} In both these cases patients were self-referred to a health care facility after home management and are included in the tabulation on the following page.

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		12 24 1 0	32.4% 64.9% 2.7%
Treatment:			
None		6	16.2%
Demulcents		17	45.9%
Lavage	•	3 5	8.1%
Emesis		5	13.5%
Activated charcoal Cathartics		7.1	2.7% 5.4%
Antidotes		.1 2 0	3.4%
Other		10	27.0%
Unknown		1	2.7%
	ā.		
Disposition:		22	00.0%
Sent home Admitted to hospital		33 1	89.2% 2.7%
Referred to another hospital		i	2.7%
Agency referral		Ö	Mt
Unknown	ž. •	1	2.7%
Other		1	2.7%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

	Home Outdoors		518			95.0%
	School		20 0			3.7%
	Workplace		1			0.2%
	Unknown Other		0 6		16)	1.1%
						11175
	If in Home, Room:		25			
	Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other		v 2	241 2 13 138 15 1 82 18 0 4		46.4% 0.4% 2.5% 26.8% 2.9% 0.2% 15.8% 3.5% 0.8%
Dation	*					
racien	t Seen in Emergency Room:					
	Yes No	a a	30 515	e %		5.5% 94.5%
Type o	f Container:				Ø.	
	Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	*	298 42 25 41 91 38 1 9			54.6% 7.7% 4.6% 7.5% 16.7% 7.0% 0.2% 1.7%
Produc	t in Original Container:		27 6			
	Yes No		286 259			52.5% 47.5%
Condit	ion of Product:	×				
	As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	a a	402 135 6 2			73.8% 24.8% 1.1% 0.4%

Warning Label on Product:

Yes Type of warning:	24 5		45.0%
Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cle Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice	eaners	185 202 100 200 46 6 0	75.5% 82.4% 40.8% 81.6% 18.8% 2.4%
Unknown Other		4 1	1.6% 0.4%
Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes	¥	116	47.3%
No Other Unknown No	140	116 2 11	47.3% 0.8% 4.5% 25.7%
Did not notice Unknown Other	127 26 7		23.3% 4.8% 1.3%
roduct Status at Time of Incident:			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven	39.7	79 135 41 25 40 0	72.8% 19.9% 34.0% 10.3% 6.3% 10.1%
Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other		33 9 35	8.3% 2.3% 8.8%
In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor	-134 :	12 29 0	24.6% 9.0% 21.6%
Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other	·	72 1 1 15 4	53.4% 0.7% 0.7% 11.2% 3.0%
Unknown	14		2.6%
Other	0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:

Separate Mixed Unknown Other	2 8 0 0		20.0% 80.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	48 8 47 8 2 0		89.5% 8.6% 1.5% 0.4%
Type of Incident:		¥:	×
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	53 6 9		98.3% 1.6%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure			
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	18 511 7 7 25	27	3.3% 93.8% 1.3% 1.3% 4.6%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:	7		
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	12 48 388 13 232 4 1	a a a	2.2% 8.8% 71.2% 2.4% 42.6% 0.7% 0.2% 0.9%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea Abdominal pain Emesis	 34 1 8 8 91		62.6% 1.5% 1.5% 16.7%
Number of episodes:			54
1		43	47.3%
ż		13	14.3%
3 or more		35	38.5%
Diarrhea	73		13.4%
Mucosal effects:	63		11.6%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	37	7	· ·	12
Esophagus	11			·
Stomach				1
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:		175	7 4 18 32 18 25 8	85.8% 42.3% 10.3% 18.3% 10.3% 14.3% 4.6%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours	8	29	14 3 2 1 8	14.2% 48.3% 10.3% 6.9% 3.4% 27.6% 3.4%

Distribution of Calls by Day and Time Block for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

DAY OF THE WEEK

							5	d		
TIME	SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	lotal by time	Mean by time *	% of Total
0001-0400		C.	·				-	က	.43	0.5
0401-0800	-					2		ო	.43	0.5
0801-1200	16	21	27	23	. 24	25	17	153	21.86	28.1
1201-1600	7	25	18	17	17	27	17	12.8	18.28	23.5
1601-2000	. 22	30	37	15	25	31	15	175	25.00	32.1
2001-2359	12	13	15	10	12	6	12	.83	11.86	15.2
N/R		7							8	
Total by day	58	92	97	. 65	78	94	61	TOTAL 545	- N	•
Mean by day∗∗	1.45	2.36	2.49	1.67	2.00	2.41	1.56			
% of total	10.6	16.9	17.8	11.9	14.3	17.2	11.2			

^{*} Calculated by dividing the total number of cases per time block by the number of days per week. ** Calculated by dividing the total number of cases per individual day by the number of individual days per reporting

Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block at Which Symptoms Subsided for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

			SYMPTOMS SUBSIDED	SUBSIDED AT	r (HOURS)		7/20/1920			
	INITIAL	-	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96<	TOTAL FREQUENCY	%	SUBSTANCE
06600000								44	8.0	NUTOMATIC DISHWASHING GRANII FS
06600100	2 '	Ā							0.4	Calgonite
00200500	، م							7	1.3	Cascade
00000300	7) <							က	0.5	Dishwasher All
06600400	†	*						ເດິ	0.0	Finish
00900990	6,1*,1+	- - m	-		*[,	1,3*		17	- κ	Electrosol Other Electric Dishwashing
										Detergents Without Bleach
00/00990										Other Electric Dishwashing
			i.e							Detergents With Bleach
00000090			193					77		AAP COADS
00100090								2	0.0	Camak
06000200			8							Caress
06000300	۰		-	3		ŗ				Dove
06000400	20		9		Ç			က ၊	တ (Dial
0000000	١ (11			V			က	6.0	Irish Spring
0000000	×	20	œi				2	12	2.2	Ivory
0600080								8		Life Buoy
00600090										Dalmoliva
06001000	2	_						c	ر بر	Safequard
06001100		1			`)	2	Woodbury
06001200	– (21			(1	2	0.4	Zest
06001300	∞ α		٠	2	ļ	_		12	2.2	Other Bar Soaps
06001400	7	-						2	0.4	Liquid Hand Soaps
00510090		-				pening -	milia, J	4	0.5	Borax Powdered Hand Soap
	* Case	Case managed in	emerdency	in emergency room or	phycician coffic	00:440		, u	-	

^{*} Case managed in emergency room or physician's office. + More than one product involved in exposure.

²¹¹

		SYM	SYMPTOMS SUBS	SUBSIDED AT (+	(HOURS)					
	INITIAL	· ·	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96	96 <	TOTAL FREQUENCY	96	SUBSTANCE
6300000 06300100 06300200	2	*						37 2	.0 9.4 1.1	FABRIC CARE PRODUCTS Bounce Downy
06300400 06300400 06300500 06300600	4 /		-	_				ια ω	0.0	Spray 'N Wash Other Fabric Softeners Other Fabric Whiteners
06300900 06303000 06304000	12,1*	*						E-	2.7	Shoe rollsh Bluing Powder Other Hydrocarb/Det/Prewasher Other Detergent Prewashes
3500000 06500100								39	0.2	GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENTS
06500200 06500300 06500400									•	Ajax Amway Arm & Hammer
06500500 06500600 06500700	-2	10	*					2 4	0.4	Axion Biz Bold
06500800							:	51		Bonus Breeze
06501000		_						2	0.4	Cheer Cold Power
06501200								_	0.2	Dash Dreft
06501400										Drive Duz Detergent
06501600			27					i		Uuz Soap Fab Gain
06501900 06502000									: •:	
06502100								- 7.		Miracle White Oxydol
06502400 06502400 06502500	·					***************************************		10	0.2	Kinso Salvo Sears
	1 8	¥				213				

+

			-				30	FREGUENCY	32	SUBSTANCE
	INITIAL	1 > 1	1-4	4-12	12-24	24-96				
	CALL					0 2 2 20 4	¥.			Tide Bowl
00010000	10	_						pacto pacto	0.2	409 Cleaner
0620200	2									Blue Boy
0620200										Sani-Blue
06203000			8.							Sno Bowl
06264000					ľ			7		Other Tub and Tile Cleaners
06205000	9					F		. 7	6.0	Other Toilet Bowl Cleaners
06206000	3			ŗ				12	2.5	Other anionic detergents
06207000	9	က	5					25	4.6	4 6 LIQUID LAUNDRY DE LEKGENIS
)6400000)		Cold Water All
06400100								_	0.7	Era
06400200		_		r		de la constante de la constant	-	12	2.2	Dynamo
06400300	7	က								Sears
06400400								_	0.2	WISK ACCUMENTS OF THE PROPERTY
06400500								4	0.7	Other Liquia Launary Dec
06400600	3	_		The state of the s	one-file			7	1,3	Other Non-lonic Detergents
06400600	9				r	_		c	19.	GRUG AND UPHOLSTERY SHAMPOUS
, KROOOO	3	.1,2%	_					•		The second secon
)									

TABLE E-3

Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block at Which Symptoms Subsided for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976 Summary:

		SYMPT	TOMS SUBSI	SYMPTOMS SUBSIDED AT (HOURS)	URS)			o	e.	6
CODE	INITIAL	- - -	1-4	. 4-12	12-54	1 24-96	96 <	TOTAL FREQUENCY	%	SUBSTANCE
00000990	06600000 28,1*,1+ 4,1*	4,1*			*	2,3*	_	44	0.	Automatic Dishwashing Detergen

TOTAL	> 96 FREQUENCY % SUBSTANCE		1 44 8 Automatic Dichwaching Deterden	
	Α	ALCOHOLD MANAGEMENT OF THE		
	24-96		2 3*	C \$ 1
	12-24		*	
	. 4-12			
	1-4			
	[· >		4.1*	
INITIAL	CALL		28.1*.1+	
	CODE		06600000 28.1*.1+	

96 ≮	FREQUENCY	%	SUBSTANCE
1			
	44	0.8	Automatic Dishwashing Detergen

į Bar Soaps

Granular Laundry Detergents

7.1

39

N

3,1*

3,1*

5,1*

22

06500000

Fabric Care Products

6.7

37

Dishwashing Liquids

7.5

47

က

വ

6,1+

24

00000290

1,2*

31,1*

00000890

Bleaches

18.7

103

1,1*

/

2

*****1°9

4

29,3*

46,2*,1+

04500000

8.0

44

2

~

4

4

4

27

00000090

Household Care Products

37.8

208

8,5*,2+

4

__

6,2*

17,5*,1

131,5*,4

06200000

Liquid Laundry Detergents

4.5

25

Rug & Upholstery Shampoos

1.6

9

+ More than one product involved in exposure

* Case managed in emergency room or physician's office.

1,2*

က

00000890

9

17

06400000

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category AUTOMATIC DISHWASHING GRANULES, 06600000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

43

Calls by Source:

Emergency room		0	
Physician		0	
Paraprofessional		0	
Consumer		4.3	100.0%
Hospital	0)	0	
Not recorded		0	

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	8	9	2	2		2					23	53.5
Female	5	10	3						2		20	46.5
Sex N/R				·					·			
Total By Age	13	19	5	2		.2		-	2	·	43	
% of Total	30.2	44.2	11.6	4.7		4.7			4.7		• 10	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Norma1			33	33	76.7
Abnormal		•	10	10 :	23.3
Unknown					
Total by Observer			43	Total =	43
% of Total			100.0		70

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	36 1 0 22 21 5 1	83.7% 2.8% 61.1% 58.3% 13.9% 2.8%
Already in emergency room:	0	
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	6 5 6 0 1 0 0	14.0% 83.3% 100.0% 16.7% 16.7%
Already in physician's office:	0	= a g
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived	1 0 0	2.3%
Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents	1 1 0 0	100.0%
Irrigation Other	* 1	100.0%
Other	0	

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	 2 4 0 0	33.3% 66.7%
Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown	2 3 0 0 0 0 0	33.3% 50.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	4 1 1 0 0	66.7% 16.7% 16.7%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Place Where Incident Occurred:			15 96	3
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	9 7 7	43 0 0 0 0		100.0%
If in Home, Room:		(*		
Kitchen Dining room Living room	8 8 8 18 9 ⁷ 2	12.	43 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.0%
Bathroom Bedroom Family room		5 4 <u>8</u> *	0 0 0	
Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other	e ⁶⁵ - 5	en e	0 0	Ç.
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:	*	E		
Yes No		6 37		14.0% 86.0%
Type of Container:			· ·	
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurize	ed)	2 *3	1 0 0	2.3%
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressu Carton/box Paper wrapper	rized)	*	40 0	93.0%
Unknown Other	5 = 1	ż	2	4.7%
Product in Original Container:		20	*:	
Yes No	11. ⁹⁸	7 36	B	16.3% 83.7%
Condition of Product:	9 >			9
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown		22 21 0 0		51.2% 48.8%

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	32		74.4%
	Type of warning:	32		77.7/0
	Ingestion		30	69.8%
	Eye		29	67.4%
	Skin		20	46.5%
	Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		25	58.1%
	Do not breathe vapor	20 12	0 0	
	Do not use with bleach		0	
	Did not notice		0	
a	Unknown		Ö	
	Other		Ö	
	Had patient/parent read warning			
	prior to accident:	(e)	2965	
	Yes	-	17	53.1%
	No		15	46.9%
	Other		0	
	Unknown	•	0	4 70
	No	2 6		4.7%
	Did not notice	3		14.0% 7.0%
	Unknown	. 0		7.0%
	Other	÷ 0		
roduc	t Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use:	36		02 7%
	On floor	30	2	83.7% 5.6%
	On sink/counter top		1	2.8%
	On table		Ö s	2.0/
	On washer/dryer		Ö	
	Tubside/shower		Ō	
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher		33	91.7%
	Toilet bowl		0	
	0ther		0	
	In storage:	7		16.3%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		0	
	On high shelves (>3' high)		3	42.9%
	Medicine chest			
	Closet floor		0 3 0	
	Under sink		3	42.9%
	On window sill		0	
	Tubside/shower		0 = 1	14.3%
	Garbage		0	14.3%
	0ther		U	
	Unknown	0		
	0ther	0		
	TANGI	9		

TE	Mosso	Than	Ona	Droduct	Involved	Mara	Products:
IT	MULE	HIIQH	Ulle	rrounce	THAOLAGA'	MELE	rioducts.

Ti Hore Than one Treated and treet, here			
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 1 0 0	* 9	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><l 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" l="" l-3="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	41 2 0 0 0		95.3% 4.7%
Type of Incident:			
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	43 0	15	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure		•	ž.
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 43 0 0		100.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:	'	E	. 2.3%
None (no specific reason)	0	Si Si	
Information on product label Advice from poison control center	12 11 0		27.9% 25.6%
Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional	26 0	8	60.5%
Unknown Other	1 0		2.3%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	29 0		67.4%
Abdominal pain	ŏ		
	5		11.6%
Emesis	5		11.0%
Number of episodes:			
1		2	40.0%
2		2	40.0%
3 or more		1	20.0%
Diarrhea	5		11.6%
Mucosal effects:	5 -		11.6%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	4	2		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	9	7	4 1 0 1 2	38	20.9% 44.4% 11.1% 11.1% 22.2% 11.1%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office:	5	8	1 0 0 1 3 0		11.6% 20.0% 20.0% 60.0%

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category BAR SOAPS, 0600000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

44

Calls by Source:

Emergency room		0	55
Physician		0	
Paraprofessional		1	2.3%
Consumer		43	97.7%
Hospital	8	0	
Not recorded		0	

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	10	11	2		1	1			7		26	59.1
Female	6	9	1	1		1		·		·	18	40.9
Sex N/R						·						
Total By Age	16	20	3	1	1	2			1.		44	
% of Total	36.4	45.4	6.8	2.3	2.3	9.1			2.3			100.0

100.0% 11.4% 2.3%

63.6% 31.8% 2.3%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal				37	37	84.1
Abnormal				7 .:	7	15.9
Unknown			8		;	
Total by Observer				44	Total = 44	
% of Total				100.0		

Management:

Other

44 5 1 28 14 1 0	
0	
0	
n e ²	
0 2	
0	
	5 1 28 14 1 0 0

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status:

Asymptomatic
Symptomatic
Unknown
Does not apply

Treatment:

None
Demulcents
Lavage
Emesis
Activated charcoal
Cathartics
Antidotes
Other
Unknown

Disposition:
Sent home
Admitted to hospital
Referred to another hospital
Agency referral
Unknown
Other

		Bar Soa	os - Cont.	
Place Where Incident Occurred:				
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other		44 0 0 0 0 0 0	i a	100.0%
If in Home, Room:				
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other			1 0 0 42 1 0 0 0 0	2.3% 95.5% 2.3%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:	1. H (4)			
Yes No		0 44		100.0%
Type of Container:				
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-press Aerosol spray bottle/can (p Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	urized) ressurized)	2 0 0 0 1 38 1 2		4.5% 2.3% 86.4% 2.3% 4.5%
Product in Original Container:				
Yes No	*	6 38	=	13.6% 86.4%
Condition of Product:	Ti de la companya de			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown		43 1 0 0		97.7% 2.3%

Warning Label on Product:

Yes	2		2.3%
Type of warning: Ingestion Eye		1 0	50.0%
Skin Keep out of reach of children Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach	ń	0 1 0 0	50.0%
Did not notice Unknown Other		0 0 0	
Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes No	10 10	1	50.0% 50.0%
Other Unknown No	31	0	70.5%
Did not notice Unknown Other	10 1 0		22.7%
Product Status at Time of Incident:			
In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven	41	1 12 0 8 18 0	93.2% 2.4% 29.3% 19.5% 43.9%
Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other	à	0 = 1 = 1	2.4% 2.4%
In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest	3	1 0 0	6.8% 33.3%
Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other		0 2 0 0 0 0	66.7%
Unknown	0		
Other	0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:				
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0		26	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:				
<pre>teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	41 2 0 1 0			93.2% 4.5% 2.3%
Type of Incident:				
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	43 1			97.7% 2.3%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure	*		••	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 39 1 1 2			2.3% 88.6% 2.3% 2.3% 4.5%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:				
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown	0 0 27 0 18 0 0			61.4% 40.9%
Other	ı	8.2		2.3%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	27		* 6	51.4%
Nausea	97. 0			
Abdominal pain	1			2.3%
Emesis	5			11.4%
Number of episodes:				
1	8:	2	4	10.0%
2		1	2	20.0%
3 or more		2	4	10.0%
Diarrhea	11	- Fi	2	25.0%
Mucosal effects:	2			4.5%

·	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	2	·		
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)		•		

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

>96 hours

If managed at home:			17		100.0%
<1 hour				4	23.5%
1-4 hours		5 5		1	5.9%
4-12 hours	8			5	29.4%
12-24 hours				3	17.6%
24-96 hours				. 2	11.8%
>96 hours				2	11.8%

If seen in emergency room or physician's office:
<1 hour
1-4 hours
4-12 hours
12-24 hours
24-96 hours

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category BLEACHES, 04500000 for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

103

Calls by Source:

Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital Not recorded	6 1 1 95 0 0	5.8% 1.0% 1.0% 92.2%
HOC I CCOI GCG		

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	3	18	23	3	2	4	1		5		59	57.3
Female	4	17	7	7	1		1	3	4		44	42.7
Sex N/R										-		
Total By Age	7	35	30	10	3	4	2	3	9 ·		103	
% of Total	6.8	34.0	29.1	9.7	2.9	3.9	1.9	2.9	8.7		-	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	1	1	54	56	54.4
Abnormal	3	2	42	47	45.6
Unknown				·	
Total by Observer	4	3	96	Total =	= 103
% of Total	3.9	2.9	93.2	7000	

Management:

96	6 0 64 38 3	93.2% 6.3% 66.7% 39.6% 3.1% 3.1%
5		4.9%
1	0	1.0%
	1 0	100.0%
	0 1 0 0	100.0%
0		
0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	5 1	6 0 64 38 3 3 3 5 1 0 0 0 0

⁰ther * The patient was self-referred to health care facility after home management and is included in the tabulation on the following page.

1 *

1.0%

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	· .	3 4 0 0	42. 9% 57.1%
Treatment:			
None		}	14.3%
Demulcents -		4	57.1%
Lavage	least.	0	_
Emesis] _	14.3%
Activated charcoal	15	0,	
Cathartics	8	0	
Antidotes		0	1/1 20/
Other Unknown		1	14.3% 14.3%
UIKHOWH		1	14.3%
Disposition:			
Sent home	11	7	100.0%
Admitted to hospital		0	
Referred to another hospital		0	
Agency referral		0	
Unknown	.9	0	
Other		0	

	# 1 WWW.		
Place Where Incident Occurred:			
Home	93 8		90.3% 7.8%
Outdoors School	0		3 00/
Workplace	1		1.0%
Unknown	0 1		1.0%
Other	•		
If in Home, Room:			10.0%
Kitchen		40 1	43.0% 1.1%
Dining room		i	1.1%
Living room		16	17.2%
Bathroom	2	1.	1.1%
Bedroom		0	
Family room		26	28.0%
Laundry room		8	8.6%
Basement		0	
Garage		0	
Unknown		0	
Other	6.7	•	•
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes	6		5.9%
No ves	97		94.2%
Type of Container:	3	Ē	94.2%
Pour-out bottle/can	97		94.2%
Squagge bottle (non-spray)	0		
const bottle/can (non-pressurized)	0		
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized)	0 5		4.9%
Carton/box	ő		47
Paper wrapper	Ö		
Unknown	ĭ		1.0%
Other	•		
Product in Original Container:		92	
Yes	45		43.7%
No	58		56.3%
Condition of Product:			60.0%
As purchased	70	12	68.0% 31.1%
Diluted/dissolved in water	32	*	J1.1/0
Other	0 1		1.0%
Unknown	1		

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes Type of warning:		68		66.0%
	Ingestion Eye Skin Keep out of reach of childre Do not use with toilet bowl Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach Did not notice			66 66 57 63 53 0 0	97.1% 97.1% 83.8% 92.6% 77.9%
	Unknown Other	3		2	2.9%
	<pre>Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident: Yes</pre>		₩ ₩	32	47.1%
и	No Other Unknown No Did not notice		ୀ 28	32 1 3	47.1% 1.5% 4.4% 1.0% 27.2%
	Unknown		2		1.9%
Dog dog	Other		•		0.1570
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:				
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top		84	20 35	81.6% 23.8% 41.7%
	On table On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher		% (80)	8 11 0 0 0	9.5% 13.1%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven	£	1957	8 11 0 0	9.5%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high)	ž.	······································	8 11 0 0 0 0 10	9.5% 13.1%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill		17	8 11 0 0 0 0 10 4 1 0 1 5	9.5% 13.1% 11.9% 16.5% 23.5%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink	*	*** 17	8 11 0 0 0 0 10 4 1 0	9.5% 13.1% 11.9% 16.5% 23.5% 5.9%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage		17	8 11 0 0 0 0 10 4 1 0 1 5 0	9.5% 13.1% 11.9% 16.5% 23.5% 5.9% 29.4%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower Oven Dishwasher Toilet bowl Other In storage: On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest Closet floor Under sink On window sill Tubside/shower Garbage Other			8 11 0 0 0 0 10 4 1 0 1 5 0	9.5% 13.1% 11.9% 16.5% 23.5% 5.9% 29.4% 29.4%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Pr	oducts:	
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:	*, =	
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	84 15 3 1 0	81.6% 14.6% 2.9% 1.0%
Type of Incident:		×
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	103	100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Expo	sure:	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	4 100 1 0 4	3.9% 97.1% 1.0% 3.9%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:	■	
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	2 19 47 3 38 0 1	1.9% 18.4% 45.6% 2.9% 36.9% 1.0%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	49		47.6%
Nausea	1	*	1.0%
Abdominal pain	3		2.9%
Emesis	35		34.0%
Number of episodes:			
1		18	51.4%
ż		5	14.3%
3 or more		12	34.3%
Diarrhea	6		5.9%
Mucosal effects:	21		20.4%

·	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	11			7
Esophagus	6			
Stomach				1
Other (Specify)			`	

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

49 90.7%
29 59.2%
4 8.2%
6 12.2%
6 12.2% 2 4.1%
7 14.3%
1 2.0%
a
5 9.3%
3 60.0%
0
1 20.0%
× 0
0
1 20.0%

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category DISHWASHING LIQUIDS, 06700000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

40

Calls by Source:

Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional Consumer Hospital	0 0 2 38 0	5.0% 95.0%
Not recorded	0	

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	2	12	6	4					2		26	65.0
Female	2	6	1	2				1	2		14	35.0
Sex N/R						·						,
Total By Age	4	18	7	6				1	4 .		40	
% of Total	10.0	45.0	17.5	15.0				2.5	10.0			100.0

100.0% 12.5%

> 52.5% 40.0% 2.5%

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal		•	2	27	29	72.5
Abnormal				11	11	27.5
Unknown			·	·	·	
Total by Observer			2	38	Total =	. 40
% of Total			5.0	95.0	Total = 40	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	40 5 0 21 16 1	
Already in emergency room:	0	
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		
Already in physician's office:	0	
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation	0	

Other

Other

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Other

Patient status: 0 Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply 0 Treatment: None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes 0ther Unknown 0 Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown

	Dishwas	hing Liquic	ls - Cont.
Place Where Incident Occurred:		_	
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	36 4 0 0 0	W.	90.0%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown	× ×	30 0 0 4 1 0 0 0	83.3% 11.1% 2.8%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes No	0 40		100.0%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	10 30	0 0 0 0 0	25.0% 75.0%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes No	15 25	100	37.5% 62.5%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	26 14 0 0		65.0% 35.0%

Warning Label on Product:

Wallin	ig Laber on Froduce.			
	Yes	5		12.5%
	Type of warning:	3		12.070
	Ingestion		0	27
	Eye	*	2	40.0%
	Skin		0	
	Keep out of reach of children		5	100.0%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		0	
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach		0	
	Did not notice		0 0	
	Unknown		0	
	Other		0	
	Had patient/parent read warning		· ·	
	prior to accident:		60	
	Yes	196	3 2	60.0%
	No		2	40.0%
	0ther		0	
	Unknown		0	
	No	21		52.5%
	Did not notice	8		20.0%
	Unknown	5		12.5%
	Other	. 1		2.5%
Produc	t Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use:	27		67.5%
	On floor		2	7.4%
	On sink/counter top .		21	77.8%
	On table		1	3.7%
	On washer/dryer		0	
2	Tubside/shower		0	
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher	57	0	
	Toilet bowl	(4	0	33 30
	Other -	20	3	11.1%
	The graphs is	11		27 5%
	In storage:	11	0	27.5%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		0	
	On high shelves (>3' high)		0	
	Medicine chest Closet floor		0	
	Under sink		11	100.0%
	On window sill		0	, , , , , , ,
	Tubside/shower		0	
	Garbage		0	
	Other		0 -	
	Unknown	2		5.0%
	Othon	0		
	Other	U		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:			
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	e ^r	100.0%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			= #
<pre><l 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" l="" l-3="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">l cupful Unknown</l></pre>	34 4 2 0 0	·	85.0% 10.0% 5.0%
Type of Incident:			
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	40 0		100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure		••	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown	2 36 0 0		5.0% 90.0%
Other home treatment or first-aid	2		5.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		5 E	
None (no specific reason) Information on product label	1 0		2.5%
Advice from poison control center Advice from physician	21		52.5%
Personal judgement Advice from non-professional	17 0	27	42.5%
Unknown Other	1 0	E 47	2.5%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None		24		60.0%
Nausea Abdominal pain Emesis	7	0 1 7	8	2.5% 17.5%
Number of episodes:		·	6	85.7%
ż			0	
3 or more		_	1 1	14.3%
Diarrhea		8		20.0% 5.0%
Mucosal effects:		2		J. U/0

X*	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	·			
Esophagus	2	·		·
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:	16		100.0%
<1 hour	11	6	37.5%
1-4 hours	9)	1	6.3%
4-12 hours		0	
12-24 hours		5	31.3%
24-96 hours		. 3	18.8%
>96 hours		1	6.3%

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category FABRIC CARE PRODUCTS, 06300000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

37

Calls by Source:

Emergency room	1	2.7%
Physician	0	
Paraprofessional	2	5.4%
Consumer	34	91.9%
Hospital	0	
Not recorded	0	

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	. 3	8	8	1	1				·		21	56.8
Female	.f ,]	8	3	2		1			1		16	43.2
Sex N/R				·								
Total By Age	4	16	11	3	1	1			1 ·		37	
% of Total	10.8	43.2	29.7	8.1	2.7	2.7			2.7			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	1	: :	31	32	86.5
Abnormal			5	5	13.5
Unknown	-				
Total by Observer	1		36	Total =	37
% of Total	2.7	·	97.3		

Management:

Princy of his

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	34	4 0 22 9 3 0	91.9% 11.8% 64.7% 26.5% 8.1%
Already in emergency room:	* 1		2.7%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	1	0 1 0 0	2.7%
Already in physician's office:	0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	7	1 1 0 0 1 0	2.7% 100.0% 100.0%
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		3 0 0	100.0%
Treatment:			22 24
None		1	33.3% 33.3%
Demulcents		n	33.3/
Lavage Emesis		ĭ	33.3%
Activated charcoal	0.00	0	
Cathartics		0	
Antidotes		0	
Other		0	2
Unknown		•	
Disposition:	*		
Sent home		3	100.0%
Admitted to hospital		0	
Referred to another hospital		0	
Agency referral	•	0	
Unknown		0	
Other		•	

	Fabric Care Products	- Cont.
Place Where Incident Occurred:		
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	37 0 0 0 0 0	100.0%
If in Home, Room:		
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown	9 1 1 2 2 2 1 17 3 0 0	24.3% 2.7% 2.7% 5.4% 5.4% 2.7% 45.9% 8.1%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:	Yi	
Yes No	1 =	2.7% 97.3%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized) Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	8 1 0 24 3 0 0	21.6% 2.7% 64.9% 8.1%
Product in Original Container:		
Yes No	31 6	83.8% 16.2%
Condition of Product:		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	- 33 0 4 0	89.2%

Warning Label on Product:

-					
	Yes		24		64.9%
	Type of warning: Ingestion			19	79.2%
	Eye			18	75.0%
	Skin Keep out of reach of children			0 24	100.0%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleane	ers		0	100.0%
	Do not breathe vapor		*7	1	4.2%
	Do not use with bleach Did not notice			0 0	
	Unknown			0	
	Other			0	15
	<pre>Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:</pre>				
	Yes		20	13	54.2%
	No			7	29.2%
	Other			0 4	16.7%
	Unknown No		7	'	18.9%
	Did not notice		6 0		16.2%
	Unknown		0		
	Other				
Produc	ct Status at Time of Incident:				
	In use:		26		70.3%
	On floor	57		4	15.4%
	On sink/counter top On table			4 5	15.4% 19.2%
	On washer/dryer			7	26.9%
	Tubside/shower			0	
	Oven Dishwasher		8	0 0	
	Toilet bowl	2,8		0	
	Other			6	23.1%
	In storage:		10		27.0%
	On low shelves (<3' high)			2	20.0%
	On high shelves (>3' high) Medicine chest			4 0	40.0%
	Closet floor			Ö	
	Under sink			1	10.0%
	On window sill Tubside/shower			0 0	
	Garbage			1	10.0%
	Other			2	20.0%
	Unknown		1	e e	2.7%
	Other		0		
	Other		-		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:			
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	e 1 8	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	35 2 0 0 0		94.6% 5.4%
Type of Incident:			
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	35 2		94.6% 5.4%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		•-	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	0 36 1 0 0		97.3% 2.7%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		8	
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 25 2 17 0 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	67.6% 5.4% 45.9%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	45	32 0		86.5%
Abdominal pain		0		*
Emesis	11	3		8.1%
Number of episodes:				
1	76		7	33.3%
2			0	
3 or more		5	2	66.7%
Diarrhea		2		5.4%
Mucosal effects:		0		

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth				
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours</pre>	31	3	¥.	1 1 0 0	е	60.0% 33.3% 33.3% 33.3%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours		2	2	2 0 0 0 0 0		40.0% 100.0%

Section F

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENTS, 06500000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

39

Calls by Source:

Emergency room			0	V
Physician			Ĩ	2.6%
Paraprofessional			0	
Consumer			38	97.4%
Hospital	27	2	0	
Not recorded			0	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	1	14	5	2			1 ·				23	59.0
Female	2	8	4	1					- 1		16	41.0
Sex N/R				·								
Total By Age	3	22	9	3			1		7		39	
% of Total	7.7	56.4	23.1	7.7			2.6		2.6			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	. •	:	29	29	74.4
Abnormal	1 .		9 ::	10	25.6
Unknown			٠.	<i>:</i>	
Total by Observer	1		38	Total = 39	
% of Total	2.6	₽	97.4		

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	36	1 2 26 13 4 0	92.3% 2.8% 5.6% 72.2% 36.1% 11.1%
Already in emergency room:	0		
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other	2	1 2 0 1 0 0 0	5.1% 50.0% 100.0% 50.0%
Already in physician's office:	1		2.6%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	0		
Other	0		

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		0 3 0	100.0%
Treatment:			
None		7.	33.3%
Demulcents		0	
Lavage		0	
Emesis # 1		0	
Activated charcoal	#	1 -	33.3%
Cathartics	.50	'n	33.3%
Antidotes		/1 e	33.3%
Other		Ö	§ .
Unknown		-	
Disposition:			
Sent home		3	100.0%
Admitted to hospital		0	
Referred to another hospital	•	0	
Agency referral	_	0	
Unknown	` -	0	
Other		0	

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Place Where Incident Occurred:		
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	38 0 0 0 0 1	97.4% 2.6%
If in Home, Room:		
Kitchen Dining room Living room		8 21.1% 0 0
Bathroom Bedroom Family room	£	6 15.8% 0 0 22 57.9%
Laundry room Basement		1 2.6%
Garage Unknown Other		0 1 2.6% 0
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		
Yes No	2 37	5.1% 94.9%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	2 0 0 0	5.1%
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown	36 0 0	92.3%
Other	ĭ	2.6%
Product in Original Container:		
Yes No	25 14	64.1% 35.9
Condition of Product:		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other Unknown	33 5 1 0	84.6% 12.8% 2.6%

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	10		25.6%
	Type of warning: Ingestion		9	90.0%
	Eye Skin		7	70.0%
	Keep out of reach of children		0 8	80.0%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaner	s ,	0	00.070
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach		0 0	
	Did not notice		0	
	Unknown	32	0	
	Other		0	
	<pre>Had patient/parent read warning prior to accident:</pre>	:		
0	Yes	197	4	40.0%
	No		5	50.0%
	Other		0	10.0%
	Unknown No	18	'	46.2%
	Did not notice	10.		25.6%
	Unknown	1.		2.6%
	Other	. 0	₩.	. 3
Produc	ct Status at Time of Incident:			
	In use:	0.7		
	On floor	31	18	79.5% 58.1%
	On sink/counter top		8	20.5%
17.5	On table		1 2	3.2%
	On washer/dryer Tubside/shower		2 0	6.5%
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher	100 35	0	
•	Toilet bowl • Other		0 2	6.5%
	Other		۷	0.5%
4	In storage:	8	0	25.8%
	On low shelves (<3' high) On high shelves (>3' high)		0 3	37.5%
	Medicine chest		Ŏ	37.370
	Closet floor		0 1 3 0	12.5%
	Under sink On window sill		3	37.5%
	Tubside/shower		Ö	
	Garbage		0	2
	Other		1	12.5%
	Unknown	0		
	Other	0		
	v viiw!	J		

- Durdont Involved Wore Products:		
If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:		
<pre><1 teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	35 4 0 0 0	89.7% 10.3%
Type of Incident:		
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	38 1	97.4% 2.6%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:	·-	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 37 1 0 1	2.6% 94.9% 2.6% 2.6%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		*)
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	1 3 22 1 18 1 0 0	2.6% 7.7% 56.4% 2.6% 46.1% 2.6%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	22		56.4%
Abdominal pain	0		
Emesis	12		30.8%
Number of episodes:			
α 1		4	433.3%
ż		1	8.3%
3 or more		7	58.3%
Diarrhea	7		17.9%
Mucosal effects:	ì		2.6%

A	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	1		٠.	
Esophagus				
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:		14	*	5 3 3 0 1 2	82.4% 35.7% 21.4% 21.4% 7.1% 14.3%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours		3	*	1 1 1 0 0	17.6% 33.3% 33.3% 33.3%

Section F

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Categorous for the Period February 1 -	ory HOUSEHOLD CARE PRODUCTS, October 31, 1976		205
*)	p.		
Calls by Source:	El .		
Emergency room Physician Paraprofessional	4 3 4	23	2.0% 1.5% 2.0%
Consumer	194		94.6%

194 0

0

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Hospital

Not recorded

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male .	11	45	34	6	4	2		1	3		106	51.7
Female	11	37	33	. 8	2	1	1	1	5		99	48.3
Sex N/R		·				·						
Total By Age	22	- 82	67	14	6	3	1	2	8		205	
% of Total	10.7	40.0	32.7	6.8	2.9	1.5	0.5	1.0	3.9			100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal	2		2	154	158	77.1
Abnormal	3		2	42	47	22.9
Unknown			:			
Total by Observer	: 115 - 5		4	196	Total = 205	
% of Total	2.	4	1.9	95.6		

Management:

5 10 dd 0 0 0 0

At home: Observation only Ipecac Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	189	16 3 114 86 10 1	92.2% 8.5% 1.6% 60.3% 45.5% 5.3% 0.5%
Already in emergency room:	4		2.0%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive	7	4 7 0	3.4% 57.1% 100.0%
Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		1 3 0 1	14.3% 42.9% 14.3%
Already in physician's office:	3		1.5%
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents Irrigation Other	1	0 1 0 0	0.5%
Other	1*		0.5%

^{*} The patient was self-referred to health care facility after home management and is included in the tabulation on the following page.

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		4 11 1 0	25.0% 68.8% 6.3%
Treatment:			
None		0	
Demulcents	¥.	8	50.0%
Lavage	-it	3 2	18.8% 12.5%
Emesis		0	12.5%
Activated charcoal Cathartics	M	0	
Antidotes	W	0	
Other	38	6	37.5%
Unknown		7	6.3%
Disposition:		14	87.5%
Sent home Admitted to hospital		Ö	0, 10%
Referred to another hospital		0	22
Agency referral		0	
Unknown	•	1	6.3%
Other		I	6.3%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Place where	incluent occurred.			
Home Outdo Schoo Workp Unkno Other	lace wn	193 8 0 0 0 4		94.1 % = 3.9% = 2.0% = 4
If in	Home, Room:			
	Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown	· ·	95 0 8 67 8 0 7 3 0 2	49.2% 4.1% 34.7% 4.1% 3.6% 1.6%
Patient Seer	in Emergency Room:			
Yes No		12 193		5.8% 94.1%
Type of Cont	ainer:			
Squee Spray Aeros Carte		154 5 25 14 6 0		75.1% 2.4% 12.2% 6.8% 2.9%
Product in	Original Container:			
Yes No	**	136 69		66.3% 33.7%
Condition o	f Product:			
As p Dilu Othe Unkn		150 55 0 0		73.2% 26.8%

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	81		39.5%
	Type of warning:		E /	66 70
	Ingestion		54	66.7%
	Eye		68	84.0%
	Skin		19	23.5%
	Keep out of reach of children		۶59 ·	72.8%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		0	
	Do not breathe vapor		5	6.2%
	Do not use with bleach		0	
	Did not notice		. 0	
	Unknown		1	1.2%
	Other		4	4.9%
	Had patient/parent read warning			16
	prior to accident:		9	
	Yes	€	40	49.4%
	No '		39	48.1%
	Other		0	a + G+ 170
	Unknown		3	3.7%
	No	53	3	25 .9 %
		56		27.3%
	Did not notice	13		6.3%
	Unknown			
	Other •	. 2	20	1.0%
Produc	ct Status at Time of Incident:			
	F	7.00		
	In use:	133		64.9%
	On floor		26	19.5%
	On sink/counter top		47	35.3%
	On table		24	78.0%
	On washer/dryer		3	2.3%
	Tubside/shower		13	9.8%
	Oven		0	
	Dishwasher	192	0	
	Toilet bowl		.8'	6.0%
	Other		12	9.0%
	the state of the s			3.0%
	In storage:	67		32.7%
	On low shelves (<3' high)		3	4.5%
	On high shelves (>3' high)		1.3	19.4%
	Medicine:chest		0	
			ŏ	
	Closet floor		44	65.6%
	Under sink		0 =	00.0%
	On window sill			
	Tubside/shower		0 7	10.4%
	Garbage		0	10.4%
	Other		U	
	Unknown	5		2.4%
	0ther -	0		
	O CITE I	9		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:			
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	2 5 0 0	24 m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	28.6% 71.4%
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	188 12 5 0 0	8: 2: 8	91.7% 5.9% 2.4%
Type of Incident:			
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	200 5		97.6% 2.4%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure		••	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	9 188 = 4 1 14		4.4% 91.7% 2.0% 0.5% 6.8%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		2 1	
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	7 11 115 4 89 0 2	*	3.4% 5.4% 56.1% 2.0% 43.4% 1.0% 1.5%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	138		67.3%
Nausea	7	er.	3.4%
Abdominal pain	2		1.0%
Emesis	17		8.3%
Number of episodes:			
1		8	47.1%
2		2	11.8%
3 or more		7	41.2%
Diarrhea	27		13.2%
Mucosal effects:	30		14.6%

68	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	18	5	·	4
Esophagus	3			
Stomach				-
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

			×
If managed at home:	55	7.0	82.1%
<1 hour		18	32.7%
1-4 hours		6	10.9%
4-12 hours		17	30.9%
12-24 hours		'/ı' ·	7.3%
		7	
24-96 hours		. 9	16.4%
>96 hours		ł	1.8%
If seen in emergency room or			
physician's office:	12	19	17.9%
<1 hour		5	41.7%
1-4 hours		2	16.7%
4-12 hours		2	10.7%
		Ü	
12-24 hours		0	
24-96 hours		5	41.7%
>96 hours		0	

Section F

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category LIQUID LAUNDRY DETERGENTS, 06400000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

25

Calls by Source:

	0	
Emergency room	0	
Physician	0	
Paraprofessional	25	100.0%
Consumer	0	
Hospital	Ô	
Not recorded	•	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		6	2	1	2			1			12	48.0
Female	. 2	5	4	1				1	·		13	52.0
Sex N/R						·				·		
Total By Age	2	11	6	2	2			2	·		25	
% of Total	8.0	44.0	24.0	8.0	8.0			8.0				100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			20	20	80.0
Abnormal			5	5	20.0
Unknown	• 1				
total by		·	25	Total =	· . = 25.
of fotal			100.0	•	

Manag

gement:			8
At home: Observation only	25	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100.0% 4.0%
Ipecac Demulcents	845 °	0 20 7	80.0% 28.0%
Dilution Irrigation Other		1 0	4.0%
Already in emergency room:	0	ä	£
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R.	0		W 117
Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation	×	E E	<u>.</u>
Other	•		
Already in physician's office:	0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician	0		in E
Notified physician` Patient arrived Patient did not arrive	i, **	e ^{(a}	
Home care prior to referral: Ipecac			
Demulcents Irrigation Other	2	S	e
Other	0 4		

0

0

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: 0
Asymptomatic
Symptomatic
Unknown
Does not apply

Treatment:
None
Demulcents
Lavage
Emesis
Activated charcoal

Cathartics
Antidotes
Other
Unknown

Other

Disposition:
Sent home
Admitted to hospital
Referred to another hospital
Agency referral
Unknown

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	25 0 0 0 0	100.0%
If in Home, Room:		* *
Kitchen Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom Family room Laundry room Basement Garage Unknown Other		11 44.0% 0 1 4.0% 1 4.0% 1 4.0% 0 9 36.0% 2 8.0% 0 0
Patient Seen in Emergency Room		
Yes No	0 25	100.0%
Type of Container:		
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spra Spray bottle/can (non-pour Aerosol spray bottle/can Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown	ressurized) 0	72.0% 24.0%
Other	1	4.0%
Product in Original Container:		3
Yes No	18 7	72.0% 28.0%
Condition of Product:		
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in wat Other Unknown	ter 22 1 0	88.0% 8.0% 4.0%

Warning Label on Product:

- v			
Yes	16		64.0%
Type of warning: Ingestion		5	21 20/
Eye		10	31.3% 62.5%
Skin		ő	02.5%
Keep out of reach of children		11	68.8%
Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners	*	0 =	
Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach		0	
Did not notice		0 0	
Unknown		- 0	
Other		ĭ	6.3%
Had patient/parent read warning			
prior to accident:	¥	5	
Yes		4	25.0%
No Other		12	75.0%
Unknown		- 0 0	
No	6	, U	24.0%
Did not notice	6 3		12.0%
Unknown	0		, _ , _ ,
Other	· 0	Ε.,	
Product Status at Time of Incident:		3	
In use:	12		48.0%
On floor	12	3	46.0% 25.0%
On sink/counter top		3 5 2	41.7%
On table		2	16.7%
On washer/dryer Tubside/shower		j	8.3%
Oven		0	8.3%
Dishwasher		0	
Toilet bowl		ŏ	
Other .		0	
In storage:	10		40.0%
On low shelves (<3' high)	10	2	40.0% 20.0%
On high shelves (>3' high)		= 3	30.0%
Medicine chest		Ö	001070
Closet floor		0	
Under sink		3 ***	30.0%
On window sill		2 3 0 0 3 0 0 2	
Tubside/shower Garbage		2	20.0%
0ther		ō	20.070
Unknown	3		12.0%
Unknown Other	3		12.0%

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:			у.	
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0	8,0	, if	
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:				
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	23 2 0 0 0	8		92.0% 8.0%
Type of Incident:				
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	25 0			100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:				
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-aid	1 24 0 0 0			4.0% 96.0%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:			40	
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	1 3 15 3 4 0 0			4.0% 12.0% 60.0% 12.0% 16.0%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	17		68.0%
Nausea Abdominal pain	0 1		4.0%
Emesis	5		20.0%
Number of episodes:		_	10.00
1		2	40.0%
ž		2	40.0%
3 or more		1	20.0%
	4		16.0%
Diarrhea Mucosal effects:	i	*5	4.0%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth			·	1
Esophagus				·
Stomach				23
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

Τf	managed at home:		8			1	00.0%
11	<1 hour				6		75.0%
	1-4 hours				0		
	4-12 hours	*:			1		12.5%
٠,	12-24 hours				1		12.5%
i	=			25	Ò		
	24-96 hours			,	ñ	•	
	>96 hours				0		

If seen in emergency room physician's office:	or		0
1 hour			
1-4 hours			
4-12 hours			
12-24 hours		17	
24-96 hours			
>96 hours			

Section F

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category RUG & UPHOLSTERY SHAMPOOS, 06800000, for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976

g

Calls by Source:

Emergency room Physician		1		11.1%
Paraprofessional		0		
Consumer		8	夏 (4)	88.9%
Hospital	芎	0		
Not recorded		0		

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male		4									4	44.4
Female		2	1					2			5	55.6
Sex N/R												·
Total By Age		6	1					-2			9	
% of Total		66.7	11.1					22.2				100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers At Time of Call:

Condition	Medical	Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			1	5	6	66.7
Abnormal			1	2	3	33.3
Unknown			· ·			
Total by Observer			2	2 7		= 9
% of Total			22.2	77.8		

Management:

Other

Failure Total

	7		1 0 5 1 0	77.8% 14.3% 71.4% 14.3%
	1			11.1%
2/ (4)	1	ន	1 1 0 0	11.1% 100.0% 100.0%
	0			
*	0			
		1 1	0	

274 "

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply		1 1 0 0	50.0% 50.0%
Treatment: None Demulcents		1	50.0%
Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal Cathartics Antidotes Other Unknown		0 0 0 0 0	50.0%
Disposition: Sent home Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital Agency referral Unknown Other	H	2 0 0 0 0	100.0%

Place Where Incident Occurred:	Rug 8	Upholstery Sha	ampoos -
Home Outdoors School Workplace Unknown Other	9 0 0 0 0		100.0%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen		4	44.4%
Dining room Living room Bathroom Bedroom		0 2 1 0	22.2% 11.1%
Family room Laundry room Basement		0 1 0 0	11.1%
Garage Unknown Other		1 0	11.1%
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:		*	
Yes No	2 7		22.2% 77.8%
Type of Container:			
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray) Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	6 0 0		66.7%
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized) Carton/box Paper wrapper Unknown Other	3 0 0 0		33.3%
Product in Original Container:			11 MI o
Yes No	3 6	9	33.3% 66.7%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased Diluted/dissolved in water Other	3 5 0		33.3% 55.6%
Unknown	1		11.1%

Cont.

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes		7		77.8%
	Type of warning:			•	
	Ingestion			0	20 69
	Eye			2	28.6%
	Skin			4	57.1%
	Keep out of reach of children			0	37.1%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		92	0	
	Do not breathe vapor Do not use with bleach			0	
	Did not use with breach			Ŏ	
	Unknown			ĭ	14.3%
	Other			Ò	
	Had patient/parent read warning				
	prior to accident:			12 ≩	85
	Yes		8	4	57.1%
	No			3	42.9%
	Other			0	1
	Unknown			0	
	No		1		11.1%
	Did not notice		0		
	Unknown		1		11.1%
	Other	556 5	0 =		
Product	Status at Time of Incident: In use:		7		77.8%
	On floor		/	3	42.9%
	On sink/counter top			2	28.6%
	On table			0 =	
	On washer/dryer			0	
	Tubside/shower			0	
	Oven			0	
	Dishwasher		96	0	
	Toilet bowl			0	
	Other			2	28.6%
	w		1		11.1%
	In storage: On low shelves (<3' high)		•	0	
18	On high shelves (>3' high)			1	100.0%
	Medicine chest			r 0	
	Closet floor			0	
	Under sink			0	
	On window sill			0	
	Tubside/shower			0	
	Garbage			0	
	Other		10	0	
	Unknown		1		11.1%
	Other		0		

If More Than One Product Involved, Were	Products:
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested	
<pre><l 1="" 1-3="" 2="" 5-1="" cupful="" tablespoonsful="" teaspoonful="" teaspoonsful="">1 cupful Unknown</l></pre>	7 77.8% 2 22.2% 0 0 0 0
Type of Incident:	
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	9 100.0%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Ex	posure:
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown Other home treatment or first-ai	0 9 0 0 0
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:	ŷ.
None (no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 0 5 5 2 2 3 3 3 33.3%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None Nausea	3 0	33.3%
Abdominal pain	0	
Emesis	2	22.2%
Number of episodes:		
1		0
2		0
3 or more		2 100.0%
Diarrhea	3	33.3%
Mucosal effects:	1	11.1%

*	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	1			
Esophagus	•			·
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours 12-24 hours</pre>	4	2 1 0 0	66.7% 50.0% 25.0%
24-96 hours >96 hours		0	25.0%
If seen in emergency room or physician's office: <pre><1 hour 1-4 hours 4-12 hours</pre>	2	1 0 0	33.3% 50.0%
12-24 hours 24-96 hours >96 hours		1 0 0	50.0%

Section F

Comprehensive Study

Summary of Ingestion Exposures by Individual Product Category

Total Number of Reports in the Category STRONG ACIDS, BASES AND PRODUCTS FORMULATED FROM THEM, 00100000 for the Period February 1 - October 31, 1976 55

Calls by Source:

Emergency room	2	3.6%
Physician	0	
Paraprofessional	0	
Consumer	53	96.4%
Hospital	0	
Not recorded	0	

Breakdown of Calls by Age and Sex of Patient:

Age	Under 1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-17	18+	Age N/R	Total By Sex	% of Total
Male	2	10	3	2		1	1	1	3		23	41.8
Female	* :	12	8	4			1	2	5		32	58.2
Sex N/R				·						·		
Total By Age	2	22	11	6		1	2	3	8		-55	
% of Total	3.6	40.0	20.0	11.0		1.8	3.6	5.5	14.5		·	100.0

Patient's Condition as Reported by Observers at Time of Call:

Condition	Medical Doctor	Paraprofessional	Consumer	Total by Condition	% of Total
Normal			39	39	70.9
Abnormal	7		15	16	29.1
Unknown					
Total by Observer	1		54	Total =	= 55
% of Total	1.8		98.2	83 98	

Management:

At home: Observation only Ipecac	44	7 0	80.0% 15.9%
Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other		23 21 7 0	52.3% 47.7% 15.9%
Already in emergency room:	2		3.6%
Referred to emergency room: Notified E.R. Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral:	5	5 5 0	9.1 % 100.0% 100.0%
Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation Other		» 1 1	20.0% 20.0% 20.0%
Already in physician's office:	0		
Sent to personal physician: Notified physician Patient arrived Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral: Ipecac Demulcents	2	1 2 0 1 0	3.6% 50.0% 100.0% 50.0%
Irrigation Other	2	0	3.6%
Other			

Emergency Room and Physician Management:

Patient status: Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply	4 5 2 0	36.4% 45.5% 18.2%
Treatment: None Demulcents	-1 5	9.1% 45.5%
Lavage Emesis Activated charcoal	0 0	
Cathartics Antidotes	Ó O 5	45.5%
Other Unknown	2	18.2%
Disposition: Sent home	7	63.6%
Admitted to hospital Referred to another hospital	2	18.2%
Agency referral Unknown Other	0 2 0	18.2%

Place Where Incident Occurred:

Flace where incluent occurred.			
Home Outdoors School Workplace	51 3 0 0		92.7% 5.5%
Unknown Other	0	# ##	1.8%
If in Home, Room:			
Kitchen		26	51.0%
Dining room Living room		0 1	2.0%
Bathroom		21	41.2%
Bedroom		0	
Family room Laundry room	•	0 0	
Basement		ĭ	2.0%
Garage		0	
Unknown	- M	2 0	3.9%
Other		U	
Patient Seen in Emergency Room:			
Yes	9		16.4%
No	46		83.6%
Type of Container:			
Down out bottle/con	26		47.3%
Pour-out bottle/can Squeeze bottle (non-spray)	8		14.5%
Spray bottle/can (non-pressurized)	0		
Aerosol spray bottle/can (pressurized)	12 7		21.8% 12.7%
Carton/box	0		16.7/0
Paper wrapper . Unknown	i		1.8%
Other	1	55	1.8%
Product in Original Container:			
Yes	20		36.4%
No	35		63.6%
Condition of Product:			
As purchased	32 21		58.2%
Diluted/dissolved in water			38.2%
Other	1		1.8% 1.8%
Unknown	ı		1 • 0/0

Warning Label on Product:

	Yes	45		81.8%
	Type of warning:			
	Ingestion		41	91.1%
	Eye		41	91.1%
	Skin		33	73.3%
	Keep out of reach of children		-36	80.0%
	Do not use with toilet bowl cleaners		0	
	Do not breathe vapor		4	8.9%
	Do not use with bleach		6	13.3%
	Did not notice		0	
	Unknown		2	4.4%
	Other		0	
	Had patient/parent read warning			
	prior to accident:	295	25	55.6%
	Yes		20	44.4%
	No			47.4/0
	Other		, O O	
	Unknown	7	U	7 0%
	No	1		1.8%
	Did not notice	3		5.5%
	Unknown	6		10.9%
	Other	0	a	
	In use: On floor On sink/counter top On table	47	4 17 2	85.5% 8.5% 36.2% 4.3%
			0	4.3/
	On washer/dryer	La.	1	2.1%
	Tubside/shower		5	10.6%
	Oven		0	10.0%
	Dishwasher	9.5	9	19.1%
	Toilet bowl		9	19.1%
	Other		9	19.1/0
	3 7 2 m	7		12.7%
	In storage:	/		12.7/0
	On low shelves (<3' high)		0	14.3%
	On high shelves (>3' high)		. 1	14.3%
	Medicine chest		1	14.3%
	Closet floor		0	42.9%
	Under sink		3 0	42.3%
	On window sill		U	
	Tubside/shower		- 0 2	20 69
	Garbage		0	28.6%
	Other		U	
=	9	_		e
	Unknown	1		1.8%
	Other	0		

Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them - Cont.

If More Than One Product Involved, Were Products:		ø	
Separate Mixed Unknown Other	0 0 0 0		
Estimate of Amount of Material Ingested:			
<pre>teaspoonful 1-3 teaspoonsful 1-3 tablespoonsful 1/5-1/2 cupful >1 cupful Unknown</pre>	47 8 0 0 0	ě ě	85.5% 14.5%
Type of Incident:			
Accidental - self inflicted Inflicted by another person	5 4 1		98.2% 1.8%
Type of Initial Treatment Given After Exposure:		•-	
None Gave water or milk Gave an emetic Unknown	1 50 0 0 8		1.8% 90.9%
Other home treatment or first-aid	ŏ		14.5%
Basis for Initial Treatment Given:		20	
None(no specific reason) Information on product label Advice from poison control center Advice from physician Personal judgement Advice from non-professional Unknown Other	0 14 25 1 21 0 0	N.	25.5% 45.5% 1.8% 38.2%

Effects of Incident Experienced by Patient:

None	39		70.9%
Nausea	0		
Abdominal pain	0		
Emesis	1		1.8%
Number of episodes:			
1		1	100.0%
2		0	
3 or more		0	
Diarrhea	0		
Mucosal effects:	15		27.3%

	Irritation	Ulceration	Sloughing	Other (Specify)
Mouth	4	8		2
Esophagus	1			
Stomach				
Other (Specify)				. 1

Time Required for Symptoms to Subside:

If managed at home:		9			56.3%
l hour				1	11.1%
1-4 hours	-			1	11.1%
4-12 hours				3	33.3%
12-24 hours				1	11.1%
24-96 hours			2	2	22.2%
>96 hours				1	11.1%
If seen in emergency room o	r				
physician's office:		7		59. _	43.8%
<1 hour				0	
1-4 hours				0	
4-12 hours				1	14.3%
12-24 hours				0	
24-96 hours				1	14.3%
>96 hours				5	71.4%

TABLE F-1

Frequency of Calls by Agent and Time Block at Which Symptoms Subsided

Symptoms Subsided at (Hours)

Code	Initial Call	1	4	12	24	¥ 96	>96	Total Frequency	%	Substance
0100000	2,1*	v			1			55	100.0	Strong Acids, Bases and Products Formulated From Them Hydrochloric Acid
00100300 00100400	4 2 4 4				•	1		5 2 4 4	9.3 1.9 7.4 7.4	Phosphoric Acid Other Mineral Acids Sani-Flush Vanish
00100500 00100600 00100700	7	2		1				8	14.8	Dip It Other Organic Acids Oxalic Acid Sulphuric Acid
00100800	1 2 7		1]*	1,2*	7	1.9 1.9	Schwerters Silver Crea Krome Kleen Sodium Hydroxide Drano
	7	1		1,1*		7	3*	8 3 3 1	14.8 6.6 6.6 1.9	Mr. Muscle Easy Off Oven Cleaner Lewis Lye Dow Oven Cleaner Vulcan Anhydrans
0100900] * 		h.					; 1 1	1.9	Lye Plunge Sodium Carbonate Vanish

^{*} Cases seen in emergency rooms or physician's offices.

APPENDIX A

Intermountain Regional Poison Control Center Report Form

INTERMOUNTAIN REGIONAL POISON CONTROL CENTER POISONING REPORT

Report No2-	7 Time MILITARY	8-11 Date	MO DAY		12-17
	PART A PERSON FILLING OUT	REPORT	9		
Name			- Personnel Code		18-2
	INFORMATION REQ	UEST			
(code) Code) Code 22-24 Physician	Para Professional	Consumer	O Hospital O (Non-E.R. cond	code) 22-24 cerning in-patient,	21
Person Requesting Information		Tele	ephone	a situa ya ya	
Address:		/So.)	(Ea./We.)		
City:	State:	O O O O ID	O O O NV MT WY	Other:	25
If Information	n: Orug Administra 1 2 MODE OF EXPOSUR	. 3	Toxicology	O Veterinary	27
O Ingestion O Inhalation O 3	Percutaneous Ocula	r C Envenor	nation Other:		28
	* TYPE OF EXPOSURE	E			
O Accidental O Suicidal O 3	Environmental Drug 4 VICTIM	Abuse Other:			29
Name Age	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	. 32 Weight	11	C 3 emale Unknown	33
Address: Same as above Other:	Street	City	State	Telephone	-
me	SUBSTANCE				
Nufacturer					
ssification Codes	3			-	
34-41 2		42-49			
		Ingredients			

Time since ingestion or Exposure —

Amount Involved -

	Non-toxic Agent Toxic Agent —— Toxicity of Agent U				3 Amo	ount expected to	produce	mild to moderate effects serious effects hild to moderate effects	
	☐ 4 Unknown Agent 50					ount unknown, and			
	•		SAF	ETY PACKA					
		Substance	e in safety closure:	○ Yes	○ No	Unknown	O Does	s not apply 52	
	. 1	f yes, was safe	ety closure secured?	53 O Yes	O No	Unknown	53	to a rediceration and	
			PRE	SENT COND	ITION	3			
	O Normal O Abn	ormal Our	nknown 54	Observed	by:	M.D. Para	a profess	sional Consumer	55
NSTI	TUTIONAL	EARS		RESPIR	RATORY		F	PSYCHIATRIC	
0	Abnormal temperature	33 ()	Tinnitus	61		breathing		89 Abnormal mood o	r behavior
Ö	Abnormal sweating	34 💍	Other	Ü	62	Shortness of bre		(describe)	
C	Abnormal fluid balance	NOSE			63 🔾	Decreased respirate/apnea	iratory	90 (Hallucinations	
	4 O Dehydration 5 Acidosis	35 🔾	Inflammed nasal muc	osa	64 (Hyperpnea (dee	an.	(describe) 91 (Other	
	6 Alkalosis	36 () THROAT	Other		04)	respiration)		IEMATOLOGICAL	
	7 Other		Dry mouth		65 (Other		92 Anemia	
0	Other	37 () 38 ()	Excessive salivation	66 🔘	Cough			93 💍 Signs of abnorma	l bleeding
N		39	Inflammed oral muco	sa 67 🔾		al breath sounds		94 Other	
0	Skin discoloration	40 🔘	Burns in the mouth		68 (Rales		SENITOURINARY	
	10 Pallor	41 🔘	Pain in mouth or throa	at	69 () 70 ()	Wheezing Other		95 Dysuria (pain on t	urination)
	11 C Erythema 12 Cyanosis	42 🔾	Difficulty swallowing	71 (ry infiltrate		96 Urinary retention 97 Oliquria/anuria	
	13 Jaundice	43	Metallic taste in mout	n C	on x-ray	.,		97 Oliguria/anuria 98 Increased amoun	t of urine
	14 Other	44 ()	Other	72 🔘	Other			99 Other	t or armo
0	Skin burns	45 (INTESTINAL Anorexia	NEURO	LOGICAL		٨	MUSCULOSKELETAL	
Ô	Skin rash (describe)	46	Nausea vomiting	73 🔘				100 Weakness or fati	gability
0	Abnormal skin texture	47	Abnormal vomitus	•	-	Stupor or letharg	V	101 Muscle tremors of	-
	18 Hot dry	O	48 Pills noted	70		Coma 1, 2, 3, 4		fasciculation	
	19 Cold clammy 20 Other		49 🔘 Bloody	76 (Restlessness or		102 () Muscle spasms 103 () Pains	.)
7	Abnormal hair or fingernail	s 54 O	50 Other			irritability		104 Other	
	(describe)	51 () 52 ()	Abdominal pain Diarrhea			Seizures			
0	Other	53	Abnormal stools	79 🔾	Abnorma				
S		30 0	54 (Bloody		80 (Decreased or ab	sent		
Õ	Abnormal vision		55 Other		81	DTR's Increased DTR's	clonus		
0	Abnormal eye findings	56 🔾	Other		~	Other	0.0		
	25 Pinpoint pupils 26 Dilated pupils	CARDIOV	ASCULAR	83 ()	Headach			*	
	27 Other	57 🔘	Abnormal heart rate	84 🔘	Abnorma	I sensory findings	S		
0	Stinging or burning eyes	0	(describe)	0	(describe	.*			
Ŏ	Corneal burn or damage	58	Abnormal heart rhythr	n 85 🔾	Abnorma				
0	Conjunctival or scleral	59 ((describe) Abnormal blood press	sure 86 ((describe	notor coordination	on		
	injection	33	(describe)	sure 50 C	(describe		•		
	Papilledema	60 (Other	87 🔾	Dizziness				
0	Other	0		88 💍	Other				
			INFORMATIO	ON SOURCE	CONSULT	ED			
		9.13.4				Textboo	ke (○ Voc ○ No	
	Files: PCC Index card	available for s	pecific agents:				ns. (Yes No 62	
	○ Yes ○ No	O Does no	ot apply 56			If yes:			
	2	3 2 4 4 4			O Driesba	ich		Lampe & Fagerstrom	
	O PCC index card us	and sa			Gleasor		\sim	Arena & Hardin (plant)	
	PCC select file 58				\subseteq	ar. & Gilman		Browning-Solvents	
	PCC select file 5				Arena		Ŏ	Browning-Metals	
	57-59		*		O PDR		\subseteq	Sax-Chemicals	
	Poisindex — Product A	vailable:			\sim	andbook	\sim	Pesticide Handbook	
	○ Yes ○ No		ot apply 60		○ Avon Pr	oducts Books Jry	$\stackrel{\smile}{\sim}$	Grant Other	
	1	3	Haras and		63-70	•	\circ	71-78	
	NCPCC Terminal — Pr		TO COMPLETE SHE SHOULD ARREST TO						
	O Yes O No	O Does not a	apply O Not opera	tive 61				,	
	. 2	3	4 0	ONSULTANT	Other	Source(s) Used:			

O Housestaff .

	MANAGEMENT	
Observation Only 16 Observation Only 16 Operation Only 16 Operatio	Referred to E.R. (code) 13-15 Sent to personal physician Notified E.R. — Physician Vicţim arrived (complete Part B) Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral 25-28 Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation 29-32 Other	Already in E.R. (code) 13-15 Already in M.D. office 5 (Complete part B) Other (explain)
Asymptomatic X-ray Symptomatic Norn Unknown Abne	Unknown Does not apply 35 conc.	PART B EMERGENCY ROOM MANAGEMENT Disposition 1 Sent home 2 Admitted to hospital (code) Pt. No

PART C AT HOME IPECAC STUDY PROTOCOL Induction of Emesis Caller sent to pharmacy O Ipecac in the home Contraindications to emesis absent Dose explained Ipecac obtained from pharmacy 58 15 ml ◯ 30 ml Name: Fluid Intake (8 oz.) explained Address: 52-56 Phone . **FOLLOW UP** At 4 hour follow-up: At 30 minute call: No Unknown No Unknown Did the victim exhibit any symptoms Did caller follow 0 from ingestion? 60 instructions? 2 3 Did the victim exhibit any compli-Did emesis occur? 61 0 10 cations from the Ipecac-induced 0-15 minutes emesis? 15-30 minutes 13 Other 11 Aspiration 63 12 Prolonged vomiting14 Unknown Additional ipecac advised Unknown Yes No Was additional medical care sought by caller without advice of PCC? 65 0 60 minute call made 16 PCC call 19 O Hospitalized 20 Other 21 Unknown 66 Caller followed instructions 17 (Physician 18 () E.R. 67 Emesis occurred At 24 hour follow-up: 68 30-45 minutes 69 45-60 minutes No Unk Dna Yes 70 Emesis failure Did the victim still present symptoms reported during the 4-hr. follow-up? 71 Referred care (Complete management Did the victim present symptoms at 24 hrs. not section above) previously reported? 72 Observed at home Did the victim present other symptoms at the 4-hr. 73 \to 4 hour call made follow-up? **PCC Code** The victim did not present other symptoms at the 4-hr. follow-up? Date. .Time 77 () 24 hour call made Were additional complications reported at 24 hrs. PCC Code not previously reported? Did the victim seek additional medical care, not Time Date previously reported? 23-28 30-31 Supervisor Number of Omissions 27-29 Evaluation 32-33 Supervisor's Number Number of Mistakes 34-35 incomplete Accurate History Number of Incorrect Assessments If inaccurate, explain: Unsatisfactory Does not apply Satisfactory Use of standard information resources: If unsatisfactory, explain: Does not apply Consultation appropriately obtained: If no, explain: Does not apply Appropriate management: If no, explain: Unable to assess Does not apply Acceptable Unacceptable Phone management: If unacceptable, explain: Unable to assess. Unacceptable Does not apply Acceptable Interaction with medical staff: If unacceptable, explain:

APPENDIX B

Instructions for PCC Report Form

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PCC REPORT FORM

Date MO	DAY YEAF			1	: .#
The month, Zeros preceding applicable. Exa	the numbers	should be place can be deleted , 1974:	for both t	appropriate the month and 1 7 4 DAY YEAR	oxes. day when
Time MILITARY	•		•		
Time shoul which is one minight.	d be entered nute after mi	in military ti dnight and goe	me. Milita s to 2400 w	ry time star hich is exac	ts at 0001, tly 12 mid-
•	1	PART A PERSON FILLING OUT	REPORT		
	(45)				
Name				- Personnel Code	
		2			
The name o	f the staff mentered. Per	member handling	the call a	is well as hi	s personnel
		INFORMATION REQ			
(code)	graphic and a second of the se			(code)
	Ο.	0	0	O Hospital	22-24
Emergency Room	Physician	Para Professional	Consumer	(Non-E.R. con	cerning in-patient)
It is antifrom one of the and not necessal emergency room, from his home, etc., it is list only, are very responsible for that information	above source rily the call it is listed from his car ted as a phys narrowly defi	ler. If a doct I as an emergen telephone, fro sician call. P ined. Anyone w the individual	ory refers or, nurse of cy room rec m a phone l ara-profess ho is a nor or who wi	or anyone cal quest. If an cooth, from h sionals, for n-M.D. who wi	n or the call ls from an M.D. calls is office, the report for ll be directly ly relating

includes medexes, paramedics, nurses, ambulance drivers, and veterinarians. DO NOT include pharmacists, occupational therapists, psychologists, dentists,

crisis workers, et al. These individuals should all be classified as consumers, as would everyone else that does not fit the criteria of physician or para-professional. Hospital, non-E.R. concerning inpatient: should be checked when a call originates from a recognized hospital concerning one of their inpatients.

Physician's clinics do not rate hospital status.

Person Requesting Information	,	Telephone	
Address:	(No./So.)	(Ea./We.)———
City:	tate: UT CO	O O O O	Y Other:

The name of the caller, their telephone number and their address should be entered (not necessarily the address of the victim). The city or origin of the call should be written in the space provided, SLC is the only acceptable abbreviation. The appropriate state corresponding to the city must also be checked. If the individual will not give part or all of this information, the word "unknown" should be written in the appropriate spaces.

TYPE OF CALL

O Poisoning (R	
		If Information:	O Drug	Administrative	Medical	○ Toxicology	O Veterinary

This section represents the first major assessment to be made on the report form. The Poison Center staff must identify whether this is a poisoning call or an information call. This distinction will sometimes not be glaringly apparent. Generally, the category for informational calls is appropriately checked when there is a question without the involvement of a victim or the involvement of a victim without exposure to a toxic substance. An example of an information call without a victim would be a call regarding the ediblness of food prior to its ingestion. Calls seeking information following food ingestions in which the ingestee is asymptomatic are also considered information calls. For example, the caller states that her son ate some tuna fish that smelled bad but he shows no symptoms, would be considered an information call. However, if stomach pains or other symptoms were present, the same call would be classified as a poisoning. Once the information category is checked, then an assessment of the type of information call must also be made using the following definitions:

- <u>Drug</u>: Drug information refers to any information given about the indication, contraindication, side effects, or adverse effect, etc. of a drug.
- Administrative: Administrative information includes all calls requiring technical information originating from a lawyer, newsman, police officer, etc. Also included are calls concerning lectures, tours, the operation of the poison control center, etc.
- <u>Medical</u>: Medical information refers to medical problems not related to a toxic phenomenon, such as the ingestion of money, allergic reactions, dog bites, human bites, trauma, etc. The Poison Control Center staff may provide first aid information, but the problem is really not related to toxicity.
- Toxicology: Toxicology information refers to information related to toxic substances and usually concerning the prevention of poisoning. An example would be someone calling to find out how long they must wait before they can re-enter a room after it has been fumigated.

Another example would be someone calling for information on the toxicity of various plants in their yard or any information not directly involving a victim, but involving a toxin.

Veterinary: Veterinary information refers to any poisoning or information request concerning an animal. Whether the call orginates from a consumer or veterinarian is of no concern for this classification. In any event, once information is checked and one of the categories below it, then the report is essentially complete, with the exception of identifying the references used and a brief summary of the problem.

Poisoning refers to any call received where there is a victim and an exposure to an agent or substance of known or unknown toxicity. Calls originating from physicians wherein they request "information" about the toxicology of an agent or information on management, etc. IS A POISONING and should be categorized accordingly. Venomous insect stings such as bees and wasps are poisoning problems.

MODE OF EXPOSURE

O Ingestion O Inhalation	O Percutaneous O Ocular	○ Envenomation ○ Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
This category is fresponse per report for		There should only be one	

TYPE OF EXPOSURE

		the second of the second			
Accidental	O Suicidal	Environmental	0	Drug Abuse	Other:
	72	AT MORNEY THE TO MOVED A MINE	of Carry		

In most cases the type of poisoning is quite distinct. However, there are some calls where the type of intoxication is not clear. The following definitions should clarify some of these problems:

- Accidental: Accidental poisonings include any purposeful action that results in a poisoning or potential poisoning where the individual involved was unaware of the potential toxicity. Obviously children, under the age of six, who ingest almost anything would be considered accidental poisonings as would an adult who unknowingly ingests a toxic agent.
- <u>Suicidal</u>: Suicidal poisonings refer to any purposeful action directed at self-destruction where the individual is not attempting to gain a high or other euphroic effect.
- Environmental: Environmental poisoning refers to an exposure where the individual, under normal circumstances, becomes intoxicated or potentially intoxicated due to an unknown toxin in the environment. Many chronic heavy metal poisonings are environmental, as are pesticide poisonings where the individual was unknowingly exposed.
- <u>Drug Abuse</u>: Drug abuse refers to any purposeful action that results in the misuse of an agent for other than self-destructive reasons.
- Other: Any other type of intoxication that does not fit into one of the above categories.

VICTIM
Age O mo. O yr. Weight Sex Male Female Unknown;
Name
Address: Same as above Other: Street City State
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
The above is self-explanatoryage and sex must definitely be entered even for ocular intoxication.
Name SUBSTANCE
Manufacturer ———————————————————————————————————
Classification Codes Ingredients:
1 42-49
Time since ingestion or Exposure
Amount involved
Name: The toxic substance should be entered one letter in each box with spaces left between words. If the toxic substance is unknown, that word should be printed in the space provided. If the ingestion involves multiple agents, the words "multiple agents" should be entered.
Manufacturer: The manufacturer should be entered one letter per box, when the manufacturer is unknown, that should be entered and when the appropriate response is "does not apply" that should also be entered.
Classification Code: The most appropriate classification code(s) should be entered one number per box. This is not currently being done by the student.
Amount Involved: The amount involved should be entered as the most accurate amount obtainable by history. In all instances when the amount is not clear it should be the maximum that could have reasonably been ingested.
Time Since Ingestion or Exposure: This should be self-explanatory.
ASSESSMENT OF TOXICITY O Non-toxic Agent O Toxic Agent O Toxic Agent O Toxicity of Agent Unknown O Unknown Agent Assessment of Toxicity of Agent Unknown O Unknown Agent O Non-toxic Agent O Amount insignificant, no symptoms expected O Amount insignificant, no symptoms expected O Amount expected to produce mild to moderate effects O Amount unknown, expected mild to moderate effects O Amount unknown, anticipate serious effects

At this point two assessments must be made. First, an assessment of the agent itself must be made, irrespective of the history. If the agent, in

normally available quantities can be expected to produce either local or systemic toxicity, then without question it is a toxic agent. Non-toxic agents are those substances that in normally available amounts will produce little more than mechanical problems. Some examples of non-toxic agents include: water, lawn seed, food, edible plants, glycerin, etc. Some examples of toxic agents include: table salt, most medications, and most chemicals.

is assessed to be either toxic or the toxicity of the agent

	ie unknown ti	gent is assessed to be hen an assessment of t e of the categories li	the overall ingestion must isted.	be made and
		SAFE	ETY PACKAGING	
		Substance in safety closure:	O Yes O No O Unknown O !	Does not apply
		Substance in salety discuss		
	If y	yes, was safety closure secured?	Yes No Unknown	
	required by 1 to bites, foo	aw to be in safety clo	tory. It applies to all agosures. The response "does ental exposures, OTC medications in a safety closured ther it was properly secured	tions, laundry container, then
		PRESE	NT CONDITION	
	O Normal Abnorma		Observed by: M.D. Para profe	
	54		RESPIRATORY	PSYCHIATRIC
T	UTIONAL	EARS	61 Oifficulty breathing	89 Abnormal mood or behavior
	Abnormal temperature	33 C Tinnitus	62 Shortness of breath	(describe)
	Abnormal sweating	34 Other	63 Oecreased respiratory	90 Hallucinations
	Abnormal fluid balance	NOSE	rate/apnea	(describe)
	4 O Dehydration	35 Inflammed nasal mucosa	Out () Hyperbrise (
	5 Acidosis	36 Other	respiration)	HEMATOLOGICAL 92 Anemia
	6 Alkalosis	THROAT	65 Other	92 Anemia 93 Signs of abnormal bleedin
80.	7 Other	37 Ory mouth 38 Excessive salivation	66 Cough	94 Other
1	Other	S . nd and mucoca	67 Abnormal breath sounds	GENITOURINARY
0	m	O a strangeth	×	95 O Dysuria (pain on urination
	Skin discoloration	O nete to mouth or throat	69 Wheezing 70 Other	96 Urinary retention
	10 Pallor	41 O Pain in modified trifficate 42 O Difficulty swallowing	71 Pulmonary infiltrate	97 Oliquria/anuria
	11 Cyanosis	43 Metallic taste in mouth	on x-ray	98 Increased amount of urin
	12 Cyanosis 13 Jaundice	44 Other	72 Other	99 Other
	14 Other	GASTROINTESTINAL	NEUROLOGICAL	MUSCULOSKELETAL
`	Skin burns			100 Weakness or fatigability
3	Skin rash (describe)	45 Anorexia 46 Nausea vomiting	73 CNS depression 74 Stupor or lethargy	101 Muscle tremors or
1	Abnormal skin texture	47 Abnormal vomitus	75 Coma 1, 2, 3, 4	fasciculation
	18 (Hot dry	48 Pills noted	76 CNS stimulation	102 Muscle spasms
	19 Oold clammy	49 Bloody	77 Restlessness or	103 Pains
	20 Other	50 Other	irritability	104 Other
0	Abnormal hair or fingernails	51 Abdominal pain	78 C Seizures	

Abnormal vision Abnormal eye findings 25 (7) Pinpoint pupils 26 (Dilated pupils

27 () Other Stinging or burning eyes Corneal burn or damage Conjunctival or scleral miection

Papilledema Other

(describe)

Other

56 Other CARDIOVASCULAR

57 () Abnormal heart rate (describe)

Diarrhea

55 🔾

Abnormal stools

54 O Bloody

Other

58 Abnormal heart rhythm (describe)

Abnormal blood pressure (describe) 60 Other

78 () Seizures 79 Abnormal reflexes

80 O Decreased or absent DTR's Increased DTR's clonus

82 Other Headache

Abnormal sensory findings (describe)

Abnormal speech 85 (describe)

Impaired motor coordination 86 🔘 (describe)

Dizziness 87 Other

This is self-explanatory. If the individual is normal or the present condition is unknown, then an appropriate response as to who made the observation must be made. In the "observed by" category, emergency rooms and hospitals are collapsed and the same definitions as previously stated hold. Example: If the call originated from a nurse in an E.R. then the person observing the symptoms would be para-professional. If an abnormal condition is present, a further determination regarding symptoms must be made and appropriate responses checked.

	INFURMATION SOU	HCE CONSULTED	
Files: PCC Index card	available for specific agents: Does not apply	Textl	books: Yes No
PCC index card of PCC select file PCC master file 57-59 Poisindex — Product Yes No	56 used Available: Does not apply	63 Driesbach 64 Gleason 65 Goodman & Gilman 66 Arena 67 PDR 68 OTC Handbook 69 Avon Products Books 70 Kingsbury	71 Lampe & Fagerstrom 72 Arena & Hardin (plant 73 Browning-Solvents 74 Browning-Metals 75 Sax-Chemicals 76 Pesticide Handbook 77 Grant 78 Other
"PCC Index Car	is self-explanatory, howeverd Available" and "Text Book	tant	**
PCC Consulta	ant	(name) No	9-11 None

The above is self-explanatory. A response must be made in this category.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE PROBLEM

PCC Consultant _

A brief summary of the problem should contain a very brief, one sentence recap of the history including amount most likely ingested and any sumptoms presented by the patient. The assessment of the toxicity of the agent and the assessment of the overall toxicity of the ingestion should be included as well as the symptoms that would be expected, i.e., either mild, moderate or severe and finally a brief summary of the management instructions. (See handout for a more detailed explanation and examples.)

Information calls should include a brief summary of the information that was relayed to the individual.

	MANAGEMENT	an in the street of the street	· pi
Management at home	Referred to E.R. (code) 13-15	Already in E.R. Complete Part B) (code) 13-15	
Accessed to the contract of th	Sent to personal physician	Already in M.D.'s office (Complete part B)	
Observation Only Ipecac (complete Part C) Demulcents Dilution Irrigation Other	Notified E.R. — Physician Victim arrived (complete Part B) Patient did not arrive Home care prior to referral	Other (explain)	• • 10
16-20	Ipecac Demulcent Irrigation 25-32 Other		

The management must be synopsized and identified in this section, only one response in the boxed area should be marked. If the patient is managed at home then the appropriate responses below "management at home" should also be checked (more than one response may be checked). If the management includes the induction of emesis at home with PCC supervision, then Part C should also be completed (explanation to follow under that section).

If the management requires referred care then an appropriate referral would be either to an emergency (code the E.R.) or a physician. In this instance, the appropriate responses should be checked below that category. In any event the Poison Center staff should always notify either the E.R. or physician of the problem. The staff should them follow-up to determine if the victim has followed instructions and arrived at the place of referral. Once the patient has arrived, then Part B should be completed. If home care is given prior to a referral then an appropriate response below that section should also be checked.

If the victim is already in an emergency room (code the appropriate E.R.) then Part B should also be completed. If some other management than the above is prescribed, the "other" response should be checked and an explanation given.

Patient Status	Lab Work Obtained 35 No Yes University	known O Does not apply		PART B EMERGENCY ROOM MANAGEMENT
Asymptomatic O. Symptomatic Unknown Does not apply Treatment None Demulcents Lavage Emesis Activated charcoa Cathartics Antidotes (na	X-ray Normal Abnormal Unknown 36-44	Blood Levels Normal Abnormal Unknown Other Supportive Measures Instituted Yes No Unknown 45 Does not apply Response to Therapy Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Unknown 46 Does not apply	47	Disposition Sent home Admitted to hospital Pt. No. Referred to another hospital 48-50 (code) Agency referral Unknown Other (explain) Psychiatric Consultation Yes No Unknown Does not apply

The above section should be completed any time a victim is under emergency room or physician care. This definitely requires follow-up on the part of the Poison Center staff.

- Patient Status: As assessment of the status of the patient on arrival at the facility should be made and the appropriate response checked.

 Only one response should be made.
- Supportive Measures Instituted: This refers to life sustaining support and includes: ventilation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, I.V. fluids, termination of seizures, etc. Only one response should be made.

Treatment: Check the most appropriate response(s).

- Response to Therapy: Refers to response to any treatment given and is self-explanatory. Only one response should be made.
- Lab Work Obtained: Should be self-explanatory. More than one response may be used. If abnormal is checked, state how it is abnormal.
- <u>Disposition</u>: The determination of this category may require a considerable delay in completing (4-8 hours) and refers to the disposition from the emergency room. Only one response should be made.
- Psychiatric Consultation Obtained: Should be self-explanatory. Only one response should be made. Unknown should be checked only when the information is unobtainable.

	PART C					
AT HOME IPECAC STUDY PROTOCOL						
	Induction of Emesis					
Contraindications to emesis absent Dose explained 15 ml 30 ml Fluid Intake (8 oz.) explained	O Ipecac in the home 57 O Ipecac obtained from pharmacy 58 Name: Address:					
333	Phone					
	FOLLOW UP					
59 At 30 minute call:	At 4 hour follow-up:					
Yes No Unknown	Yes No Unknown					
Did caller follow instructions? Did emesis occur?	Did the victim exhibit any symptoms from ingestion? Did the victim exhibit any complications from the Ipecac-induced emesis?					
63	Yes No Unknown Was additional medical care sought					
 ○ 60 minute call made ○ Caller followed instructions ○ Emesis occurred ○ 30-45 minutes ○ 45-60 minutes 	by caller without advice of PCC? PCC call Hospitalized nown Physician Other E.R. Unknown 16-21 At 24 hour follow-up:					
Emesis failure Referred care	22 Yes No Unk Dna Did the victim still present symptoms reported during the 4-hr. follow-up?					
(Complete management section above) 65-72 Observed at home	Did the victim present symptoms at 24 hrs not previously reported?					
4 hour call made PCC Code 74-76	Did the victim present other symptoms at the 4-hr follow-up?					
DateTime	The victim did not present other symptoms at the 4-hr. follow-up?					
O 24 hour call made PCC Code 778-80	O O Q Were additional complications reported at 24 hrs not previously reported?					
DateTime	Did the victim seek additional medical care, not previously reported? 23:28					

The section above should be completed anytime the Poison Center staff manages a patient with the induction of emesis at home after first consulting the guidelines of the "ipecac procedure".

The Poison Center staff should ascertain that there are no contraindications to the induction of emesis, explain the procedure to the caller including the appropriate dose and fluid intake. While doing this, the staff member should check the appropriate boxes as a reminder. Then the source of ipecac must be defined and an appropriate response made. If the caller does not have ipecac in the home, the caller should be sent to the appropriate pharmacy. The pharmacy should be contacted by the Poison Center and that information should be noted on the form.

- Follow-Up: The ipecac follow-up will be in effect for at least 24 hours.

 This means that the individual initiating the ipecac protocol will probably not be the individual to complete the protocol.
- 30 Minute Call: Approximately 30 minutes after the ipecac procedure is initiated (may be longer if the ipecac must be obtained from a pharmacy) a call should be made to the victim (or their guardian) to assure that the Poison Center instructions were followed and whether emesis has occurred. If emesis has occurred, note and check the appropriate time slot.
- 60 Minute Call: If emesis has not occurred then additional ipecac should be given (as per PCC protocol) and another call made in another 30 minutes (60 minute call). At this time it should again be ascertained if the Poison Center instructions were followed and if emesis has occurred. If emesis has occurred, note and check the appropriate time slot.
- 4 Hour Call: At an appropriate time (2-12 hours) after the induction of emesis a "4-hour" call should be made and the appropriate response to the questions should be checked. If the appropriate response to any question is "yes" then a written (brief) explanation should be entered on the form.
- 24 Hour Call: Approximately 24 hours after the induction of emesis a final follow-up call should be made and the appropriate response to the question should be checked. If the answer again is "yes" an explanation should be entered on the form. The first question applies to symptoms reported at 4 hours post ingestion. If no symptoms were reported at this time, DNA (does not apply) is the appropriate response. Question two concerns new symptoms. If it it answered "yes", then either question 3 or 4 must be marked. The correct circle is determined by reviewing the symptoms reported at 4 hours; if present, mark #3, if absent, #4. Question five refers to emesis related problems not reported at the 4 hour follow-up. Question six is self explanatory.

Supervisor Evaluation: The purpose of this section is twofold: to provide a standardized mechanism for student evaluation and secondly, to provide feedback for student use. Because students are used in the operation of the Center, it is important that their performance be closely monitored while in the Center, functioning as one of its representatives. It is hoped that involvement in our program will provide a unique learning and growth experience. Thus, student evaluations will be used in a constructive manner to help them achieve a high level of confidence in the area of poisoning management. Supervisor evaluations as well as pointing out the need for supplemental learning experiences for students with demonstrated deficiences in one or more areas. Day to day report form evaluations represent only one form of student evaluations. However, their value must never be devalued. They provide the only continuous source of feedback and thus play an essential role in our teaching and evaluation program.

•					
An omission is defined as the area. The supervisor counts the and records that number. Note, a related to follow-up calls when t shift. Similarly, if ipecac is n treatment is not given, information omission. In those cases where checked and a 10% screened area e	number studen hose ca ot admi on miss	t is national term in the state of the state	ot respondermally occupied at home those seems the 30%	sible for omcur after he e or emergenections is no screened are	issions goes off cy room t considered a has been
CASS	D DACKA	SING			
Substance in safety closure:	○ Yes	○ No	Unknown	O Does not apply	/
if yes, was safety closure secured? 53	O Yes	○ No	Unknown		8
one or more of the items in the lomission will be recorded.	10% scr	eened a	area must	be checked o	er an
Number of Mistakes					
Mistakes refer to those screpresent and assessment is not intagain records the total number of	Aotaea	(e.g.,	here inco manufact	rrect information in the state of the state	ation is supervisor
Number of Incorrect Assessments				-f the prob	lem where

Assessments refer to those points in the handling of the problem where students make decisions affecting management of the case. There are four points of assessment: 1) Type of call, i.e., poisoning or information, 2) mode of intoxication, i.e., ingestion, inhalation, percutaneous, ocular, envenomation or other, 3) type of intoxication, i.e., accidental, suicidal, environmental, drug abuse and other, and 4) assessment of toxicity. Note that two assessments are required in the assessment of toxicity: 1) the toxicity of the agent and 2) symptomology or related effects. The supervisor records the total number of incorrect assessments (not to exceed 5).

M. Any call from an attorney or law enforcement official where technical information is requested.

Yes should be checked when one of the above conditions is in effect and the student appropriately seeks supervisory consultation. Conversely, when one of the above conditions is in effect and the student fails to obtain consultation, no should be checked. When none of the above conditions is in effect and the student does not obtain consultation, the does not apply response should be checked.

Appropriate management: Yes No Does not apply
If no, explain:

Three sections of the report form deal with management: 1) the management section, 2) emergency room management and 3) induction of emesis. When the type of management selected by the student is appropriate to the problem, the yes response should be checked. If management in any of the above sections is inappropriate (e.g., advising ipecac with a drowsy victim), the no response should be checked. When no management is involved (e.g., most information calls) the does not apply response is appropriate. Note that management sections are the primary sources of liability for us. Thus, it is in our best interest to evaluate these sections effectively.

Phone management: Acceptable Unacceptable Does not apply Unable to assess If unacceptable, explain:

Although the least important category for evaluation purposes, phone management was included for those instances in which the supervisor has the opportunity to observe and listen to the student managing the call. Acceptable should be checked in those instances where the supervisor feels the management was satisfactory. Unacceptable should be checked in those instances where the caller is angered or for some other reason becomes dissatisfied with the student. Does not apply refers to cases initiated in the emergency room. Unable to assess refers to those cases where for some reason, the supervisor was not attending to the phone management.

Interaction with medical staff: Acceptable Unacceptable Does not apply Unable to assess If unacceptable, explain:

Applies when working with medical staff in our emergency room or some other setting. The categories of acceptable, unacceptable, does not apply and unable to assess are self-explanatory.

tp 2-12-75 Several forms of resource material are available in the center for aiding staff in the management of calls. In many instances, personal knowledge will be sufficient for appropriate management. However, in many cases, available materials must be used for appropriate management of the problem. Satisfactory should be checked whenever the problem has been managed in the best possible manner. However, in cases where management was merely adequate or poor as a result of the student's not researching the problem adequately, unsatisfactory may be checked. The exact number or specific resource(s) that should be used is dependent on the nature of the poisoning. Does not apply should be checked whenever the problem does not require use of information resources, e.g., many information calls would not involve information resources.

Consultation appropriately obtained: O Yes O No O Does not apply If no, explain:

The following situations require supervisory consultation by students:

- A. When a laymen, hospital, nurse or physician wants <u>treatment</u> (management) information for a serious, acute intoxication. If student is unsure about the seriousness, he or she should take a conservative approach and consult.
- B. When available information is insufficient thereby making problem assessment difficult.
- C. When a question arises concerning appropriate treatment by the University housestaff.
- D. Calls from news media sources.
- E. When the student does not understand the pathophysiology of an ingestion (intoxication).
- F. When a caller requests or information is needed from a secondary consultant, e.g., seed analyses, plant identification, etc.
- G. Highly technical calls which are obviously beyond the scope of the resources within the center, or which require a judgement with important medical, social, economic or legal implications.
- H. When the student is not sure of his or her response to the caller's request.
- I. Prior to inducing emesis.
- J. Any potentially serious ingestion.
- K. Any ingestion where the victim is directed to or presents himself at the UUMC emergency room.
- L. Any ingestion that is a potential hospital admission or actual hospital admission.

APPENDIX C

Products/Agents Included in Soap and Detergent Association Ingestion Study

PRODUCTS INCLUDED IN

SOAP AND DETERGENT ASSOCIATION INGESTION STUDY

AUTOMATIC DISHWASHING GRANULES

Calgonite
Cascade
Dishwasher All
Finish
Electrosol
Other Electric Dishwashing Detergents Without Bleach
Other Electric Dishwashing Detergents With Bleach

BAR SOAPS

Camay
Caress
Dove
Dial
Irish Spring
Ivory
Life Buoy
Lux
Palmolive
Safeguard
Woodbury
Zest
Other Bar Soaps
Liquid Hand Soaps
Powdered Hand Soaps

BLEACHES

Granular Containing Sodium Peroxide
Granular Containing Sodium Perborate
Granular Containing Sodium (Calcium) Hypochlorite
Granular Containing Other
Liquid Containing Sodium Peroxide
Liquid Containing Sodium Perborate
Liquid Containing Sodium (Calcium) Hypochlorite
Liquid Containing Other
Commercial Bleaches
Bleaches Mixed With Other Household Cleaning
Agents
Beads 'O' Bleach
Clorox
Purex

CAUSTICS

Hydrochloric Acid
Phosphoric Acid
Sulfuric Acid
Other Mineral Acids
Acetic Acid
Oxalic Acid
Other Organic Acids
Sodium Hydroxide
Sodium Carbonate
Other Mineral Hydroxides
Other Mineral Bases
Other Toilet Bowl Cleaners
Drano
Liquid Plumber

DISHWASHING LIQUIDS

Ajax
A & P
Chiffon
Dawn
Ivory Liquid
Joy
Lux
Palmolive
Swan
Thrill
Trend
Vel
Other Dishwashing Liquids

FABRIC CARE PRODUCTS

Bounce
Downy
Nu-Soft
Spray 'N Wash
Clorox - See Bleaches
Purex Bleach - See Bleaches
Other Fabric Softeners
Other Fabric Whiteners
Shoe Polish
Bluing Powder

GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENTS

All Ajax Amway Arm & Hammer Axion Biz

GRANULAR LAUNDRY DETERGENTS (Continued)

Bold Bonus Breeze Cheer Cold Power Dash Dreft Drive Duz Detergent Duz Soap Fab Gain Ivory Flakes Ivory Snow Miracle White 0xydo1 Rinso Salvo Sears Silver Dust Tide Topco Trend White Sale Other Enzyme Laundry Presoaks Detergents With Borates Other Anionic Detergents Other Low Phosphate Detergents Other Detergents with Bleaching and/or Bacterial Properties Other Non-Ionic Detergents

HOUSEHOLD CARE PRODUCTS

Ajax Cleaner Ajax With Ammonia Comet Handy Andy Janitor In A Drum Lestoil Lysol Cleaner Mr. Clean Spic & Span Top-Job Window Cleaners Ammonia Cleaner Other Granular Floor and Wall Cleaners Other Liquid Floor and Wall Cleaners Other Cleansers With Bleaching and/or Bactericidal Properties Pine-Sol Blue Boy

HOUSEHOLD CARE PRODUCTS (Continued)

Apex
Tid-E-Bowl
409 Cleaner
Sani-Blue
Other Tub and Tile Cleaners

LIQUID LAUNDRY DETERGENTS

Cold Water All
Era
Dynamo
Sears
Wisk
Other Liquid Laundry Detergents

RUG AND UPHOLSTERY SHAMPOOS

APPENDIX D

Soap and Detergent Association Consumer Product Ingestion Follow-up Form

SOAP AND DETERGENT ASSOCIATION CONSUMER PRODUCT INGESTION FOLLOW-UP (Attach to initial IRPCC Report)

I. GENERAL

Α.	Person Completing Repor	·t:		*20
В.	Case Number:	27		
c.	Relationship of Informa	nt to Patient:	2	
D.	Date of Incident: Dat	:e:	Time of Da	y:
E.	Age of Patient:	Sex of Patient:	☐ Male ☐ Female ☐ Ur	iknown
F.	Place Where Incident Oc	curred:		ī •
	☐ School ☐ Outdoors	☐ Workplace	(specify)	
	☐ Home If in home, room:	Other	(specify)	
	Kitchen	Bathroom	Laundry room	a
	☐ Dining room	☐ Bedroom	Basement	
×	☐ Living room	Family room	☐Garage	× =
	Unknown	Other	(specify)	
G.	Patient Seen in Emerger	ncy Room: No	Yes	
	E.R. Disposition	of Case:	(specify)	n
	<u>II.</u>	. INFORMATION ON I	NVOLVED PRODUCT	
Α.	Brand Name:	Тур	e of Product:	
В.	Manufacturer/Distributo	or:		3.00.0
C.	Type of Container:		× ×	34
	Pour-out bottle/c	can e	☐ Aerosol spray bo	ottle/can (pressuri:
	☐ Squeeze bottle (r	non-spray)	☐ Carton/box	
	☐ Spray bottle/can	(non-pressurized)	☐ Paper wrapper	×.
	Unknown		Other(spe	ecify)

D.	Warning Label on Product:	
	□ No □ Did Not Notice	e
	☐ Yes ☐ Unknown	Eq.
	Other	
	Type: ☐ Ingestion ☐ Eye ☐ Skin	☐ Keep out of reach of children
	Other(specify)	
	Had patient/parent read warning prior to	accident:
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Other	(specify)
Ę.	Product in Original Container: Yes	No (specify type of container)
F.	Condition of Product: As Purchased	iluted/dissolved in water
	□ Other	
G.	Product Status at Time of Incident:	
	In use:	
	On floor	☐ Tubside/shower
	☐ On sink/counter top	□ Dishwasher
	On table	☐ Toilet bowl
	On washer/dryer	☐ Oven
	In storage:	
	□ On low shelves (<3' high)	□ On window sill
	□ On high shelves (>3' high)	☐ Tubside/shower
	☐ Medicine chest	☐ Garbage
	☐ Closet floor	Other (specify)
	☐ Under sink	(Specify)
	☐ Unknown	
	Other(specify)	
Н.	If More Than One Product Involved, Were Prod	ucts:
	☐ Separate ☐ Mixed ☐ Unknown	Other

III. DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT

i. <u>I</u>	Amount of Material Ingested:								
				□ 1/2 - 1 c	☐ 1/2 - 1 cupful☐ > 1 cupful				
				□ > 1 cup1					
				Unknown	Unknown				
				_ , 0 - 0					
3.	Туре	of Incident:	☐ Accidenta	1	☐ Inflicted by Another Person				
			of Incident:		•				
	e		71						
_	7	2		4 1	*	À	<u> </u>		
						î g			
				CTS (Within 24 h	ours)				
Α.	Effe	ects of Incide	ent Experienced		- A				
		None,		Nausea	LI Abd	ominal pain	x 255		
		Emesis	*						
	# of episodes				Onset Duration Onset Duration				
				Onset					
		Mucosal Effe	cts	2 July 10	m = \$				
			Irritation	Ulceration_	Sloughing) <u>Other (</u>	specify)		
		Mouth	7777000						
		Esophagus							
	ដំរ	Stomach)						
	SITE	Other			- 11				
•	- (2)	(specify)							
		Specify	site/type	Onset Onset		ation ation			
		Эрссті	V.	PRE EMERGENCY R	OOM TREATMENT				
h	T	o of Treatme	nt Instituted:						
Α.	1.71	2	16 11130100000	Gave an emet	ic				
	<u>Ц</u>	None	on milk	Unknown					
		Gave water		rst-aid: (specify	()				
	T.	i Othon home	treatment or II	IDL GIG. (SPECI)	/				

В.	Basis for pre E. R. Treatment:							
*	☐ Information on Product Label ☐ Advice from physician ☐ Unknown ☐ Advice from Poison Control Center ☐ Advice from non-professional ☐ Personal judgment ☐ Other	_						
	(specify)							
	VI. TREATMENT	1						
A.,	If referred to E.R., attach detailed report of findings, management and final disposition.							
В.	If managed at home, time required for symptoms to subside:							
	☐ <1 hour ☐ 12-24 hours ☐ 24-96 hours ☐ >96 hours ☐ ○96 hours ☐ >96 hours ☐ ○96 hours ☐ >96 hours ☐ >							
	(specify)	-						
	VII. PROGNOSIS AT DISCHARGE							
Ä.	<u>Last Interview</u> :							
	Investigator Date							